The Bee.

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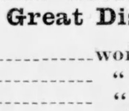

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IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Fair weather; stationary temperature in the northwest, cooler in the southwest; northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair weather, stationary temperature; winds shifting to easterly.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.: Clear and cooler; frosts possible Wednesday night; winds becoming northeasterly.

LOCAL.

Prof. Bully's arrest.
The Toledo exposition.
Labor day celebration.
As to cleaning the streets.
Junior Y. M. C. A. library.
Rate inspections at Toledo.
Gas trustees after Foster & Co.
Work of the aldermen last night.
Affairs at St. Paul's M. E. church.
Some democrats for the legislature.
Orus Jones captures a championship.
Senator Ryan a candidate for renomination.
An eastern man's account of a trip on the Hadley.
Clover Leaf road will not go into receivers' hands.

UNITED STATES.

Gossip from Findlay.
The new Perrysburg library.
More Keystone arrests made.
More parachute accidents.
A woman raids a Van Wert saloon.
Terrible suffering on a fever stricken ship.
Convicts fight for life in a Kentucky prison.
Labor day celebrations all over the country.
Ministers discuss the marriage and divorce laws.
Foraker still talking about his senatorial aspirations.
The Earl of Aberdeen sees much good in Americans.
The Manlicher fire arms discussed in Washington.
How Raum failed to unload his refrigerators on the navy.
Gen. Beatty and Capt. Lee denounce the policy of the republican party.
Republicans working every possible scheme to knock out the Kangaroo ballot law before the election.

FOREIGN.

The Kaiser at Munich.
Russian naval maneuvres.
The Candian boodlers wailing.
The hunt for Balmaceda continues.
Davitt confident of final home rule success.
Much money made on the pilgrims at Treves.
The working man to cut a figure in the coming elections.
More evidence of the friendship between France and Russia.

NEW YORK REPUBLICANS

Fassett Is In the Lead For the Governorship.

A Battle Raged Between the Leaders of the Two State Factions.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 8.—The sentiment of the delegates who have thus far arrived to attend to-morrow's republican state convention seems to be in favor of Hon. J. Sloat Fassett, collector of the port of New York, as the candidate for governor.

Ex-Senator Platt held a conference until midnight last night and there were few delegates of note who did not call to pay their respects to him. There was talk of nothing but Fassett. It seemed to be the prevailing opinion that Fassett was the coming man and one might as well have tried to change the course of the tide as to stem the tide of popular sentiment for New York's collector. Mr. Platt said, however, to all inquirers, that he had not changed his opinion regarding the availability of of ex-Minister Andrew D. White as a candidate for the gubernatorial nomination.

Ex-Senator Gibbs, whose opposition to the leadership of Mr. Platt has made him one of the best known republicans in the state, was approached by a United Press reporter on his arrival at the Powers house last night. "I am for Fassett," he said, "because he is a good man and can be elected." And then some one asked why it was that all of Mr. Platt's old-time political enemies were for Fassett.

Mr. Gibbs replied: "The party is united and determined to win. Mr. Platt is unquestionably the leader of his party. I say that from experience. I think Mr. Platt's only object is to secure the nomination of a ticket that will succeed at the polls. I think this week's convention will be one of the most harmonious in the history of the republican party of the state.

"There are some who have been lukewarm in the past who might fear that if an anti-Platt man were nominated he would be traded for the legislature. With a man like Fassett at the head of the ticket there would be no chance for such a suspicion, which would be groundless in any case."

DAMAGED BY A STORM.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 8.—A furious southeast hurricane, with vivid lightning and torrents of rain, raged here for three quarters of an hour last night. The chute and part of the staging connecting the grain elevator with the deep water wharves were blown down. The Fife built yacht Youla, one of the fastest boats belonging to the Royal Nova Scotia yacht squadron, and the schooner yacht Wenonah, owned by Commodore Edwards, were totally wrecked.

ORUS W. JONES,

Of Toledo, Wins the Y. M. C. A. State Championship for a Half Mile.

Yesterday the state Y. M. C. A 5dd day games came off at Dayton. The best athletes in the Ohio association were represented. Orus W. Jones and G. Rollins of Toledo entered for several events. Jones won a gold and a silver medal and the Y. M. C. A. championship of Ohio for a half mile run. He first entered the 440 yards dash and took second place in 54 1-5 seconds. Then with fresh men he went right into the half-mile run and came in first over seven competitors in 2:13 2-5 minutes. Rollins got second place in both the standing broad and high jumps, and was third in the 220 yards dash. Jones promises to make a second among the amateur athletes of the state. He is well put together and equally adept in all sports. He recently won the all-round championship medal offered by J. J. Freeman at the Toledo Y. M. C. A. field day.

MRS. LEWIS NOT GUILTY.

This morning Mrs. Lewis, wife of Lewis, a prisoner in the county jail awaiting trial for embezzlement, appeared at the county jail and made an appeal to see her husband, declaring that she knew nothing of the presence of the small saws in the county jail or how they came there. Sheriff Stuart took the woman over to Whitaker & Kirk's hardware store where the saws were purchased, and they stated that Mrs. Lewis was not the party who bought the saws. The sheriff allowed her to see her husband.

THE HAND OF TOIL

Will Cut a Figure in English Elections.

Workingmen to Contest For Legislative Seats

In Order to Help Make Laws In Their Own Interest.

Politicians View the Move With Alarm.

Russian Naval Manœuvres—The Pope Disturbed by the Cutting Off Of His Financial Support—Foreign Gossip.

London, Sept. 8.—The trades union congress, at New Castle, which opened yesterday, promises to have an important influence on the future course of English politics.

The large number of labor candidates for parliament, who are in training for the next general election, has already caused serious anxiety to the liberal leaders who do not favor this sort of representation and think that the workingmen ought to be satisfied to accept reforms at the hands of the liberal party.

Mr. Gladstone himself is said to feel this way, and while he does not oppose he gives no active personal encouragement to labor candidates.

Among the trades unions there is a strong feeling that workingmen should be directly represented in parliament, in order to secure desired changes in the laws, and that the liberals ought to be willing to receive the labor representatives with open arms. This subject will be fully discussed in the congress.

A St. Petersburg dispatch says the Russian naval maneuvers will be unusually interesting this year. The plan of operation is based on the assumption of a blockade of the gulf of Finland by an enemy's squadron.

It is supposed that a hostile fleet has already made itself master of the Baltic and is engaged in the double task of blockading the gulf of Finland from Cronstandt and damaging the commerce of the neighboring ports by capturing the coasting vessels.

The Russian fleet consequently finds itself compelled to defend the chief Finnish ports and is directed with a view to that object. The Russian ships will be distributed among the islands of the Finnish archipelago.

The papal court, according to a dispatch from Rome, is deeply moved by the antagonistic attitude assumed by the count of Paris, and French royalists generally, toward the papacy, on account of the pope's recognition of the French republic. The count of Paris has withdrawn the subsidies which he has hitherto accorded to the pope and to the French clergy, for sustaining the cause. This alone shows his deep provocation, and Leo XIII is proportionately impressed and disturbed.

A Treves dispatch says the sale of rosaries and other religious objects has been immense. One Cologne firm has sold more than 200,000 marks worth of such articles, while the sales of the agency of a Paris firm amount to more than one hundred and eighty thousand francs.

It is estimated by the authorities of Treves that the citizens will make a total extra income of 2,000,000 marks out of the pilgrimage.

Among the visitors to the holy coat are a man of 86 years, and a widow of 83, both of them belonging to a village near Treves, who saw the relic in 1810 and in 1844, and have now seen it in 1891. Forty-five thousand is the number of pilgrims admitted into the cathedral daily.

The kaiser's reception at Munich has inspired much gratification in Berlin, where it was apprehended that Bavarian particularism might show itself.

The celebration in the evening was even finer than in the morning, and the kaiser showed that he cordially appreciated the evident loyalty of Bavaria.

The Bavarian troops are in the best condition and have been busily preparing for the imperial review.

The kaiser proposed to pay a visit to the insane king, Otto, but was dissuaded from doing so on account of the painful condition of that monarch, who is with difficulty restrained from violence.

REFUSES TO AWAKE.

A Mansfield Lady Defies Medical Skill.

Peculiar Results Follow an Accident in Which the Victim's Head Was Injured.

Mansfield, O., Sept. 8.—Miss Minnie Shea, aged 20, daughter of a prominent resident of this city and a beautiful young lady, quite prominent in society, attended the open-air weekly concert given in Central park last Wednesday night.

Returning home she stumbled and fell, striking her head upon the brick pavement. At the time she felt little or no pain, but before retiring for the night she complained of severe shooting pains in the region of the forehead.

The usual household remedies were applied and temporarily relieved her, and she fell asleep. Next morning she did not arise at the usual hour, and the family attempted to waken her, which they failed to do. Becoming alarmed a physician was sent for, who after considerable trouble succeeded in arousing her for a few moments, when she fell asleep again without speaking a word.

Since Thursday morning she has not remained awake over ten minutes at a time, and during that time she has not spoken a single word. The case is baffling the attending physicians, who say that in her fall she received a shock which has affected the nerves governing the organs of speech and has also deprived her of the power of remaining awake.

WARREN COUNTY PEOPLE'S TICKET.

Lebanon, O., Sept. 8.—The People's party held a convention at the Court House Saturday and nominated the following ticket: Representative, Elder J. C. Reed; County Treasurer, W. H. Stokes; Commissioner, J. M. Vorhis; Infirmary Director, J. Clarke. The attendance was very small, but they promise to make up for it in enthusiasm.

BRYAN NOTES.

Bryan, O., Sept. 8.—It is expected that gas will be reached to-day or to-night in the well which is down 2,025 feet. They are now about twenty-five feet in Trenton rock.

The Christian people held their annual meeting at Lick Creek Sunday, Rev. Arthur presiding.

Bryan schools opened yesterday.

THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

He Can See Much Good in Americans.

Boston, Sept. 8.—The Earl of Aberdeen and party arrived here last evening on their way to the White mountains, where they will be the guests of Dr. Mrs. H. Seward Webb. In the interview the earl said:

"In England we're always surprised that with the immense capital employed in your business there are so few labor disturbances, and that when happening they are so quickly and amicably adjusted.

"I wish that the keen, cool judgment of your Chauncey Depew and other American business masters could be indoctrinated in England. There is, and will be always in Great Britain, a deep and proud love for her American cousins, and the pride is greater yet when they come over to us such grand men as your Lowell and Phelps and Lincoln."

PERRYSBURG LIBRARY.

The Corner Stone Will Be Laid Wednesday.

Perrysburg, O., Sept. 8.—(Special)—An invitation is extended to the Lucas county bar and citizens generally to attend the exercises incident to the laying of the corner stone of the Way library at Perrysburg, at 3 p. m. Wednesday.

Judge Rigely will adjourn court at Bowling Green and, accompanied by the leading attorneys of this county, will attend the exercises. The judge will make an address and will be followed by remarks by other attorneys. Mr. Way having been a pioneer attorney makes it justly proper that the corner stone of the building should be laid under the auspices of the bench and bar.

The steamer Bent will leave Adams street dock at 1 p. m. to bring people from Toledo and will return at close of exercises.

ATTACKED THE SALOON.

A Woman Opposed to the Rum Power.

Van Wert, O., Sept. 8.—(Special)—A woman named Emerson went in Cook's saloon yesterday morning, the finest fitted place of the kind in town, and armed with a basket of stones she began a bombardment, breaking the fine windows and screen inside, valued at $600.

MUST KILL THE KANGAROO

Republicans See the Danger Signal Ahead.

Scheming to Get the Law Before the Supreme Court

Working All Kinds of Plans to Get a Result Without Incurring the Grave Responsibility.

Columbus, O., Sept. 8.—The great particularity with which it has been announced that the republican State committee will not go into the Supreme Court to attack the new ballot law is misleading. It is intended to be misleading.

Of course the committee will not go into court, but there are several methods of doing a thing. The Republican organs all unite in saying that the new law will be greatly to the disadvantage of their party.

They are all convinced that there is an urgent necessity of setting the law aside in advance of the election and get back to the old method, in which intimidation, coercion and the corrupting power of boodle were powerful levers in behalf of republican success.

The republican state committee shares this feeling. It is a matter of common talk in this city that a majority of the judges have expressed themselves to the republican leaders on this subject.

Ordinarily this would be a strong statement, but after the partisan decision in the legislative apportionment case it need hardly be wondered at.

The only trouble in the way of getting the case into court is the making up of a case. There must be some ground for appealing to the court before the appeal can be made.

There is a very strong suspicion that the action of the republican members of the board of elections in Fairfield county was to lay the basis of an action in the courts.

The republican president of that board decided that two out of the four votes elected the clerk, and a republican clerk was installed on that decision.

It was supposed the democrats would go into the courts to settle that matter. Then the law would be declared unconstitutional.

Furthermore, it was surmised that Judge Rutter might remove the recalcitrant members of the Board, and, they refusing to vacate, would be taken into court and the constitutionality of the law disposed of.

The scheme did not work there, but it may work some place else. The republican members of some county board may refuse to carry out some provision of the law, and upon mandamus proceeding the question would be hurried to the supreme court, where the Kangaroo would be executed as speedily and certainly without argument as with it.

Of course, the republican committee would have nothing to do with it. Oh, no!

The trouble with the new ballot law, in republican estimation, is that the farmers and workingmen, to the number of 300,000, petitioned for its enactment.

The republican bosses know that the farmers and workingmen are not breaking their necks to bring about an indorsement of McKinleyism.

Hence the importance of killing and skinning the kangaroo.

A FULL TICKET.

The People's Party of Massachusetts Is in the Field.

Boston, Sept. 8.—As the result of a meeting held in Boston yesterday the People's party has nominated the following state ticket: For governor, Henry Winn, of Malden; for lieutenant governor, Wm. J. Shields, of Boston; for secretary of state, Joseph D. Cadle, of Westfield; for treasurer and receiver general, Thomas A. Watson, of Braintree; for auditor, Wm. C. Wakefield, of Lynn; for attorney general, Israel W. Andrews, of Danvers.

PARACHUTE ACCIDENTS.

Peoria, Ill., Sept. 8.—Yesterday two aeronauts met with serious accidents while making parachute leaps. This did not deter pretty Miss Keifer, sister of one of the injured men from making an ascension later but she will probably pay for her foolishness with her life.

She made the ascent from Central park but her parachute failed to work and she alighted in the lake. Boats were waiting but before the woman could be taken out she was unconscious. The physicians do not hope to restore her to life.

WORLD'S FAIR.

Chicago, Sept., 8.—After a wordy meeting yesterday the world's fair commissioners refused to cut down salaries and referred the question of borrowing money to the committee of reference and control.

SCOTT IMPROVING.

Newport, R. I., Sept., 8.—Ex-Congressman Scott of Penna, is no worse than when brought here, and, in fact, his physicians see a slight improvement.

SAILED FOR NEW YORK.

Portland, Me, Sept., 8.—The squadron of evolution sailed for New York at 11:40 last night.

THE SCHEME DIDN'T WORK

More of Raum's Crooked Work Exposed.

The Navy Department Turns Him Down.

His Attempt to Load the War Ships With His Patent Regrigerator Proved a Dismal Failure.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The navy department is not the pension bureau. Iron is iron there and steel is steel every time.

Commissioner Raum has found out that the department knows salt when it sees it. It got hold of some of this "refrigerine" and it was more than a refrigerine day for Mr. Raum.

It seems that the administration's pet commissioner has been detected in his attempt to foist his worthless refrigerating scheme on the navy and he has been exposed in an official report that shows him no mercy.

Raum tried to have the government, without investigation or trial, adopt the refrigerating system of the Universal Refrigerating company for the new cruisers and in the navy yards. He had a good deal of "pull," but not enough to lug one of his trick boxes on board a vessel. The department insisted on looking into the matter first. Raum didn't like this; but pension bureau and navy department methods are different, and a board to examine into his wonderful system was appointed.

It consisted of Captain Montgomery Sicard, Medical Inspector H. M. Wells, Chief Engineer David Smith and Paymaster J. C. Barton.

These gentlemen soon knocked the bottom out of Raum's box, and made Raum's job smell so offensively that the whole thing was pitched overboard at once.

The report states that the board met at the office of the company in this city, where the appliances were set up for exhibition. Raum hustled around and claimed that the wonderful refrigerine salt, when mixed with one and a half times its weight of water, would form the refrigerating brine which would do the work, and could be recovered by evaporation over and over again without material loss of quantity or efficacy.

The report minutely describes the appliances and says that after Raum's formula had been worked a thin layer of ice was formed on the surface of the moulds, and that the formation soon ceased. "Ten pounds more of the salt were asked for," says the report, "and after a long delay obtained." This gave an opportunity to analyze the stuff, the result being stated in the following language:

"An analysis of the 'refrigerine salt' shows that it is composed of nitrate of ammonia, 97.67; water, 1.33; insoluble matter (oxide of iron, etc.), .73; sulphate of magnesium and sodium, .27; chloride of ammonia, a trace; total, 100 per cent. The nitrate of ammonia is the active agent, and the remaining constituents have little or no refrigerating effect."

All sorts of experiments with the salt were tried. The tests were conducted with great care and exactness. In the first series of tests the lowest temperature of the brine was found to be 31.2 degrees, and in the second series 34.1 degrees; the lowest mean temperature 41 degrees and 43.75 degrees, respectively. The difference between mean and lowest temperature in the first instance is 9.8 degrees, and in the second 9.65 degrees.

The report continues at great length, and concludes as follows:

"First—That there is nothing now in the use of refrigerating mixtures for producing cold, and that nitrate of ammonia has been used for the purpose for over 50 years, but has never heretofore been able to successfully compete with other methods of refrigeration.

"Second—That the system is cumbersome and not adapted to ice making.

"Third—That the space occupied by the material alone precludes its use for refrigerating purposes on board of naval vessels.

"Fourth—That its cost for refrigerating purposes on board of naval vessels would be nearly double that of the devices now in use.

"The board, therefore, does not recommend that it be adopted for use in the naval service."

This crushing report, exclusively made public by the Herald, has had the effect of saving many a navy department clerk from being swindled by the flim-flam game of a government official. The war department is still to be heard from.

MORE ARRESTS MADE.

Inside Workings of the Keystone Cottage.

Cashier Livsey Has Made Himself Scarce to Keep From Testifying In the Investigation.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—Charles R. Ege and E. L. Maguire, formerly individual ledger clerks at the broken Keystone bank, were arrested Monday charged with making false entries in their ledgers and with making such statements as would tend to deceive the bank examiner.

It is expected that another arrest upon the same charge will be made. The arrest of Maguire and Ege were made upon an affidavit sworn out by the government accountants who have been examining the books of the bank. Maguire and Ege were brought before United States Commissioner Craig and released in $10,000 bail for a hearing on Tuesday next.

The method alleged to have been pursued by Maguire and Ege in their falsifications of their ledgers was to decrease the balance of depositors. Up to yesterday morning when he was dismissed Ege has been helping Receiver Yartlley to straighten out the books of the bank.

Hiding Their Faults.

Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 8.—There is every reason to believe that ex-State Treasurer Wm. Livsey, cashier in the office of the Pennsylvania state treasurer, is in hiding in Milwaukee, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Eugene Jones, 593 National avenue.

The special committee appointed by the Pennsylvania legislature to investigate the wrecking of the Keystone national bank at Philadelphia wants Mr. Livsey to testify at the inquiry which was begun in that city a few days ago.

Livsey would be an important witness and could probably tell some interesting things in regard to the defalcations which have landed Bardsley in the Pennsylvania state prison.

A dispatch was received here last night from Pittsburg saying correspondence had been discovered which in some connects Bardsley and Livsey in suspicious transactions. Livsey refuses to be seen by reporters.

INJURED IN A FIGHT.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—During a quarrel in a restaurant yesterday a switchman named James Dwyer was shot and probably fatally wounded by Policeman Cornelius Kelly. Kelly was badly beaten with a beer glass by Dwyer, and Samuel Mott was injured by the policeman's club.

WASHED BY OCEAN WAVES.

The Steamer Duart Castles In a Hurricane.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 8.—Bermuda advices of September 2 give the following particulars of the steamer Duart Castles' experience in a hurricane during her passage from Halifax to Bermuda, where she arrived September 1.

The storm began about midnight on August 28 and continued until 7 o'clock the next morning, and was one of the most severity she ever experienced.

At 6:30 a. m., August 29, in latitude 40.60 north, longitude 63.18 west, while a heavy sea was running, a sea boarded the ship and washed overboard two seamen named Bexton and Noseworth.

Capt. Harrison was standing near them and would also have been washed overboard but he got entangled in the ship's rail and he grasped one of the stays of the smokestack. As it was he was badly bruised and had to seek medical assistance on his arrival in Bermuda.

During the storm the sea boarded the steamer on all sides, carrrying away about fifty feet of rail and tearing up and twisting the iron staunchions that supported the rail.

WHY THEY SUCCEEDED.

What Caused the Awful Chilian Slaughter.

The Mannlicher Rifle Did Terrible Work.

Description of the Frearm That is Just Now Attracting World Wide Discussion

Washington, Sept. 8.—In addition to the efficacy of the auto-mobile torpedoes, which was demonstrated by the complete destruction of several of Balmaceda's heavy iron battle ships, perhaps no other feature of the Chilian war is so important from a military point of view as the work done by the new Mannlicher rifle, the arm recently adopted by the Austrian government.

To the use of this new weapon was largely due the victory of the congressional party. Army officers here are discussing the merits of this formidable Mannlicher gun, which they do not hesitate to predict will accomplish as great a revolution in the use of small arms as the change from the old muzzle to the breech-loading rifle.

The Mannlicher loads, fires and ejects the empty cartridge by means of a bolt, as does our own Springfield rifle, but unlike that already obsolete arm the Mannlicher is not a single loader.

It is a magazine gun and can be discharged with incredible rapidity at the rate of from forty to sixty shots a minute. The magazine is a shallow metal box, in shape an irregular quadrilateral, placed in the middle of the piece and on the under side just in front of the trigger guard.

The cartridges are of the usual metal design. Five of them, laterally one on top of the other, are placed in a metal clip or holder and are loaded en bloc, that is the five cartridges and holder are placed in the magazine at one time.

The cartridges are fed upward by springs in the magazine and when the last has been fed into the barrel the clip or holder falls from the magazine to the ground automatically.

The gun is of small caliber, the Austrians having adopted a bullet of .32 inches, a little more than three-tenths of an inch in diameter and about two inches long. It is sharp pointed and consists of a copper or nicked copper cover or sheath in which is inserted a core of lead or steel.

The bullet is made long in order to obtain the requisite weight. The use of the long bullet or slug necessitates quick pitched rifling, one turn in ten inches, to keep the bullet steady. The bullet weighs about 220 grains. The cartridge is loaded with one of the new high explosives and the muzzle velocity imparted is tremendous.

The range of these modern small caliber guns is 3,000 yards—about a mile and three-quarters. They have been sighted up to 2,000 yards. The point blank range is from 200 to 280 yards. The penetrating power is also marvelous.

The Lebel, the French arm, penetrated 15 inches of solid oak at 220 yards, while the Mannlicher penetrated 18 inches at 440 yards.

In the fighting about Valparaiso it was found that these little, long, cigarette-sized cartridges passed clear through two and even three men. The wounds they make are said to be very difficult to heal owing to their small size.

When a bone is struck full and fair the ball passes through without shattering it. Altogether war with these new weapons and smokeless powder will be a very different affair from what it was during our great civil conflict.

As has been the case with so many instruments of war and peace, the new magazine system is the invention of an American—a new man named Lee. Before him the tubular magazine, either placed horizontally under the barrel as in the Winchester, or in the stock as in the Spencer or Hotchkiss, was the only magazine system.

In those it was objected that the center of gravity of the piece was changed every time it was fired and also that it took too long to charge the magazine, the cartridges having to be placed in the magazine one at a time by hand.

In the new system five or more cartridges—the British also have adopted the Lee gun proposing to make the magazine hold ten—are loaded at one time. The chief difference between the Lee rifle and the Mannlicher, which is made on the general model of the Lee, is that in the former the magazine is detachable thus permitting the gun to be used as a single loader and reserving the magazine for emergency.

THE CANADIAN BOODLERS

There is Great Alarm Felt In All Circles.

Sir Hector Making Haste to Have His Resignation Accepted.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept 8.—Speculation has been rife for weeks past owing to the failure of the governor general to accept the resignation of Sir Hector Langevin, minister of public works. The minister is alleged to be mixed up in the "boodle" scandals.

Yesterday he wrote Premier Abbott urging immediate acceptance of his resignation. The reply of the premier was read in parliament yesterday afternoon. It is as follows:

"I have to acknowledge your letter of this morning requesting that your resignation may be accepted without further delay and to say that in accordance with your request I shall regard your resignation as final and shall lay it before his excellency, the governor-general, immediately."

Sir Hector, speaking to a correspondent last night, said he wished to relinquish his duties six months ago owing to ill health, but was dissuaded by the late Sir John Macdonald.

After the session he will either settle down to a quiet life in Quebec or go abroad for two years. Sir Hector has been a central figure in Canadian politics for thirty years.

HAS THEM ON THE HIP.

Burglar Anderson Holds the Trump Card.

Cincinnati Officers in a Great Dilemma.

Whether 'tis Better to Convict the Burglar or the Parties Who Let Him Out of Jail.

Cincinnati, Sept. 8.—Burglar Anderson has related all the circumstances of his escape from jail to certain persons, withholding only the names of the guilty ones. How soon he will reveal these depends altogether upon the action of Prosecutor Schwartz.

"I have gone as far as my position will permit me in this matter," said Sheriff Heim this morning. "I have been told the full details with the exception of the names of the persons concerned, but of course I am not at liberty to make known to the public what has been told me in my official capacity."

Anderson Offered Big Money to Keep Still.

"I can say, however, that the culprits are doing everything in their power to keep him quiet. Anderson has been offered large sums of money, but he has refused all offers to see what offer will be made him on the part of the court in the way of clemency. If we will promise him his freedom, or as near freedom as can be under the law, he will tell all, as he declares he prefers freedom to the money offered him."

"Who has the authority to make him this offer on the part of the court?"

"Prosecutor Schwartz. I am an executive officer only and any offers I might make I would be unable to make good without the concurrence of the court. The excuse of Prosecutor Schwartz is that he does not care to make any promises of clemency unless he is certain that the information to be gained thereby is of a nature to warrant such clemency. Anderson does not ask that clemency be extended unless his statements are proved to be true. If they are not as represented the law can take its usual course."

"Why do you not tell the prosecutor what you already know, and let him judge from that as to the value of the confession?"

"Mr. Schwartz knows nothing in the premises. I will not tell him anything until I get some satisactory answer to my overtures thus far. He is waiting for the return of Judge Buchwalter, but he has complete authority in himself to give the required promise."

"Will the names be given to the public before the matter is investigated by the grand jury?"

"That I cannot say. Everything is at a stand-still at present, owing to the stand taken by Prosecutor Schwartz."

The respective positions of Prosecutor Sewartz and Sheriff Heim were declared during the conversation between those gentlemen in the court house this morning. They had quite an animated discussion, lasting a considerable time, but after probably twenty minutes had passed they parted apparently no nearer an agreement as to procedure than before.

Sheriff Heim's attitude is this: "Give Anderson a guarantee of leniency in case he tells all the facts leading to his release. If a hearing on the merits of the matters as revealed by him fails to sustain a conviction or a reasonable assumption based on common sense that he is relating the truth then reserve the right to refuse to extend him any reward whatever."

Prosecutor Schwartz's idea is to first hear Anderson's tale with this promise: "If your story is reasonable in the opinion of fair minded people and can be substantiated, if, in other words, your evidence will either furnish foundation for again presenting the subject for the investigation of a grand jury, then in that event full promise will be given the prisoner that he shall receive by the recommendations of the prosecutor and at the hands of the court a degree of reward in full commensuration for the evidence furnished by him. Sheriff Heim is not a believer in the proposition to induce Anderson to tell his story before any offer of leniency is made. Upon this point the sheriff and the prosecutor disagree, but there is no doubt they will meet again and endeavor to arrive at an understanding that may result in much good to the community.

Thomas Shay, Esq., counsel for Anderson, was found at the court house. Mr. Shay is shrewd. He said when approached about the Anderson matter, "I have instructed my client to not speak until he has a promise that he shall be given his reward when he speaks. When he does so he will be surrounded by a gang of rattle snakes. With him at present it is a case of either killing the snakes or being stung to death."

FRANCE AND RUSSIA.

The Countries Getting Closer Together.

Evidence on All Sides That the Best of Feeling Prevails Between the Two Powers.

Paris, Sept. 8.—Recent correspondence between the czar and Baron de Mohrenheim, the Russian ambassador at Paris, makes it appear quite certain that immediately after the Copenhagen visit is concluded the czarina and czarowitz, escorted by an imposing Russian squadron, will proceed in the imperial yacht to Cherbourg. St. Petersburg advices speak of the French visit as a thing absolutely settled, and the news is received in this city with an enthusiasm which indicates the intention of the French to eclipse even the recent extraordinary Cronstadt demonstration.

The details of the imperial itinerary have not yet been divulged, but it is settled that the president of the republic attended by the members of the ministry and the high officers of the army, will receive the illustrious visitors at Cherbourg and act as their escort to Paris. It is asserted here that the imperial progress from Cherbourg to the capital and their reception at the latter place will present a scene of imposing grandeur such as has not been witnessed in France since the days of the first Napoleon.

The vigorous action of Russia in the Dardanelles affair has fanned into a consuming flame the spirits of the war party, and there is now a tremendous revival of Russomania which had begun to subside somewhat when that incident came to again lash it into fury. So intense is the feeling that it is declared at the railway offices here that, should the contemplated program of the visit of the czarina and czarowitz be carried out, it will be a difficult problem to move the vast crowds who will hasten from all parts of France to greet the nation's guests.

REPUBLICANS OF PIKE COUNTY.

Waverly, O., Sept. 8.—The republicans of this city nominated the following ticket Saturday: Sheriff, James Condon; treasurer, Philip Hammon; commissioner, Wm. Horn; recorder, George Armstrong; infirmary director, George Hill; coroner, Dr. McDaniels.

Delegates were also selected to the joint legislative convention of Pike and Adams counties.

ONE DAY TO LABOR.

The Whole Country Honored the Occasion.

Grand Parades and Picnics on All Sides.

The Sons of Toil do Honor to Themselves—Hon. J. P. Green Turned Out of His Hotel in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Sept. 8.—Hon. John P. Green, of Cleveland, came to Cincinnati to participate in the Labor day celebration on special invitation of the Amalgamated Council of Trades to make an address.

Mr. Green is a colored man. He is the author of the bill making Labor day a legal holiday. He is a lawyer with a fine reputation, well-to-do, and a man of brilliant attainments. He has represented Cuyahoga county in the state legislature two terms, and is a candidate for nomination of state senator on the republican ticket this fall.

Mr. Green arrived in Cincinnati on Sunday morning and registered at the Gibson house. He was assigned a room, and when the dinner hour arrived he entered the dining room and took his meal.

In the evening he went to supper, but was told that he would have to take his meal in the ordinary.

Mr. Green objected and reported at the office. Manager Dunbar was called in and the case was laid before him. He said that he wished to treat the man as a gentleman, but he could positively not eat in the public dining room.

Mr. Green thereupon paid his bill and went to the Burnett house and secured lodgings.

The insult soon become noised about and the labor committee were indignant and reported the matter to a number of republicans. The rooms secured for Major McKinley at the Gibson were at once cancelled and quarters were secured at the Burnett house, where Major McKinley was escorted on his arrival in the city.

Nearly Half a Million.

Chicago, Sept. 8.—Labor day was very generally observed in this city. The banks, board of trade, business houses, courts and municipal offices were closed. The day was bright, but rather cool for outdoor pleasure except of the active sort. There was a general parade of the labor organizations of the city, whose members marched through the principal streets with waving banners and suitable devices and mottoes.

After the parade the various organizations proceeded to the parks outside of the city, where they spent the remainder of the day in athletic games, dancing and speech making.

The number of men in line was variously estimated at from 250,000 to 400,000.

In Kansas.

Kansas City, Mo., Sept. 8.—Specials from Kansas indicate that Labor day was very generally observed as a holiday, and in many places the farmers' alliance took a prominent part in the celebrations of the day. The legislature passed a law last winter making Labor day a legal holiday.

In Topeka, the day was observed on a large scale. The parade was very large. Sixteen hundred employes of the Santa Fe railroad were in line.

The principal feature of the parade, however, was the part taken by the farmers' alliance. Their portion of the parade was headed by L. L. Polk, president of the National farmers' alliance, and Gen. James B. Weaver. Then followed the farmers' alliance, carrying spades and rakes.

They had several floats, consisting of houses made of wheat, corn and oats. Not only the farmers, but their wives and children were represented. An elaborate program was carried out at the fair grounds this afternoon, consisting of speeches by President Polk and Gen. Weaver, and all kinds of athletic sports.

At Buffalo.

Buffalo, Sept. 8.—The parade here was very large and was viewed by Governor Hill.

At Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Sept. 8.—Labor day was generally observed as a holiday in this city. The union men had a parade in the morning, it being one of the largest in the history of the city. Senator Peffer and others made speeches this afternoon.

Dampened by Rain.

Boston, Sept. 8.—The carrying out of the varied and extensive program arranged for Labor day was seriously interfered with by the prevalence of a heavy northeast rain storm which began Sunday and has continued since, effectually preventing the big proposed procession, soaking the ball grounds so that play was impossible, and causing the indefinite postponement of numerous picnics, cricket and tennis matches, foot ball games, horse races and other field sports.

At Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed by a large procession of workingmen gathered in different organizations. After the parade large numbers took trains for Woodsdale park, near Hamilton, where addresses were to be made by Major William McKinley and John Seitz, the republican and people's party candidates for governor.

At Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, Sept. 8.—The Labor day parade here was the largest in the history of the city, most of the factories closing for the day. After the parade was over the workingmen gathered in Anthony park and listened to speeches by Mayor Winston, S. M. Owen, late candidate for governor on the alliance ticket, and Oliver T. Erickson.

At Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, Sept. 8.—Between 3,000 and 4,000 men, representing the different trades unions, paraded the streets about noon yesterday. Floats representing the various trades were distributed through the line. The carpenters turned out the strongest and were conspicuous in white shirts and brand new over-alls. No accident occurred to mar the day. A picnic was held at Schleitz park.

At Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.—Labor day was generally observed here by the closing of all financial institutions, federal offices and a cessation of work in mechanical establishments. The labor organizations made no effort to celebrate the day by a parade or any other combined demonstration of any character, but there were numerous picnics, excursions and games by different societies.

At St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed as usual, many business houses being closed for all or part of the day. The parade this morning was followed by an address by President Ives, of the Trades and Labor union. Rev. Wilbur Crafts was expected to deliver an address, but did not arrive in time. This afternoon games and a picnic were held. The weather was all that could be desired.

At Nashville.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 8.—Labor day in this city was celebrated with more enthusiasm than has ever been seen here before. Fully 20,000 people witnessed the parade, which was composed of all the labor unions of this vicinity. The procession journeyed to the West Side park, where speeches were made by prominent labor advocates and politicians.

At Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed in this city in a more pretentious manner than on any day since its inception. The banks and exchanges were closed, and business men generally observed the occasion. The principal streets of the city were traversed this morning by a parade nearly two miles in length, consisting of the different trade organizations and the fire and police departments of the city. The appearance in line of the Farmers' alliance on horseback, each member wearing a wisp of hay or cotton on his hat, was greeted with much enthusiasm.

At Kansas City.

Kansas City, Sept. 8.—Labor day was generally observed in this city to-day by the various labor organizations. Very few business houses were closed, and the observance of the day as a holiday was not general. The parade, made up of unions, was a very large one. This afternoon was devoted to speech-making at the exposition building by representatives of the various unions. A ball in the evening closed the exercises.

At Tiffin.

Tiffin, O., Sept. 8.—(Special)—Labar day was celebrated with elaborate and highly successful demonstrations under the auspices of the trades council.

The street parade in the morning was a leading feature, it was almost wholly industrial in character composed of representatives of nearly every manufacturing establishment in the city.

The line was fully a mile in length and in its march through the principal streets was witnessed by citizens and visitors.

Business of all kinds was suspended and the day devoted to amusement at Highland park.

The program included amusements of all kinds with addresses by prominent labor champions.

At Baltimore.

Baltimore, Sept. 8.—Labor day was generally observed here as a municipal holiday.

The Knights of Labor and the Federation of Labor after parades held their picnics in Schuetzen and Dorley parks and the railroads are carrying crowds to Pen-Mar, the famous local summer resort. The day was pleasant.

At Washington.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed here by a parade of labor organizations.

At Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 8.—Labor day was not observed here as formerly. There was no demonstration and but for the closing of the courts and banks there would be nothing to indicate the holiday. Large demonstrations were held in Greensburg, Wheeling and other surrounding towns, which were participated in by labor leaders and organizations of this city.

at Rochester.

Rochester, N. Y., Sept. 7.—Labor day was celebrated more generally here here to-day than ever before; business was generally suspended and parades and picnics were the order of the day.

at Denver.

Denver, Sept. 7.—Labor day was generally observed in Denver and throughout the State. In this city business houses, banks and public offices were closed. The parade, which was the largest ever witnessed in the West, had over 12,000 laboring men in line. It was reviewed by the governor, mayor and other officials. The afternoon was spent at picnic grounds and summer resorts near the city, where dancing and games were the programme for the day.

At Findlay.

Findlay, O., Sept. 8.—(Special)—Business in a mercantile way was practically suspended in this city yesterday in honor of Labor day.

The procession was over one mile long and contained over thirty different trades unions, showing plainly what a union city and manufacturing center Findlay has become since the discovery of gas.

A large number of the business houses on the line of march were gaily decorated.

The principal part of the program was given at Canahan park, where the crowd in attendance was estimated from 8,000 to 10,000 people. Several spirited speeches on the labor question were delivered by Hon. John McBride and others. The celebration was one of the largest and most successful ever held in this part of Ohio.

At New York.

New York, Sept. 8.—Labor day was closely observed, all general business being entirely suspended. The day opened dark and gloomy, but by 10 o'clock the clouds had disappeared, and for the first time in 10 days the sun was shining brightly. Two parades were on the program yesterday—one by the Central Labor Union and the other by the Federation. An interesting feature of the former's display was the number of women who participated—the women being workers in city laundries.

Over in Canada.

Montreal, Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here with great enthusiasm. The city hall, court house and all other public buildings closed and the day was a great holiday for working men and their families. A grand procession took place this morning in which fully 10,000 men took part. The weather was splendid and everything favored the celebration.

Ottawa, Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here in an imposing manner. Thousands of people turned out to witness the procession which included many allegorical cars. Business was suspended. A picnic was held this afternoon.

At Keokuk.

Keokuk, Ia., Sept. 8.—One of the largest crowds ever seen in Keokuk were present at labor celebration here. Thousands of people from surrounding localities in Iowa, Missouri and Illinois, were present. The parade in the forenoon of labor organizations and floats was nearly two miles long. The city was handsomely decorated with national colors.

Exercises in the afternoon at Round park were very largely attended. Mayor Craig delivered a welcoming address. Addresses were made by Gov. Boies, A. J. Westfall, the people's party candidate for governor, and Mrs. M. E. Lease, of Wichita, Ks. Mr. Wheeler, the republican candidate for governor, failed for unavoidable reasons to be present.

At Detroit.

Detroit, Sept. 8.—The labor day celebration in this city showed a great falling off from former years, about 2,500 men being in line in the parade against 5,000 and 10,000 one and two years ago, respectively.

The greatest defection was in the carpenters' ranks, only 300 turning out, against 2,500 two years ago. After the parade the day was celebrated by games at Recreation park.

At Cleveland.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed here by a general closing of business houses and manufacturing establishments. These paraded in the forenoon and concentrated at Forest park in the afternoon.

At Burlington.

Burlington, Ia., Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here with a parade and speechmaking. Business generally suspended.

At San Francisco.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The fifth annual observance of Labor day in San Francisco was marked by a partial suspension of business. The usual parade was held. About 3,500 men were in line, brewing and building trades being especially well represented.

The Coast Seamen's union turned out 200 strong, with their own band. There were a number of floats in line, bearing representations of the various trades. Each organization in the parade also displayed some distinctive badge or emblem.

At St. Louis.

St. Louis, Sept. 8.—The first observance of Labor day in this city took place yesterday. All laborers laid aside their tools and joined their associates in carrying out the program prepared for the celebration. The day was a most favorable one, the temperature being neither too warm nor too cool.

The first act on the program was a march throughout the principal streets in the city. Many thousands of men were in line. The parade started promptly at 1 o'clock and after marching through the business portion of the city proceeded to Lindell park, where a splendid program had been arranged in the way of music, athletic sports, speech-making, etc.

At Columbus.

Columbus, O., Sept. 8.—The organized labor of Columbus celebrated Labor day with a large parade and exercises in Franklin park, with numerous speeches. It was the largest demonstration of the kind in the city's history. Several thousand men were in the parade and there were appropriate floats. The exercises at the park were followed by races and amusements.

At Lima.

Lima, O., Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here in magnificent style. At 10 o'clock the procession was formed on the public square, composed of all the industrial establishments of the city and the different labor organizations marching on foot. The parade was the largest ever witnessed in this city. The crowd at the fair grounds was estimated at over 15,000 people. There was speaking by several noted orators, who made addresses on the labor question.

Miscellaneous.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Labor day was generally observed in this city. This morning all the labor societies paraded, and this afternoon they held picnics.

Utica, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Labor day was appropriately observed in this city. Every manufactury was closed and nearly all the stores followed suit.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 8.—Labor day was observed in this city as a general holiday. Labor unions made it the occasion for a great demonstration. About 30,000 men took part in the parade.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 8.—Ten thousand people celebrated Labor day at Mountain park, coming from all towns of the Wyoming and Lackawanna valleys. The principal events were speeches by Gov. Pattison, Col. J. A. Price, Senator Wm. H. Hines and Master Workman T. V. Powderly.

Troy, N. Y., Sept. 8.—Labor organizations of this city and vicinity had a grand demonstration. There was a big parade in the morning and a mammoth picnic in the afternoon. At the latter, Lieut. Gov. Jones made a speech and was received.

Richmond, Va., Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here by the largest parade of union organizations within its history. Singular to relate there was not a union band of music in line. Typographical Union No. 190 carried off the honors of the day. They wore white beavers, linen dusters and carried canes.

Columbia, S. C., Sept. 8.—Labor day was celebrated here by a parade, the first which has taken place in South Carolina, and business houses generally were closed in recognition of the event. Bicycle riding, running, jumping and "tug of war" were accompaniments of the occasion and to-night the affair terminated in a ball at Agricultural hall.

A DEADLY BATTLE.

Convicts Fight for Life in a Prison.

Kentucky Prisoners Make a Bloody Assault on Each Other At Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 8.—Two convicts in the penitentiary made a deadly assault upon each other yesterday morning and a third convict attempted to separate the combatants. The result is that all three are in the hospital with fatal wounds.

The three men were sent from Louisville. Their names are Eli Lucas, serving a life sentence for murder, William Bellmeyer, serving 15 years, and William Johnson, serving 21 years.

There has been some bad feeling existing between Lucas and Bellmeyer, and yesterday morning Bellmeyer made a rush at Lucas, who drew a knife and made a sweeping cut across Bellmeyer's abdomen. Johnson interfered, and a brick thrown by one of the others struck him on the head. Bellmeyer then knocked Lucas down and stamped him about the face and breast.

At this juncture the guards arrived and put an end to the affray. Bellmeyer's wounds are very deep, and he will die. Lucas is in such an unrecognizable and bruised condition that it is difficult to tell the extent of his wounds. Johnson's skul was fractured.

GOSSIP FROM FINDLAY.

The Prohibs to Hold a Convention Saturday.

Findlay, O., Sept. 8.—(Special)—The members and friends of the third party will hold their county convention in this city next Saturday, at which time it is expected a full ticket will be placed in the field. This with the new Farmers' alliance will give the voters of old Hancock four tickets to mark their X after in making up their ticket. A number of prohibition speakers will be present.

The Opening Day.

Findlay's union schools commenced the fall term yesterday. A very short session was held on account of Labor day. The attendance shows plainly the steady and uninterrupted growth of the city. One new four room building and two additions of four rooms each, making 12 new rooms, have been added during the vacation, but notwithstanding this all the rooms will be well filled. A few years ago Findlay had four buildings and now there is 10. Nearly one hundred teachers are employed.

DESEASE AND DEATH.

Sad Trip of the Big Bark Royal Tar.

The Captain and Mate Both Died on the Voyage With Yellow Fever.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—The bark Royal Tar which arrived from Australia yesterday is detained at quarantine, fever and scurvy having been reported on board, and the captain and mate both dead.

The Royal Tar left Sydney last March with captain T. A. Franklin, two mates, 11 seamen and a boy bound for Frederick Wilhelms-Haven in German New Guinea.

Shortly after arriving there the captain and four seamen were stricken with fever. The medicine gave out and the captain soon died.

First Mate Rodgers took command and the vessel sailed for Humboldt, California. Shortly after Rogers died of fever and the second mate, John McColl took charge and sailed the bark into San Francisco.

All the crew were ill at one time or another, and during the voyage for several days only three of the men were able to work.

In July all stores gave out except tea and flour. No anti-scorbutics were on board and the men suffered fearfully. Ten days ago the German bark Hydra gave them a little meat and quinine. The appearance of the men is frightful. Some are toothless, others pitted and scarred with gangrene, but it is believed the lives of all will be saved with care and rest.

PIQNEERS.

Rain Spoiled a Grand Time on Saturday.

Tiffin, O., Sept. 8.—The annual reunion of the Pioneers' Association of the counties of Seneca, Wyandot and Crawford was held Saturday on the grounds of the association, nine miles south of this city.

The attendance was handicapped by the rain of the previous night, but there were about 5,000 on the grounds.

Governor Campbell had promised to be present but was prevented by sickness. The leading address was made by Congressman D. D. Hare, of Upper Sandusky, who was followed by John G. Patterson of Paulding county, and others.

Gen. Gibson was on the program for an address and was present, but a dashing shower cut short the exercises of the afternoon.

HOLDING THEIR WHEAT.

Portland, Ogn., Sept. 8.—Hundreds of farmers in eastern Oregon and Washington are holding their wheat under orders from the alliance until spring in hope of getting better prices.

The highest price paid in the northwest for wheat this season was 75 cents per bushel. That was three weeks. Since then prices have declined from 5 to 8 cents per bushel.

It is believed that values will go up before long. Oregon and Washington will have about thirty-five million bushels for export this year and the bulk of it will come to Portland for shipment.

MUST HAVE BEEN DRINKING.

Crawfordsville, Ind., Sept. 8.—There is great excitement here over a horrible monster which has been seen hovering over this city about midnight for the last two nights.

It was about 300 feet in the air and was about 18 feet long and 8 feet wide. It moved rapidly through the air by means of several pairs of side fins which it worked most sturdily. So great is the excitement that not an eye closed last night.

Little companies of affrighted citizens are gathered on the streets and in the houses waiting with bated breath for the hour of midnight.

DEMOCRATIC CLUB.

Upper Sandusky, O., Sept. 8.—A meeting was held here last night for the purpose of organizing a central democratic club for this county. Judge Allen Smalley was made temporary chairman. The officers elected are: E. N. Haltsedel, president; B. F. Meck, vice-president; D. D. Clayton, treasurer, and Frank Dumm, secretary; executive committee, Jas. T. Close, Allen Smalley and D. D. Clayton. Geo. F. Foster was appointed solicitor and county organizer. The meeting was well attended and quite a number of members were secured.

SCORED ON ALL SIDES.

The Speeches of Gen. Beatty and Capt. Lee.

Two Staunch Republicans Tell Some Truths.

Their Party Has Left Them and They Can Only Be Manly by Voting the Democratic Ticket.

Columbus, O., Sept. 8.—Five hundred leading citizens, including many prominent republicans, assembled in the board of trade auditorium, Saturday night, to hear the address of Capt. Alfred E. Lee. Gen. John Beatty acted as chairman and made a brief address in introducing the speaker.

Captain Lee began his address by saying that he was there in response to an invitation of the leading republican business men of this city; that he had been a republican all his life time, and was still a member of of the party of his youth, but it had left him.

In relation to the leading question now before the American people, he said that he stood where he had always stood, and would stand there if he had to stand alone—in fact, the question with him was whether he was right or those who favor a high protective tariff. Mr. Lee said that the party to which he had given the best years of his life had changed its principles, but he had not changed his, and would not for any official position that could be given him, and he was in favor of protecting the poor.

He said that it was the first time in the history of Ohio a political party asks to be commended for profligacy in public expenses and the unnecessary increase of taxation and the dispensation of bounties and subsidies to a favored class—in fact, this party has brought national questions into the canvass instead of those that are of interest to the taxpayers of Ohio.

He proved by the writings and sayings of ex-Presidents Arthur and Garfield and other leading republicans that his position on the tariff question was right.

He paid special attention to the boiler-plate organs of the republican party, and said that they did not have brains enough themselves to discuss the tariff, but had it furnished by persons in the employ of the tariff barons.

In speaking of the Force bill he dealt the republicans some pretty hard blows. He said that the people had decided at the last congressional elections that they were not in favor of abridging the suffrage of the American people either north, south, east or west, but that they desired to have every man cast his vote as he pleased, and this would be done at the coming election under that magnificent law introduced and passed by the democratic legislature, the Australian ballot system.

He waded into the republican congress for admitting territories into the Union as states for the express purpose of securing and keeping control of the United States senate in order that the McKinley bill might be passed.

He scored the trusts that have grown up under the McKinley law, and then paid his respects to the United States senate that had been packed in the interest of the passage of that law. The United States senate has virtually been turned into a body of millionaires, and such men as Morton, Sumner and Trumbull are no longer found there—in fact, no such man as Edmunds is longer at home there.

The house of representatives, according to the blatant Reed, had ceased to be a representative body, sitting there solemnly pledged to give to the corporations and their lobbyists everything that was asked for, even to emptying the United States treasury.

On the civil service question he said that the republican party had broken all of its pledges, that only a few days ago a faithful collector in the custom service had been bounced from office because he would not prostitute his official position to discharge faithful and efficient employes because of their disagreement with him politically.

Charley Foster, Ben Foraker and their howling henchmen received a terrible scoring, and it is now stated on good authority that the republican organs will commence a personal attack on Capt. Lee. They can open their mud guns as soon as they please, for none of them are the peer of Capt. A. E. Lee, as he is an honest man and not afraid to let the people know the truth, no matter who may be hurt.

He owes nothing to the democratic party, and neither does that party owe anything to him, but on account of his principles the democrats have great admiration and respect for him.

Gen. Beatty made a rousing talk. He said that the first republican platform, adopted in 1856, invited all persons, without regard to their tariff views, to join with them in battling against the extension of slavery into the free territory. Democrats by the hundreds of thousands joined in war, carrying the union banner to victory.

"I voted for the first republican candidate for president, and I voted for the last," said Gen. Beatty. "I do not intend to leave the party. If Editor Pickinger, Editor Bickham or Editor Halstead desire to leave they have my permission to do so at their earliest convenience, but I intend to stay."

The general then said in substance that he hoped the republican party would soon be in the hands of more able leaders than at present.

For the first time an effort is being made to commit the republican party of Ohio to a high protective tariff, but there should be some liberty of thought. The bulldozers and party whippers-in have no right to arrogantly demand that we vote for principles which have driven 1,000,000 republican voters from the party.

In closing the general said: "I propose to protest against the high protective tariff idea, and shall emphasize that protest by voting against William McKinley, but shall vote for the other republican candidates. I have not reached that point where I think high taxes benefit the masses when they have to pay the tax, nor have I reached that period where I believe robbery is a blessing."

SYRUP of FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK N.Y.

"GIVEN UP TO DIE"

The Doctors Said He Had Consumption and Could do Nothing for Him.

He Calls Upon Drs. Copeland and Buffett and Is Now a Well Man.

"Yes, given up to die, after having exhausted the science and skill of some half dozen doctors, and used every means in my power to find relief. Physicians all with one voice said that I had consumption and that they could do nothing for me except to temporarily relieve my pain and ease my last days. Not a very bright outlook, was it?"

The speaker was a well-known gentlemen of this city, Mr. James Young, of 1325 Nevada street, whose picture is here given.

MR. JAMES YOUNG, 1325 NEVADA STREET.

"My trouble first began," continued Mr. Young, "with a severe attack of 'la grippe,' which settled on my lungs, and in one week I lost over six pounds. My lungs, after a short time, began to feel as though they were raw, and when I would cough there seemed to be a complete breaking down of tissue. After one of these severe coughing spells I would have to go and lay down in order to regain my strength.

"I was always tired, especially in the mornings; sharp shooting pains would take me in the chest, extending to the shoulder blades. I had no appetite, and I began to look like a fit subject for the grave. My friends would often say: 'Well, poor fellow, he has consumption and his days are numbered.'

"Eight months ago I had to quit work, because I could get no sleep—I would cough continually during the night, and had begun to think that my friends were really right; I would

NOT BE LONG FOR THIS WORLD.

"Although in this terrible condition, it was hard to give up, and while reading a paper one day I was attracted by the wonderful cures of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, and I concluded to consult them; and as long as I live I will continue to bless the day I met them.

"They told me not to be discouraged, but to do just as they told me and I would soon be myself again.

"I have now been treating for two months and I am in as good health as ever I was. It is certainly wonderful, and I cannot say enough in praise of the doctors. I now have a good appetite, do not feel tired, cough gone, and although 51 years of age, I feel as young as I did ten years ago; and as you see me now I am a pretty lively man to be 'given up to die.'"

Mr. Young lives, as stated above, at 1325 Nevada street, East Toledo, where he will, in person or by letter, gladly verify his statement, which was given by his own free will.

Their Credentials.

As has been said, Dr. W. H. Copeland was president of his class at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, where he graduated, the most famous institution of the kind in the country. His diploma bears the written indorsement of the medical authorities of New York, of the deans of prominent medical colleges of Pennsylvania. Dr. Buffett's credentials are no less abundant and unqualified. He also is formerly indorsed by Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York and by the secretaries of various county and state medical societies. Both gentlemen after thorough experience and practice have devoted their time to the practice of their specialties, with what success the columns of the daily papers show.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 708 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physicians. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured

Advice to the Aged.

Age brings infirmities, such as sluggish bowels, weak kidneys and bladder and torpid liver.

Tutt's Pills

have a specific effect on these organs, stimulating the bowels, giving natural discharges without straining or griping, and

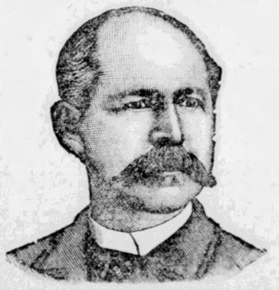
IMPARTING VIGOR

to the kidneys, bladder and liver. They are adapted to old or young.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



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W. L. DOUGLAS

$3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $5.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price; same grade as custom made shoes costing from $6.00 to $9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and $2.00 Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they see on their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongola, very stylish, equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola. Stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.

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Cheap Substitutes and Crude Imitations are offered with the aim to profit by the popularity of the New England.

Do not be deceived but always insist on the New England Brand. The best made.

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I Like my Wife to use POZZONI'S MEDICATED COMPLEXION POWDER

Because it improves her looks and is as fragrant as violets.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

FOR MOSQUITO BITES, SUN-BURN, SORE FEET, LAMENESS from OVER-EXERTION.

USE POND'S EXTRACT

FOR PILES, CHAFING, To Bathe FACE and HANDS when heated etc.

DON'T FORGET when starting on vacation to take with you. You are sure to need it; perhaps VERY MUCH indeed.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES probably worthless. Accept POND'S EXTRACT only.

Pond's Extract Co.,
New York and London.

FOR SALE

—BY—

I. H. DETWILER & CO.

IMPROVED PROPERTY.

$ 800..Cottage, Dexter st near Lagrange.
900..Hoag st near Dorr, cottage.
1,800..Fourth st near Elm, East Toledo, 2 story frame.
1,700..Erie st near Chestnut, 1½ story frame.
1,350..Dorr st near Junction ave, 2 story.
1,100..Franklin ave near Cherry, cottage.
1,050..Tecumseh st near Division, 1½ story frame.
1,100..Lorain st near Broadway, cottage.
2,800..Bartlett st near Collingwood, 45 ft lot and building.
1,050..Missouri st near Clark, new cottage.
1,350..Brick cottage, Ontario st near Bush.
1,875..Wakeman st near Oak, 2 story frame.
1,500..Missouri st near 15th, 2 story frame.
900..Indiana ave near Lenk, 4 rooms, new.
1,250..Sherman st near Elm, cottage.
1,500..Lagrange st near Bancroft, 2 story frame.
850..Orchard st near Hawley, cottage.
4,000..Huron st near Elm, large modern dwelling.
2,000..Bartlett st near Lawrence ave, new 2 story frame.
1,250..Bloomfield st near Union depot, cottage.
4,500..Collingwood ave cor Bartlett, new dwelling.
1,250..Tecumseh near Collingwood ave, 2 story frame.
2,200..Erie st near Galena, new 2 story frame.
2,000..Modern frame dwelling 21st st near Jefferson.
1,000..Niagara st near Galena, new cottage.
1,350..Franklin ave near Cherry, 2 story frame.
1,250..East Broadway, E T, new cottage.
1,000..Navarre ave near E Broadway, dwelling.
700..1½ story frame house, Seaman st.
1,850..Wade st near Union depot, cottage.
750..Charles st near Curtis, cottage.
1,700..Congress st near Orchard, frame dwelling.
850..Ewing st near Blume, cottage.
1,275..Fifth st near Illinois, 2 story frame.
650..Nebraska near Junction ave, cottage.
1,350..Sumner st near Middle, cottage.
2,200..Huron st near Buffalo, 2 story frame.
3,000..Warren st near Floyd, 2 story frame.
26,000..Jefferson st near 17th, large modern dwelling.
1,800..7-room cottage, Charles st near Curtis.

VACANT PROPERTY for sale in all parts of the city. Houses built to order on long time and easy payments. Don't fail to see us before you buy—it will pay you.

I. H. Detwiler & Co.
Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts.
OPEN EVENINGS.

Branch Offices—Dorr st, cor Detroit ave; Moore st, cor Chestnut; Junction ave, cor Nebraska ave.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

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Promptly and permanently cures all forms of *Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all Evils of Abuse or Excesses.* Been prescribed over 25 years in thousands of cases; is the ONLY RELIABLE AND HONEST MEDICINE KNOWN. Ask druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, $1; six $5. *One will please, six will cure.* Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 stamps. Address THE WOOD CHEMICAL CO., 131 Woodward ave, Detroit, Mich

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25 Years' Private Practice and Hospital Experience in both Europe and America.
507 Summit St., Toledo, O.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Inhalation with Compressed Gases (both home and office treatment—world-renowned) the only rational and scientific treatment for Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Heart Disease and all Diseases of the Throat, Nasal Passages and Lungs. The worst cases of Catarrh are positively cured in from 3 to 6 weeks.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Dieting. Each patient is furnished with a Diet Chart. It is very important for every sick person to know what to eat and what not to eat.

Specific Remedies, pleasant to take, but potent in their action, of Roots, Barks, Flowers, Berries and Plants, prepared under his own supervision in his extensive laboratory.

SPECIALTIES—All Chronic and Desperate Diseases, to which he will devote the treatment of the general practitioner, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain Congestion, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Deformities, Skin Diseases, including Pimples, Freckles, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Female Diseases cured without exposure.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES cured under a positive guarantee. Young and middle aged men, who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses of later years, Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion of Society, Loss of Memory and Energy. Remember that I will forfeit $1,000 for every case of private disease that I undertake and fail to cure. My treatment of Spermatorrhœa and Impotency is based upon its theories of my own, and has never yet failed in my hands to effect a speedy and permanent cure.

Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Hydrocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. I will guarantee a cure when others fail. My office and consultation rooms are furnished with a complete supply of Manikins, Charts, Electrical and Surgical Instruments, Apparatus for Deformities, Appliances for Examining Diseases in fact the most valuable collection of Medical, Surgical and Anatomical outfit to be found

THE SECOND DAY

Opens Up Brightly At the Fair Grounds.

Departments Well Filled With Exhibits.

Everything Ready For the Crowds—Talks With Officials—Notes Picked Up.

The first day of the Toledo Exposition and Inter-State fair opened auspiciously, and judging from indications the exposition will be a grand success in every particular.

The weather is typical fair weather, and if it keeps up all week the Exposition company will be the happiest people in Toledo by Saturday night.

So far, although the show is scarcely under way, the entries exceed by far the expectations of the management. In every department the exhibits are far ahead of anything ever known in Toledo. All the room is taken and a third more could be utilized.

The live stock department is especially worthy of mention. The sheds and stalls are all occupied, and exhibitors are still demanding room which cannot be furnishtd them.

The cattle department is full to overflowing. The sheep and swine department is likewise ahead of anything ever seen here before. Much of the sheep and swine which were on exhibition at the Detroit exposition are here, the other portion going to Lansing, where the Michigan state fair is on this week.

The horse department is as fine as any man could wish, and was never excelled in Ohio at any fair or exposition. Fine roadsters and draft animals from all sections of the country are here and others are coming on every train. The only pity is that there are not more stalls for their accommodation.

The display in the main hall is all that could be wished and much larger and finer than was anticipated. Toledo merchants are making the most of the chance offered them for the exhibition of their business on a grand scale and every inch of of available space is occupied. The exhibits are arranged with much care, more than ordinary skill, and are very creditable to Toledo's business interests.

The old art hall, which is now used for the fruit and vegetable display, is filled with fine varieties of apples, peaches, plums and every variety of small fruit, vegetables and canned fruits. Much of this display is not yet arranged but everything will be in shape by tomorrow morning.

The display of agricultural implements is larger than was ever before seen in Toledo, if not in the state of Ohio. Mr. E. H. Moreton, of the Moreton Truck Co., resident manager of the Detroit house, said to a Bee:

"To say that I am surprised at the display of agricultural implements is but drawing it mildly. I think that without overdrawing I might say that the display is five times as large as that at the Detroit exposition, and the other departments are fully in line with it. Toledo will have a great exposition this year, one that will be productive of much good to the city, and that will put the Toledo Exposition squarely on its feet."

Secretary Crane's face bears the substantial evidences of satisfaction. His smile would be difficult to measure, so far as the size is concerned.

"The Toledo Exposition this year will give some of them a big surprise," said he to a Bee. "In fact, we are agreeably surprised ourselves. We hoped to receive exhibits enough to fill our space, but now we find that we have not room enough for exhibitors by one-third. It has completely knocked us out. Look at that live stock department. Stock is here not only from all parts of Ohio, but from New York, Pennsylvania, Michigan, Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois. The like of it was never before seen in Toledo. The Toledo merchants have taken to the front handsomely and the exhibits would be creditable to much larger and more opulent cities than Toledo."

General Ticket Agent Will Bellman is also much pleased with the outlook.

"Beats anything ever seen in Toledo, and will give some of the alleged fairs in the county a black eye. Never did the Tri-State fair in the heighth of its prosperity have such prospects as the Toledo Exposition has this year. It is simply out of sight in every department, and will be the biggest thing Toledo has had in years. Every department is full and running over, and away beyond our most sanguine expectations."

The prospects were never more favorable for good weather, and if disappointment does not come before Saturday night, in the shape of bad weather, a possibility which does not seem to be a probability now, the Toledo Exposition this year will be an immense success.

The speed department is well filled, and although many of the events have been made up the report will be first-class every day this week.

The following is the program for tomorrow's races:

Second Day—Wednesday, Sept. 9.

2:17 class, pacing.....$500
2-year-old class, trotting, mile heats, 2 in 3 added..... 50
2-year-old class, pacing, mile heats, 2 in 3 added..... 50
Running, mile dash, added..... 100

There are not many people in attendance yet but they are arriving steadily and the management anticipate that by Thursday, should the fine weather continue, the capacity of the grounds will be tested in every respect.

Victor Bicycles.

No more attractive display is to be found on the exposition grounds than that of the Chapman Hardware company in the west wing of the main hall. The space devoted to their exhibit is very tastefully arranged, the platform being nearly covered with beautiful and costly rugs, which give a very cheerful aspect to the display. The famous Victor bicycle comes in for the greatest share of attention, while the new Hammond typewriter is an object of special interest.

Drugs and Chemicals.

Charles Shindler, the ever popular Washington street druggist, has an unusual exhibition at the fair, consisting of drugs, chemicals, etc. The rear of the booth is a representation of a farm, and is called a Farm-I-Scene. The front of the booth displays a fine assortment of various drugs, etc. Mr. Shindler is a thorough druggist, the compounding of prescriptions being a specialty. His drug store, which is one of the finest in the city, is located at the corner of Washington and Seventeenth streets. Mr. Shindler has made arrangements to serve lemonade at his booth at the fair this week, where his many friends will be glad to call on him.

Cut Glass.

The W. L. Libby & Son Co. have a number of workmen engaged in the various processes of cutting glass. A large line of cut glass novelties that have been accumulating for some time will be disposed of at great bargains.

The Daudt Glass and Crockery Company Are not making a display at the exposition grounds this year, but they are represented by a monster tea pot that was presented to this firm by the great English manufacturer, Mr. Alfred Meakin. It occupies a conspicuous position near the center of the main building.

Diamonds and Jewelry.

To the left of the main entrance is the exhibit of W. E. Cawood, the hustling jeweler, at 229 Summit street. He has a large line of watches and diamonds and a fine selection of engagement rings. He is also exhibiting the prizes to be given in the bicycle races. He will have a line of novelties for sale, and will present all visitors with handsome souvenir studies. Mr. Cawood's place of business is at 229 Summit street.

China and Art Pottery.

In the east wing of the main building is the splendid exhibit of fine china and art pottery, made by L. Hassen zahl whose place of business is at 232 and 234 Summit street. They have a beautiful display of imported French China, among other things a game set of exquisite pattern, and a fish set of unique design, dinner sets ranging in price from $75 to $250. In art pottery a royal Dresden vase in white and gold is a conspicuous feature of the display. Beautiful umbrella stands, a line of Leeds' jardeniers and art pieces from the Trenton, N. J., potteries contribute materially to the richness of this grand exhibit. The line of Pittsburg lamps comprises everything one can think of and more too, in Mexican onyx, silvered and oxydized piano, banquet and parlor lamps. They must be seen to be appreciated. In cut glass they show the Mount Washington Phoenix and our own Libby goods. A large case of new pieces in white china for decorating are especially interesting to the ladies, and another of novelties in china will attract the attention of the children and young people. A beautiful canopy gives a pleasing effect to this well arranged display.

Pianos and Organs.

J. W. Greene & Co. are too busy this year to make a display on the Exposition grounds, and as they have just got into their new and elegant quarters in Pythian Castle, they invite visitors to call there and see their fine exhibit of pianos, organs and Standard sewing machines. Everything is shown on the ground floor, and all lovers of fine musical instruments will enjoy a visit to these magnificent salesrooms. They have in stock the celebrated Kranich & Bach, Conover Bros., Vose & Sons, and Stultz & Bauer pianos. All these pianos have an established reputation for superior workmanship and finish, while the rich quality of tone and delicacy of touch are unsurpassed by any other makes.

The Packard, Wilcox & White, and the famous Estey organs are also handled by this firm, and the extensive trade they have enjoyed on these instruments is a sufficient evidence of their popularity. The Standard sewing machines sold by this firm is one of the wonderful inventions of the nineteenth century. It produces the finest work on the most delicate fabric, so nearly like hand work that the difference can scarcely be detected. Flowers and portraits are etched by the Standard so perfectly as to make one believe they are painted.

Exposition Notes.

To-morrow's races will be excellent.

Dr. Newton has his string of horses on the ground.

The Foresters' band serenaded the secretary's office this forenoon.

The track is in splendid condition for good racing. It will be very fast.

The black bass were removed from the ponds to the aquarium this morning.

No whisky or beer is sold upon the ground.

The secretary's office was a busy place this morning.

The Bee office is favorably located, and has frequent callers.

The usual number of fakes, doll babies, cane racks, etc., are on hand.

The street cars now run to the horse gate.

Nearly every church in the city has a stand on the ground.

Not a particle of dust in the fair grounds.

No half-fare tickets are issued by the management this year.

Thursday and Friday will be the big days.

Secretary Crane was the busiest man on the grounds this morning.

Main hall was never so fully occupied as it is this year.

Every stand under the grand stand is occupied.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church are very favorably located.

Lake Shore trains will bring big crowds to the grounds.

The Bee phone is busy nearly all the time.

The bare back rider who will ride eight horses a half mile will be a big attraction.

The grounds back of the main hall is a perfect wilderness of agricultural implements.

The buildings and grounds are in much better shape than ever before.

If this exposition is not a success it will not be the fault of the weather.

So far there are four entries for the 2:17 pace to-morrow.

The woods are full of snaps, fakes and restaurants.

The only department in which the exhibits may be said to be light, is that of draught horses.

Main hall is exceedingly artistic this year.

A large display of fancy work and paintings are displayed.

Vegetable hall is a sight indeed, and speaks well for the vegetable kingdom.

Fancy work done by the inmates of the insane asylum makes an interesting booth.

L. R. Bromley has a fine collection of paintings on exhibition.

The enterprising firm of Taylor & Lazenby have a fine display of confectionery, cake, etc.

The Harris Toy company have an interesting display, which, to be appreciated, must be seen.

The Jap booth of C. J. Woolley & Co., in the main building is one of the finest displays at the fair.

Mr. Cawood, the jeweler, is right in it. Handsome picture studies will be given away for the asking at this point.

The Western Union has an office on the ground.

Charlie Friel will go in the free for all pace Friday.

The management expect a big crowd to-morrow.

Porf. Van Norman, the bareback equestrian, will be one of the biggest cards of the exposition.

Among the ladies who are helping the Third Presbyterian church—lunch store—are Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Read and Mrs. Smead.

Whitney & Currier will have the finest display this year that they ever had. Mr. Seamuel will be pianist.

Ivorine, Rolla Wicks, Lucy B. and four others are entered for the 2:17 pace to-morrow.

Mrs. Everhart, of West Toledo, is a genuine architect, and has a corn cob house constructed by herself on exhibition.

Wheeler & Wilson have an exhibit of sewing machines which are run by steam power.

The Toledo Spice company exhibit an apparatus for pounding mustard. This principle is employed for pounding ore, rice, etc.

The old-fashioned room will, with its clock, fire-place, spinning-wheel, etc., be a source of interest and amusement to the spectators.

The ladies of the Third Presbyterian church are located just at the very entranse almost of the main hall, and furnish an excellent dinner.

The aquarium contains a fine variety of fish. Carp, black, white, rock and silver, catfish, bullheads, pike, pickerel, sunfish and gar fish.

Mr. Libby's cut glass display is exquisite. Many pieces of cut glass have already been sold at remarkably low prices.

Mr. Shindler, the druggist, has an unusual exhibit in the way of drugs, chemicals, etc.

The ladies of the Fifth Presbyterian church are meeting with great success at their lunch stand.

C. J. Woolley & Co., the Superior street piano house, have a beautiful display. See the case of gold medals never exhibited in Toledo before.

V. A. Lincoln, an Auburndale lad, has whittled, with a pocket knife, a toy locomotive which is wonderful and betokens real genius in Master Lincoln.

Mr. Libbey, of the Libbey glass works, has a display of several thousand dollars' worth of cut glass. Several of his men will work at their trade at the fair this week.

The fair grounds never were in better condition than at the present time, and if coming events cast their shadows before, surely a successful fair week is foreshadowed. All available space has been taken and exhibits of unusual interest are herein noted.

C. T. Wooley's artistic Japanese booth was planned and superintended by Mrs. Wooley, who with a number of ladies to assist her, will receive her many friends. Mr. Stackhouse and Mr. Kinney will be pianists at this booth.

The ladies of the Fifth Presbyterian church have the first lunch stand on entering the fair grounds, under the grand stand. Call on them for first-class meals and to help build their new church.

Mr. Titus proprietor of dining hall No. 4 is certainly out-doing himself in furnishing plenty of good things to eat and judging from the hundreds that come and go from his place he is doing his share in feeding the visitors at the great show. Call on Mr. Titus, he will serve you well.

"Brackett" the old reliable is at the head of the Exposition Dining hall where he has given the best of satisfaction to the hungry multitudes. Dine with Brackett and be happy.

Mr. F. Gradolph at stand No. 1, is putting up one of the best meals on the exposition grounds for 25 cents. All kinds of refreshments are served to the satisfaction of all.

Take your meals at the "Mammoth" restaurant; it is stand No. 2 and you can't miss it on account of its size and the cleanliness of the place. Try them and you will be pleased.

The ladies of the Disciple church are always at the head of the procession, especially when it comes to getting up good things to eat. Their dining hall at the exposition grounds is an attractive and interesting place for the hungry. Don't pass them by, for their pastry is home made.

Many flattering comments are made upon Mr. Shindler's drug display, and the lemonade that he is serving is past mentioning. Mr. Schindler's able prescription druggist will dispense drugs at the store, corner Washington and Seventeenth streets, during Mr. Schindler's absence.

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

Some Changes Among the Tugs—What is Going on in Marine Circles.

Special Marine and Weather bulletin, compiled from the war department map. Observations taben at 8 a. m.

Port.	Bar.	Tem.	Wind. Dir.	Vel.	State We
Oswego	30.14	54	NW	10	cloudy
Buffalo	30.18	54	N	lt	clear
Cleveland	30.22	60	N	14	cloudy
Toledo	30.30	52	N	6	clear
Port Huron	30.26	54	NW	8	clear
Alpena	30.28	44	NW	10	clear
Green Bay	30.34	50	N	lt	cloudy
Milwaukee	30.30	54	NW	lt	clear
Grand Haven	30.28	54	W	lt	clear
Chicago	30.28	58	NE	8	clear
Sault Ste. Marie	30.26	48	calm	..	cloudy
Marquette	30.28	48	NW	8	cloudy
Duluth	30.32	54	N	lt	cloudy

Lake region forecasts: For western New York—Generally fair; slightly cooler; northerly winds.

For Ohio—Fair; cooler in southeast; stationary temperature in northwest portion; northerly winds.

For Indiana—Fair, followed by showers Wednesday; easterly winds; slight changes in temperature.

For lower Michigan—Fair, winds shifting to easterly; slight changes in temperature.

For upper Michigan—Fair; cooler in western, stationary temperature in eastern portion; variable winds.

For Wisconsin—Fair; stationary temperature, warmer Wednesday; winds shifting to southeasterly.

For Illinois—Local showers; easterly winds; slight changes in temperature.

Tug Matters.

Some changes have recently been made on several of the tugs. Capt. William Giles, formerly of the Lizzie, has taken command of the Shelby and Capt. Williams, of the Green, has gone into the Lizzie. The Green is laid up for a crew.

An engineer is also wanted on the tug Shelby.

The tug Doan is out again, a new bow having been put in her to repair the damage done by the collision with the Roy.

Quiet Day.

Business was very quiet about the harbor yesterday. No work was done on the docks, all the workmen being celebrating the holiday, and consequently no vessels were moving. The work of loading and unloading vessels is being pushed with renewed vigor to-day.

The schooner Iron Queen, loaded with iron ore, arrived yesterday afternoon.

The schooner C. C. Barnes, light, was brought in by the tug Birchhead this morning.

The tug Butler brought in the schooner Marengo this morning, light.

The Ida Keith will leave this afternoon grain laden.

The barges Middlesex and Carpenter will leave to-day with coal.

The barge Niagruder arrived this morning with a cargo ofe edar posts.

The Comstock arrived yesterday with lumber.

The steamer Pastime is still running excursions on the river.

At the Ohio Central docks are the following vessels for coal and timber: Wm. Raynor, Carpenter, Tasmania, Waubaushene, Muscoka and a whaleback barge.

The Frank D. Ewing, coal laden, was taken out by the tug Schenck this morning.

The Arundell is bringing an immense amount of fruit from Catawba.

The following vessels are loading coal at the Hocking docks: Steamers Vanther, Hordy, Mocosta and Loly and schoones Norway, Middlesex, Ewing and Massasoit. The schoone Emma C. Hutchinson is at the Hocking with iron ore.

The steamer Abersom, towing the barges Casey and Maize, all loaded with lumber, arrived this moning.

THE RAILROADS.

Gains in Tonnage at Toledo.

Following is a table showing the gains in tonnage and revenue at Toledo for the month past, accruing from the weighing of carload and platform freight, corrections of classification, etc., by the Toledo joint inspection bureau:

	Tonnage.	Revenue.
Wabash	397.375	$689 62
Michigan Central	427.010	577 96
T. C. & C.	2,187.710	952 38
Clover Leaf	1,130.920	1,592 03
Lake Shore	2,587.097	2,848 85
W. & L. E.	443.220	366 71
C. J. & M.	713.780	441 42
C. H. & D.	382.441	588 71
Pennsylvania	545.965	251 09
G. R. V. & T.	295.367	342 10
T. A. A. & N. M.	968.006	599 07
T. & O. C.	510 275	470 88
Toledo	810,168.649	$9,521 47

The Future of the C., J. & M.

President M. D. Woodford and Vice President Eugene Zimmerman, of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad; Henry Taylor and Alfred Sully, who are largely interested in the road; General Manager Drake and General Counsel Swain, of the Cincinnati, Jackson & Mackinaw, left Toledo yesterday morning on a special and made an inspection trip over the C., J. & M. They found the property in good condition and the C., H. & D. company will take charge of and operate it, very likely some time during next month. The time for depositing C., J. & M. securities with the committee expires in a few days, and the road will be sold this month. The C., H. & D. will operate the road, guaranteeing interest charges on the bonded debt after the C., J. & M. is purchased by the bondholders at foreclosure sale and reorganized.

Toledo Freight Agents.

This evening a meeting of Toledo Freight Agents association will be held at the rooms in Law building. The meeting will be an important one and a full attendance is desired.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Hugh F. Shunk is in New York city on business.

Mrs. T. P. Goulden has returned from a week's visit in Cleveland.

Mr. C. M. L. Wiseman, of Lancaster, was in the city yesterday.

Mrs. C. H. Covert returned home from Notre Dame, Ind., to-day.

Miss Mabel Wilson returned yesterday from a week's visit in Tiffin.

Miss Kitty Meisner and Carry McCarthy are spending this week at Edgewater.

Past Commander Charles A. Dickman, of the Ohio S. of V., is in town to-day.

Hon. O. S. Brumback and family have returned from an extensive trip among the lakes.

Mr. J. H. Wade, one of the officers of the Lancaster reform school, is eujoying a brief vacation in the city.

Mrs. Maggie Logan has just returned from Woodstock, Canada, where she has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. O'Neil.

Mr. Ham. Lake is home from the west, where he has been doing a good business. He will remain in Toledo for some time now.

Mr. and Mrs. Krukindall of Omaha, M. H. Bergurt of Fort Wayne, Ind., and Miss Emma Sharp of Stocton, Cal., are the guests of Mrs. Elizabeth Bergurt of this city.

R. M. Bower and Will Kapp have just returned from a trip down the St. Lawrence and through Canada. They visited Portland, Maine, the White Mountains, went from Boston to New York by water, returning via Hudson river to Albany. They report a splendid time.

If you have made up your mind to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to take any other. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a peculiar medicine, possessing, by virtue of its peculiar combination, proportion and preparation, curative power superior to any other article of the kind.

The original Battle of Gettysburg at the Cyclorama building. Open day and night.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

FIXING PRICES.

An executive meeting of the natural gas committee on prices was held this forenoon. Prices for quite a large number of factories were discussed, and a report will be made at the next meeting of the board.

BING BOUND OVER.

Philip Bing, a Sandusky saloonkeeper, was up before United States Commissioner Hall yesterday on a charge of failure to post his tax stamp. Bing was bound over in $100 to the next term of the United States court.

ROLLING MILL DIRECTORS.

A meeting of the directors of the rolling mills will be held this afternoon to consider certain contemplated improvements. Mr. Henry Worthington arrived in the city yesterday, and will attend the directors' meeting.

FIFTY-FOURTH REGIMENT O. V. I.

The annual reunion of Col. Thomas Kilby Smith's gallant old Fifty-fourth Ohio veterans will be held at Plain City, Madison county, O., on Wednesday, Sept. 16. Several Toledoans were in this regiment and will attend.

SEVENTH WARD DEMOCRATS.

The Seventh ward Democratic club will meet at its headquarters on Bancroft street, next door to the engine house, tomorrow night. The work before the club will be precinct organization, and a full attendance is desired from all parts of the ward.

BEREAVED OF PARENTS.

Mr. J. J. Rochford, of the Auditor's office, this morning received information of the death of his father and mother in Galway, Ireland, the latter dying a few weeks after her husband. Mr. Rochford, the deceased, was a brother to Cornelius Rochford, the leading Galway barrister.

RECEPTION TO DR. McCRACKEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Ainsworth last evening had a pleasant reception for Rev. Dr. McCracken, of New York, who was formerly pastor of the First Presbyterian church. About 30 of the old and intimate friends of the doctor were present. Light refreshments were served. Dr. McCracken is on his way to Oxford, Ohio, to be present at the opening of Miami university.

ANOTHER LAY DELEGATE.

The last quarterly conference of the St. Paul's M. E. church was held at the church last night. Mr. E. R. Hiett was elected lay delegate and I. N. Huntsberger reserve delegate to the lay electoral conference to be held Sept. 25. This conference is held for the purpose of electing two lay delegates to the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church to be held next May in Omaha, Neb.

RALPH BEAUMONT IN TOWN.

Ralph Beaumont, of Washington, D. C., secretary of the National Citizens' alliance, was in Toledo to-day, en route to Tiffin where, after conference with Chairman Barnes, of the Ohio People's executive committee, he will take the stump in southern Ohio for the state ticket of which Mr. Seitz is the head. Mr. Beaumont delivered the Labor day address at Jackson, Mich., yesterday.

JOE MURPHY'S FUNERAL.

The funeral of Joe Murphy, mention of whose death was made in yesterday's Bee, took place this morning from St. Francis de Sales church, Rev. Dr. Quigley officiating at a solemn high mass. The esteem in which the young man was held was evidenced by the many floral tributes—one of the handsomest being from his co-workers at Hudson's. The remains were placed temporarily in the vault in St. Francis de Sales' cemetery.

THEY WANT A LIBRARY.

The junior Y. M. C. A. is very much in need of a library, and a novel plan has been adopted whereby to secure one. Friday evening the opening reception of the season will be given, and it will be known as a book social. A good musical program will be given and the admission fee for those who desire to give anything will be a book. Those who cannot be present can send their book just the same, and it will be surely welcomed.

THE CRESCENT'S FIRST PARTY.

The Crescent club has issued neat invitations for their first party of the season, which will be held in Pythian castle, Wednesday evening, September 23. This is the fourth series for this popular club, and they promise to make the coming winter a lively one for their friends. The club is composed of the following young gentlemen: J. H. Potter, president; Frank Whartenby, vice president; J. D. Hurlbut, secretary. A. H. Kruger, treasurer; G. J. Rayman, W. J. Bell, M. G. Gill, Wm. R. Cleary, A. J. Johnson, Charles Johnson, T. H. Brooks, Charles Hattersly, L. S. White, Frank Van Duson, Grant J. Tanner.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.

Close of a Successful Year—The Preacher Invited to Return.

The fourth quarterly conference of St. Paul's M. E. church was held last night, and there was much satisfaction expressed at the happy termination of the year's labor. Pastor Hutsinpiller's report showed 11 members received during the quarter and three dismissed. Missionary church collection reached $368, the Sunday school also contributing $100. Average attendance at Sunday school during year, 250; lowest attendance, 196. These figures are an increase of 20 over last year. The trustees reported the property worth $60,000, and free from debt. Stewards and trustees remain unchanged. The treasurer's report was as follows: Cash on hand at close of last year, $16; collected during year, $4,334.15; salary of pastor, $2,300; presiding elder, $180; sundries, $1,845.65. Mr. E. W. Tolerton, one of the stewards, offered the following which was unanimously adopted:

In closing the second year of the pastorate of Rev. S. D. Hutsinpiller we are gratified with the general prosperity of the church. There has been the most cordial feeling between pastor and people, and both spiritually and temporarily the church has flourished to our satisfaction and this quarterly conference attributes this prosperity to the zealous, faithful labors of our beloved pastor. We therefore request the presiding elder to have him returned to us for another year.

To get relief from indigestion, biliousness, constipation or torpid liver without disturbing the stomach or purzing the bowels, take a few doses of Carter's Little Liver Pills, they will please you.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Some decided improvements are being made in the probate office.

The banks in the city will close at noon Thursday to allow the men to attend the Exposition.

Anthony Wyciakowski filed proceedings in common pleas court to-day against the Consolidated Street Railroad company to recover $10,000 damages.

The trial of Dr. Quigley, charged with violation of the compulsory education law, was continued in probate court this morning until October 12.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. Take two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, and you will find relief. They never fail to do good.

FLOUR, FLOUR, FLOUR.

Taylor's Diadem,
Taylor's Peerless,
Taylor's Choice,
Taylor's Southern Belle.
Sold at all flour and grocery stores in the city.

IN TRADING CIRCLES

Both at Our Home and Abroad.

Wheat Quotations for the Day—Price-Current for Produce and Other Articles.

The market quotations in the Bee are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Denison B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE, TOLEDO, O., Sept. 8.

NOTICE—This Board will hold no Session on Thursday next, on account of the Exposition.

London Wheat market depressed, and one shilling per quarter lower; Corn quiet. Wheat brilliant. Liverpool wheat dull and one penny lower per 100 pounds; Corn firm and higher.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points to-day are 2,000,197 bu, compared with 377,318 bu on the same day last year.

Wheat Stocks.—Toledo increased 1,568 bu; New York increased 625,497 bu.

Shipments of wheat from India last week equaled 1,360,000 bu. Previous week 720,000 bu. From April 1, the commencement of the crop year, to September 5, 32,020,000 bu, compared with 12,800 bu in the corresponding period in 1890.

The imports into the United Kingdom for the week were 3,152,000 bu of wheat and 104,000 bbls of flour, equal to 3,620,000 bu of wheat, and 666,000 bu of corn.

The quantity of flour and wheat on ocean passage decreased last week 968,000 bu. Corn decreased 772,000 bu.

The receipts of wheat since Saturday at seven principal western points cannot be compared with 1890, as Monday was not then a holiday. The receipts from the same points Monday in 1890 were 377,318 bu.

The export clearances since Saturday at four Atlantic ports are 688,478 bu of wheat. Flour clearances were light, of oats and of corn.

English markets as reported herein are decidedly lower and dull.

The wheat markets in this country are much lower. The break in foreign markets together with three days' accumulations in our receipts were more of a poor thing than was desired. On the other hand the flour and wheat on ocean passage decreased 968,000 bu, and corn decreased 772,000 bu. The quantity of flour and wheat on the ocean for the United Kingdom is 15,000,000 bu. Last year at this time it was 19,600,000 bu. Liverpool and London papers say considerable of the present ocean stock has been sold to the continent. Of course the ocean stock bound for the continent is greatly in excess of last year. It is 20,000,000 against 4,300,000 in 1890.

We still hold to the theory that English markets have broken because of the weakness on this side. American dealers have been accustomed, for years, to looking abroad for quotations on which to base their own, and can not grow into the idea that America controls prices.

Chicago receipts are all right, of course, but they mislead in a measure. So far as wheat is sent to that market from Minneapolis and Kansas City they make a duplication of the movement.

The visible of wheat increased last week 738,000 bu; corn, 1,356,000 bu; oats, 441,000 bu. In the corresponding week in 1890 wheat decreased 138,000 bu; corn, 1,040,000 bu. Oats increased 404,000 bu.

Wheat and corn both have made bad work of it to-day, and the markets close at the lowest point of the day. In New York September wheat closed 2¼c and December 2¾c lower. September corn 1c and October ½c lower.

In Chicago September wheat closed 3c and December 2¾c lower. September corn 2½c lower.

In Toledo

the market for wheat futures has been dull and weak all day. The aggreate transactions were lower and closing prices are 2c lower. On the call cash and September wheat sold at 95¾c; October at 99¼c, and December at $1 02¼. After the call September sold at 98¾ and closed at 97½c; December sold at $1 02 and closed at $1 01⅜; May sold at $1 08¼ and closed at $1 08; October at 98¾c.

Cash wheat was in fair request and 2c lower. No. 2 soft sold at 97⅜@98c and closed at 97½c. No. 3 soft sold at 95@94½. Rejected No. 1 at 85@84. No. 2 red and white at 96½. No. 3 at 94@93¾. Corn, No. 3 at 66. No. 3 white at 65. Oats, No. 3 at 29. No. 3 white at 31.

Rye was 2c lower with only moderate trading. No 2 at 91c, No 3 at 88½c; Rejected at 75c.

Clover seed was a shade cheaper, with more doing. Prime for sale at $4 77½@4 80; No 2 at $4 65@4 60; October at $4 77½; December $4 80.

Daily Receipts and Shipments.

The following table shows the receipts and shipments at the points named:

	RECEIPTS			SHIPMENTS.		
	Wh't	Corn	Oats	Wh't	Corn	Oats
N Y	758000	163925	310000	441489	2036	1030
Balto	178938	5604	15140	99900	.....	.....
Phila	65338	19414	9734	34238	19869	28101
Boston	973	27285	25755	39861	.....	.....
Toledo	270980	13301	8471	144400	28000	.....
Chicago	650174	90709	350120	425753	621968	637835
Milw'ke	46753	4320	10500	5500	1400	3000
St L	208910	66000	121000	97000	11000	340.0
Detroit	92412	2101	24656	170146	4233	4079
Duluth	461081	.....	.....	275592	.....	....
Minne	118800	.....	.....	114400	.....	.....
Total	2006197	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

Freights.

Lake freight to Buffalo Wheat, 2c Corn, ..c
Erie Canal incl'g chgs.. " 4¾c " ..c
Toledo to New York .... " 6¾c " ..c

Call Board, 10:00 a. m. To-day.

No. 2 red soft—Sales 1,000 bu, 98¼c; S. September, 5,000 bu, 98¾c; S. October, 5,000 bu, 99¾c; S. December, 5,000 bu, 102¾c.

Oats—S. September—Sales 5,000 bu, 31¾c.

Rye—S. October—Sales 5,000, 92¼c; 5,000 bu, 90c.

Clover Seed Market.

The receipts of this commodity at Toledo last week were 287 bags and the shipment 597 bags. The receipts in the corresponding week in 1890 were 577 bags and the shipments nil.

Samples of clover seed coming in from Illinois and Indiana, also Southern Ohio, are found to be very inferior in quality, showing injury from wet weather, and weedy.

Grain in Store at Toledo, Week Ending Saturday Last.

No 1 White	24062	Previous week	93938
No 2 White	36756	Last year	405111
No 3 White	2170	OATS.	
No 1 Red Soft	.....	White	.....
No 2 Red Soft	610754	No 2 White	18298
No 3 Red Soft	47240	No 3 White	5091
No 4 Red Soft	6159	No 2	15098
No 2 Hard	.....	No 3	6474
No 3 Hard	.....	Rejected	1771
Rejected White	1784	Oats	2200
No 1 Rejected	42509		
No 2 Rejected	8428	Total Oats	44312
No 2 R & W m'd	52306	Previous week	43500
No 3 R & W m'd	711	Last year	63146
Wheat and Rye	567	RYE.	
Wheat	439103	No 2	168369
		No 3	5489
Total Wheat	1233500	No 3 White	.....
Previous week	1231963	Rejected	7038
Last year	1473466	Rye	39024
CORN.			
No 2 Yellow	39571	Total Rye	199614
No 3 Yellow	1149	Previous week	157376
No 2 White	31482	Last year	44294
No 3 White	624	BARLEY.	
No 2	32495	No 2	.....
No 3	2585	Barley	.....
No 4	1107		
Corn afloat	.....	Total Barley	.....
Corn	28354	Previous week	.....
		Last year	.....
Total Corn	128264		

Markets by Telegraph.

London, Sept. 5.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening, inactive; maize cargoes nothing offering. No 1 cargoes on passage and for shipment depressed; maize quiet; red winter wheat for prompt shipment 39s 6d; red winter wheat for present and following month 39s 9d; No. 1 Cala wheat just shipped or promptly to be shipped 44s 9d; No 1 Cala wheat nearly due 44s 9d. French country markets quiet. Weather brilliant.

Liverpool, Sept. 8.—1 p. m.—Wheat market dull, demand poor, holders offer freely. American mixed corn firm, demand fair, 6s 6¼d. Wheat off coast demand poor; corn fair. Winter wheat No 2 to No 1, 8s 1d; California wheat No 2 to No 1, 8s 1@8s 3d.

New York, Sept. 8.—Money 3 per cent. Exchange steady; posted rates, $4 82½@4 85; actual rates, $4 82 for 60 days, and $4 85 for demand.

Governments steady; currency, 6s 110¾ bid; 4s coupon, 117¾ bid; extended 3s registered, 99¾ bid.

The week opened with great activity on the stock exchange this morning and although there was some feverishness and irregularity prices in the main were strong. The opening figures were fractionally higher than during Saturday Del. & Hud. was exceptionally strong and 1c higher. Union Pacific was the weak spot, however, declining 1¼ to 83½. During the early trading the general list made further advances under the lead of the Nickel Plate preferred, which advanced 3 per cent, and North American and Canada Southern which advanced 1 per cent. respectively. Toward 11 o'clock there was some selling and prices reacted slightly. In the hour to noon the market was strong again. Atchison, North American and Union Pacific were the features of the hour's trading and under their lead values advanced to the top figures of the morning by 12 o'clock. The improvements compared with Saturday night's figure ranged from ¼ to 3 per cent. At this writing the market is dull and slightly easier. The sales for the morning amounted to 241,930 shares.

New York, Sept. 8.—Flour dull and weak; nne, $2 00@3 85; superfine, $3 10@3 10; Minnesota extra, $3 75@3 90; city mill extra, $3 25@5 35 for West Indies. Wheat opened weak at 1⅛c decline, rallied ⅝c and then fell off ⅜c. At noon the market was weak; No 2 red winter, cash, $1 04⅝; September, $1 03⅞; October, $1 04⅝; December, $1 07⅜. Corn opened weak at 1¾c decline, then rallied ⅜c and at noon was steady; No 2 mixed, cash, 56c; October, 56¾c; December, 56½c. Oats dull but steady; No 2 mixed, cash, 33c; September, 35¼c; October, 35½c; November, 29c. Rye dull but steady. Barley nominal. Molasses, domestic grades quiet, 25@30c for good to fancy. Sugar, refined fairly active and firm; cut-loaf and crushed, 5¾c; granulated, 4⅞@4¾c; mould A, 4¾c. Coffee steady, fair rio cargoes, 19c. Rice dull and nominal. Pork firm and more active; new mess, $11 75@12 25. Lard steady; October, $7 31; December, $7 41. Butter quiet but firm; western extra, 23c. Cheese quiet; Ohio flat, common to fine, 6@8c. Eggs moderately active and steady; state fresh, 19¾@20c; western fresh, 18¾@19c. Turpentine quiet at 37½@38c. Rosin dull; strained to good, $1 35@1 42½. Tallow dull; prime city, 4 11-16@4¾c. Petroleum dull.

Chicago, Sept. 8—Opening: Wheat—Sept 94¾c; December, 99c. Corn—September, 65c; October, 58¾c. Oats—September, 29c; October, 29½c. Pork—October, $11 15. Lard—Not quoted. Ribs—October, $7 22½.

TOLEDO PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, $2 00@3 50 per doz; geese, $3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 18 lbs and over, 11c; 15 lbs, average 11½c; 12 lbs and under, 12c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9½c; rib, 9

The Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 14years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE Is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 306 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, SEPTEMBER 8, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. P. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN MCNAMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Common Pleas Judge,
GRAYSON MILLS, Erie County.

DEMOCRATIC Senatorial Convention.

The democrats of the Thirty-Third Senatorial district will assemble in the city of Ottawa, Putnam county, on Thursday, September 24 at 10 o'clock a m, for the purpose of placing in nomination two candidates to represent the district in the Ohio Senate.

The basis of apportionment is fixed at one delegate for every 100 votes and fraction over 50 cast for Hon. T. E. Cromley, candidate for secretary of state in November, 1890.

Each county will be entitled to representation as follows:

	Vote.	Delegates.
Wood exclusive township, Lucas	4,130	41
Lucas	7,369	74
Putnam	3,549	35
Henry	3,323	33
Fulton	1,903	20
Hancock	4,674	47
Total		250

By order of the committee.
H. C. GROSCHNER, Chairman.
W. H. HANDY, Secretary.

It may have been Karl Andreas Flickinger when Andy was a kid, but since he became English, you know, and denied his nationality, it is plain Charles Andrew.

The suggestion that the $10,000,000 subscribed by Chicago citizens to the world's fair be now collected before an appropriation is asked from congress is a good one.

One blunder treads upon another's heels, so fast they follow, in the present administration of the treasury department. And the false statement of finances put forth once a month is something worse than a blunder.

Complant is made that Commissioner Raum has been absent from the pension bureau half the time since he was appointed, though he is by law entitled to only one vacation of thirty days a year. Some people are never satisfied. Where would the country have been if he had stayed in Washington all the time?

The startling announcement is made that more than six hundred buildings in New York city which have been condemned as unsafe are occupied by workmen who may any day meet the fate that befel the inmates of the Taylor building. Evidently the laws of New York require amending, or the citizens require a new set of officials to enforce the laws.

It was a chilly day for Commissioner Raum when his University Refrigerating company offered their system for use in the United States navy. His "refrigerine," it seems, will not stand investigation any more than his administration will. It appears that everybody in and around Washington and the various governmental departments can correctly size up Green B. Raum, President Harrison excepted.

Ex-Secretary Bayard's address before the Alumni and students of Michigan university has been published in campaign form; the address in the course of which Mr. Bayard deplored "the perversion of the power of taxation, by the insertion, under personal influence and for personal ends, of provisions in our tariff laws which involve consequences never discussed nor understood by the legislators, nor by the defenceless public which in the ends suffers from them." This is the sort of campaign literature which should be circulated for its educational usefulness.

AMERICAN LABOR.

The interest in Labor Day grows year by year. It is a grand occasion for American toilers to recreate and enjoy themselves. An inspection of the processional lines and a scrutiny of the faces as they pass, by thousands, can not fail to impress one with the sturdiness of the industrial classes of this country. Manly expressions and womanly grace, characteristic of our native and Americanized people who earn their bread by the sweat of their brows, were depicted in the countenances of those in line yesterday. There is strength in unity of labor, but it is the strength of justice and is not a despoiler. Intelligent unionism is a mighty oak whose spreading branches shelter the weary and rest the workers. American labor is looking up, because of unionism that throws a protecting influence around the members. The shortening of the hours of labor is one of the most beneficent results of organization. And why not? Why should any man be obliged to work all the day and part of the night? Why the division of labor that so discriminates? Answer not by saying socialistic tendencies are creeping to the front. The socialism of fair play never disturbed honest labor and never will disturb the fair minded employer. There is a community of interest that should bind all men, and the fact that one man gets a little in advance and employs his fellows should not affect his humanity, and will not, if he be a man in the truest sense. In no other country as in free America is labor so respected, and in no other land is labor so entitled to respect.

A growing intelligence is manifest among all classes of American labor, and herein the unions can do the most good and labor obtain its most abundant reward. Educate the toilers to be more than machines. Give the mind, the Godpart of man, an opportunity to expand and grow and broaden. Then will labor be the real king and not merely assertive. The unions have organized well, but their good work should not cease with organization. A new generation is growing and the fatherly care of the journeymen should be exercised toward the apprentices. We fear too little attention is now given to apprenticeship. Not nearly enough discrimination is exercised with the selection and entirely too much neglect is apparent in the guidance of the boys and girls who really want to thoroughly learn trades and become proficient. The unions are doing well in many things but there is room for more improvement and greater advancement.

RUSSIA'S CHALLENGE

If Russian transports and warships can sail the Mediterranean sea the interests of other European nations are endangered, and England especially has everything to lose in the Indian empire as well as in Egypt, which is practically subject to Great Britain through its protectorate. Some forty years ago, when Russia established a naval station at Sebastopol, the purpose of which was understood to be a reaching out for control of the Mediterranean, the Crimean war resulted.

Turkey, France and England became allies to subdue the forward northern nation, and that war was carried to a succesful issue which enabled the allies to dictate the terms of the treaty of 1856. In the making of this treaty all European powers had a voice, and by its provisions the Dardenelles was closed to the ships of war of all nations, the Black sea was made neutral water, open only to ships of commerce, and Russia was forced to complete the destruction of her naval station at Sebastapol, and prohibited from establishing any naval stations on the Black sea.

The purpose of this last named provision Russia evaded by establishing, a few years after the treaty was made, a naval station on the Dneiper river, which empties into the Black sea. Other nations protested, but as the Russian station was beyond the limits fixed in the treaty stipulation the objections were not valid, so long as Russia did not declare these vessels were for the neutral waters. None the less all the world knew that a fleet of armed vessels in the Dneiper river was a notice Russia had not foregone her purpose, but waited the right opportunity.

The Franco-German war furnished the opportunity, and in 1870 the Russian fleet rode the Black sea. When a new treaty was formulated in London at the close of that war, Russia was granted what had already been seized, the free use of the Black sea for ships of war. But the Dardanelles passage remained closed.

There is no doubt the ultimate object of Russia in declaring war upon Turkey, in 1877, was to gain possession of this coveted entrance into the Aegian sea. Though Turkey was beaten in this war, and Russia was able to bribe Austria to neutrality, while neither France nor Germany were ready for another war, England remained on guard.

When the Russian army was almost at the gates of Constantinople, when the treaty of San Stephano was made to Russia's liking, the English fleet appeared at the Dardenelles and the troops in India were concentrated at Malta. Russia hesitated, Austria showed signs of activity, and another conference of the powers was held, resulting in the Berlin treaty. By this treaty the Dardenelles was still closed to the war ships of nations "except by permission of the Porte."

That Russia has received this permission is now understood. The explanation that the representative of the czar made to the sultan, that the troops on the ship of war that was allowed to pass the Dardanelles were not in active service, but members of a reserve corps, deceives no one. Where one ship has gone, others will follow.

What will England do? Her allies of Crimean war are not with her now. Turkey demands the withdrawal of English troops from Egypt, and Lord Salisbury answers that he is not prepared to comply. If France and Russia are not allies, they are at least in common danger from the dreibund, and do not forget it. What comes next? Will England accept the Porte's interpretation of Russia's advance toward the Mediterranean? Will Turkey open the Dardenelles to the warships of all nations? Will a new conference of the European powers be called? It is England Russia challenges, and, as the Berlin Gazette says, "It is for England to take the initiative now."

CONVICT LABOR.

From present advices it looks as though the only parties to gain anything out of the Tennessee labor troubles will be the lessees of convicts. The proposition considered in the two houses to-day provides for the leasing out of able-bodied convicts to the mining company for a term running from 25 to 30 years. The terms are better for the leasing company than the present contract, and are favorable enough to the state, but the vital question, the issue which brought on the present trouble is, How is free labor affected by it?

There is no question, we think, that the acceptance of the proposition by the state will destroy any possibility of mining coal with free labor in that state. That the convicts are to be employed in only three counties does not affect this conclusion. If the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad company can mine its coal with this cheap labor, then its product will be put upon the market at a price that will shut out competition of other companies which have mined at greater cost because they have paid their miners wages on which they can live and support their families as American citizens should do.

It has been stated that the free miners objected to working with convicts as degrading. This was without doubt a real grievance, but it was a secondary one. The primal cause of discontent is the lowering of wages by contract competition. This is where convict labor under contract seriously injures free labor, not only in Tennessee but everywhere that the product of the convict's labor reaches the market. It is a very grave and perplexing problem of to-day, what shall be done to keep prisoners employed, for their own good, and to reduce the cost of their keeping to the state, without inflicting injustice and injury on honest labor. The proposition considered in the Tennessee legislature to-day does not show the way out.

David Christie Murray is a man of clear sight, and a Briton all through, as the reader even of his novels knows. Therefore what he says of the Australasian federation in his paper in the current Contemporary Review, "The Antipodeans," has the more weight. What he says is in substance that the Australians are patriotic and devoted—to Australia and not England; that the Australian Natives' association fosters a prejudice against "the home government;" that English history is not taught in the public schools; that gentlemen sit silent and unresponsive in their seats when the queen's health is drank at public banquets; that they never forget nor forgive the early convict population forced on them, and that they resent quite as much the custom of sending out to them broken-down and dissolute younger sons. Finally, that they want Australasian federation as a step toward an independent republic, and whether federation is granted them or refused them they will one day throw off their allegiance to Great Britain.

Little two-year-old Johnnie McLaughlin, of Chicago, was frightfully burned by the explosion of a lamp. He was put in a patrol wagon and jolted off to Mercy hospital. That institution never takes in children, and the wagon jolted away to the Michael Reese hospital. That institution was full and Johnny was jolted to the county hospital, where he died. The physician's certificate says the death was caused in great measure by the long and rough ride before the injuries received any attention. Poor, little, tortured, murdered baby. And poor Chicago, that cannot afford ambulances for such a case as this, and cannot afford policemen intelligent enough to know what to do with such a case.

Minneapolis does not even blush and hide her face behind her fan while she says no. St. Paul may as well drop the role of wooer. This is not one of the cases where two negatives will make an affirmative.

BLAINE AND HARRISON.

There never was any probability in the story that Mr. Blaine was exerting himself to get support for the presidency for the purpose of transferring it to Harrison. Mr. Blaine is too big a man to engage in this work, and, while we are loth to say that Harrison is too small a one to make such service for him in any quarter probable, we think there will be a general agreement that he is not the kind of man for whom sacrifices are made to any great extent.—Boston Herald.

NOT IN IT.

The republican senatorial war goes bravely on. In Toledo Saturday the Sherman men captured two out of three legislative candidates. Joey B. does not seem to be in it at any stage. His associations are very bad.—Mansfield Shield and Banner.

CLAIMS ONE MERIT.

Mr. W. I. Squire, president of the Republican State League, is just now the subject of a good deal of newspaper comment. Mr. Squire claims one merit—that of getting there. He is a hustler.—Columbus Dispatch.

EXHAUSTING HIS APOLOGIES.

Cheap sugar as the result of no tariff and a reduction in wages as a result of a higher tariff are exhausting the apologies of McKinley. He has become haggard from the long strain.—The Massillonian.

GOING FORWARD.

The Ohio democrats, under the lead of Horace Boies, are going forward. In the course of nature and politics it is not difficult to see which party will be left in the rear.—St. Louis Republic.

IN RESERVE.

If McKinley and Sherman have a tariff scare and are forced to drop the 80-cent dollar humbuggery, they at least have the tin horn and the late rebellion to fall back on.—Dayton Times.

ALL FROM HARRISON.

It is worthy of note that in the hot contest between the Blaine and Harrison factions all the assaults seem to come from the Harrison side.—N. Y., World.

CAMPBELL HOPEFUL.

Gov. Campbell is very hopeful over the outlook for victory in Ohio. He will soon enter the lists with bold Bill McKinley again.—Boston Globe.

WILL BE GRATEFUL.

The Ohio farmers will be truly grateful if they vote for McKinley because he has cheapened their wool.—Courier Journal.

ON OUR SIDE.

Suitable Legislative Tickets Which Might Be Named.

John H. Puck,
Byron F. Ritchie,
Joseph Weckerley,
George B. Boone,
Homer Hood,
Luther C. Gibbs,
Fred E. Witker,
John E. Walsh,
Oscar W. Ballou,
O. A. Browning,
Peter J. Mettler,
Foster R. Warren,
Frank J. Cheney,
Sylvester Lamb,
Nathan Gardner.
J. S. Harbeck,
A. G. Clark,
C. R. Bowen,
P. A. MacGahan,
George E. Lorenz,
Robert Barber,
Charles Stager,
Peter H. Degnan,
Charles Zirwas,
Joel Potter,
A. H. Coldham,
Hugh F. Shunk,
D. B. Smith,
F. B. Shoemaker,
W. H. Morehouse,
John A. Duncan,
Cyrus A. Kirkley,
H. E. Munn,
M. J. Cooney,
Henry T. Niles,
J. T. Van Fleet,
James Drummond,
D. J. O'Hara,
George Long,
James Winans,
Louis Metzger,
Charles Schielly,
Charles W. Murphy,
James H. Pheatt,
George Zellers,
Charles J. Kirschner,
M. G. Bock,
Albert Alius,
Samuel Kohn,
Erwin P. Raymond,
S. G. Van Buren,
Charles T. Lewis,
Peter H. Degnan,
George Vetter,
P. H. Dowling,
L. G. Richardson
George Bartlett,
Emery D. Potter, jr.,
Parks Hone,
Henry E. Howe,
Harvey Scribner,
Wilmam J. Gill,
Fred W. Eversman.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

More Talk About the Coming Minister of Finance.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—Mr. Jacobs, a Mexican capitalist, who is interested with President Diaz in some mining ventures, is in this city.

To a United Press reporter he stated that it was not at all unlikely that President Diaz would recall Senor Romero, the Mexican minister at Washington, for the purpose of tendering him the portfolio of minister of finance to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Manuel Dublan.

Mr. Jacobs further stated that upon the death of Minister Dublan a deficiency of $100,000 was discovered in his accounts and that President Diaz has brought suit against his estate for the purpose of recovering the money. The suit is still pending. Because of this discovery Mr. Jacobs said, President Diaz was determined to appoint only honest men in positions of trust and he believed that other changes would be made.

DAVITT HOPES FOR HOME RULE.

San Francisco, Sept. 8.—Michael Davitt has been living in Oakland for a few months and now he is going to return to Ireland to his life work. In an interview yesterday he said: "Ireland is on the brink of her freedom. Home rule is only a matter of a few years. Parliament may run by English law until 1893, but there is so much dissension and difference in political factions that Salisbury must call the general elections for April next or at worst for the following autumn.

AFTER FOSTER & CO.

The Gas Trustees Want the Firm to Hustle

Or the Reason Must be Known—General Agent Appointed—Business Handled Last Night.

It does not appear, after all, that Parks Foster & Co. are very eager or anxious to complete the contract in which there is alleged to be so much profit. The gas trustees at the regular meeting last evening discussed the advisability of annulling the contract on the grounds that the company had failed to complete the contract in the time specified.

The committee on claims reported a schedule of bills amounting to $1,277, which was adopted and ordered paid.

The bonds of Superintendent O'Herron, Secretary Heston and Assistant Secretary Manton were presented and approved.

The committee on city plant recommended the laying of a 4-inch line on Bancroft, same on Washington between Rosbeck street and Lawrence avenue, the same on Tenth to apoint opposite the High school, the same on George street from Walnut to Lagrange streets, the same on Hicks street from Waite avenue to the Michigan Central railway, same on Champlain street from Bush to Magnolia streets, same on Wakeman between Oak and John streets; two 3-inch lines in Division from Wabash to Vance streets, same Segur avenue from Carroll to Sumner streets. The recommendations were adopted.

Superintendent O'Herron made a personal explanation relative to certain criticism on the change of the Bancroft street line from 80 high to a low pressure line. It was placed on file.

Manager Heston recommended the appointment of A. L. Johnston as general agent in place of M. D. Jones, resigned, at a salary of $60 a month

After some discussion Mr. Backus moved it be referred back to the manager to report on the applicant's ability.

Mr. Brown moved as an amendment that it be referred to the commitee on prices.

The first motion was lost, the second not seconded, and the recommendation of the manager was adopted.

The matter of summer stoves came up. It was decided to allow consumers to use gas in either cook or summer stoves when the gas was received through the mixer, to supply either or both stoves.

The receipts for gas since last meeting was reported as $1,336.

Mr. Parsons moved that Parks Foster & Co. and the Lafayette Construction Co. be notified to complete their work at once. Relative to this the manager stated that Mr. Foster had said he could not supply enough men to push the work. The motion carried.

Mr. Parsons moved further that unless this request be promptly complied with that the manager take hold of the work and complete it. It was not seconded and the board adjourned.

CLEANING THE STREETS.

Council Pigeon-Holed Bids Because Bower Said So.

The annual street-cleaning talk is being indulged in, and plans of various forms are being suggested to fill the bill. Some months since the council took up the question and after some discussion it was agreed to advertise for bids. These came in for four streets, as follows:

	Summit.	Cherry.	Adams.	Monroe.
Wm Ryan	$55 00	$25 00	$18 00	$15 00
J & M Skehan	30 00	15 00	13 00	11 50
C H Young	59 10	31 80	21 22	17 20
H C Ernshansen	24 00	11 00	9 50	9 50
A A Allen	$500 per month			

The bid of Mr. Ernsthausen has the lowest, and he would have attended to the work properly, but Street Commissioner Bower stormed around the committee room about taking the money from his control until the councilmen tabled the whole business. The fact is, there will not be any street-cleaning done that does not furnish a pull for Bower's political strings.

A VACANT JUDGESHIP.

Thompson's Friends Have Hopes for Their Man.

Washington, Sept. 8.—There is much gossip afloat concerning the vacancy on the bench of the court of claims, which is soon to be filled.

Judge Gilkeson, the present second comptroller of the treasury, is still being urged by Senator Quay. The friends of Judge Thompson, of Ohio, are active in his behalf. They claim that the appointment should go to the west, as three of the four present members of that court are from the east.

It is admitted that there is some force in this argument, and as far as it goes it is in Thompson's favor.

HUNTED BALMACEDA

Much Speculation as to His Whereabouts.

Some People Believe That He Is Still Hiding in Some Part of Chili.

New York, Sept. 8.—The Herald's Valparaiso special says rumors continue to spread concerning the whereabouts of the fugitive president, Balmaceda.

The other day it was said he was fleeing by way of Los Andes into the Argentine Republic, his purpose being to reach Buenos Ayres.

Now it is reported that, not daring just at the present time to make an attempt at escape from the country, he has taken refuge in some one of the foreign legations or else has concealed himself in a monastery.

If he has been fortunate enough to gain admission to a legation he will in all likelihood be protected from the wrath of his triumphant enemies.

If, on the contrary, he has sought refuge in a monastery, he is in imminent danger of being captured.

The junta will undoubtedly cause all the monasteries to be searched for him if they put any faith in the report. It seems hardly plausible, however, that he should seek an asylum with the clerical party, as it has been a recognized fact ever since the outbreak of the war that the priests were almost unanimously in sympathy with the congressionalists. Ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs Aldunate, while traveling toward Santiago Monday, was stopped at Quillota, 55 miles from here, by an armed body of men.

YCUNG KNAPP'S TRIALS.

He Contradicts the Reports Sent Out From Alaska.

Tacoma, Wash., Sept. 8.—Alaska newspapers received per steamship City of Mexico last night contain statements that George Knapp, son of Gov. Knapp, was arrested on complaint of ex-United States Commissioner Brady on a charge of cruelly beating his wife, who is Mr. Brady's sister-in-law; that though he was discharged by the court, the citizens would have tarred and feathered him but for the protection of the marines on the United States revenue cutter Pinta; that the citizens finally advised him to leave Sitka, and that he was dismissed from the customs service.

He was a passenger on the City of Mexico, and in reply to an inquiry as to the truth of the allegations he says: "The statements published in the Alaska papers are totally false. I was not dismissed from the customs service, but had tendered my resignation several months ago, to take effect September 1.

"John Brady, formerly a missionary, has, since my marriage, done everything in his power, and has at last succeeded in destroying my happiness. He had me arrested, but the case was dismissed on evidence adduced by the prosecution, and Brady paid the costs."

SENATOR RYAN

Will Be a Candidate for Renomination to the Senate.

Senator Ryan was in the city to-day for a short time. He has been assiduously engaged as a farmer, and dropped into town to learn how things were moving.

"How are matters political, Senator?" queried a Bee.

"The fact is that I have been so busy that I have had little time to give attention in that line, but so far as I know everything is all right. We ought not to have any difficulty in achieving a victory all along the line this fall. The democrats are united."

"Well, Senator, will you be a candidate for re-election?"

"Should the democrats of the district desire me to make the race, I will do it. I will be a candidate for renomination at the convention on the 24th at Ottawa."

This will probably settle the question of Lucas county's nominee at the convention. Several small-sized booms for other gentlemen have been started, but since Senator Ryan desires a renomination, they will collapse. The senator was the author of several excellent bills while in the legislature, notable among which was the one to reduce county officers' fees which Candidate Griffin boasts of defeating, and it his desire to push these measures to a successful conclusion.

STREET RAILWAYS.

Discussed at Length by the Board of Aldermen.

The New Railway Ordinance Finally Passed by the Board—The Jury Ordinance Goes Down.

All members of the board of aldermen were present at the meeting last evening, and a very long schedule of important business was acted upon. There were several lively discussions over street railway matters, and the new jury ordinance. Mayor Emmick and Judge Sala watched the fall of the latter from seats in the lobby.

The only new business introduced on first call was a remonstrance by Mr. Hartford against the grade established on the Brown road from Oak street to the Pennsylvania railway tracks and a petition by Mr. Peiter, to plank Brown avenue from Dorr street to the west line of lot 80. Both matters were referred to the committee on streets.

Schedules of bills from the committees on claims, bridges, streets, judiciary, sidewalks and sewers were placed on the pending claim ordinance.

A resolution was adopted requiring the Consolidated Street Railway company to repair the Cherry street bridge under their tracks.

An ordinance was passed granting to the Consolidated Street Railway company the right to construct an extension of their line on Monroe street, by double track, from the old city line to the Lake Shore tracks. On motion of Mr. Potter this franchise was amended to expire at the same time as their existing charter on this street.

The new general street railway ordinance came up for passage, but the aldermen did considerable talking before they were satisfied.

Finally on motion of Mr. Everett the ordinance was amended so that the Consolidated will not be obliged to put conductors on both rail cars, and on motion of Mr. Potter the word "gas" was stricken out of the section referring to motive power. The ordinance as amended was then passed.

During the discussion Mr. Potter wanted the ordinance amended to prohibit more than one car on each track on the draw of any bridge. Engineer Wickenden stated, however, that it made no difference to the Cherry street draw, and any number of cars could be run on it with safety. The matter was then dropped.

An ordinance was passed to pave Lafayette street from Fifteenth to Division street.

An ordinance providing for the cleaning of Oliver street, and appointing G. F. Browning and Henry Hume as commissioners, was passed.

Resolutions to improve Fifteenth street and Clark street were referred back to the committee.

A resolution was adopted to grade the sidewalk beds on Collingwood avenue from Forrer street to Nebraska avenue.

A resolution to pave Clayton street from St. Clair to Broadway was referred back to the committee.

Resolutions were adopted granting permission to property owners to grade High street; directing the street commissioner to build box drains in Fassett street; to remove building which projects into the street at the corner of Cherry and Superior streets and to vacate part of Griffin street.

The resolution to vacate part of Speilbusch avenue was referred back to the committee on motion of Mr. Hartford.

The ways and means committee reported $1,650 of Ontario street bonds sold to M. C. Mather, for par, accrued interest and a premium of $1.

Several abatements of tax were allowed on recommendation of the judiciary committe, and resolutions were adopted for a number of new sidewalks.

An ordinance was adopted to construct a sewer northwest of Erie Street in the First ward.

Business from the board of councilmen was adopted with but little comment.

The communication from the mayor on the jury ordinance came up under the head of unfinished business and caused considerable discussion. The new jury ordinance was also read.

City Solicitor Read stated that the old jury ordinance was undoubtedly unconstitutional, but the council failed to pass the new one by a vote of 6 to 3.

SHE CUT HER THROAT.

Washington, Sept. 8.—Miss Mary Muschette, a young lady of 20 years of age, and a resident of Minneapolis, Minn., committed suicide here yesterday by cutting her throat with a razor.

Miss Muschette came to Washington a few weeks ago, and last week submitted to a civil service examination. It is thought her nerves were unstrung by fear that she had failed to pass the examination creditably and this led to depression of spirits during which she committed the act.

No other cause for the suicide can be assigned.

LABOR DAY.

However, we welcome Labor day. It is a day upon which the workers may forget the tragedies of life. It is encouraging to hope for the best. On with the festivities to-day; let joy be unconfined.—Detroit News.

We trust that the demonstrations may prove in every way as successful as they promise to be, illustrating at once the dignity of manual labor and the pride which every honest man feels in the pursuit to which he devotes the faculties with which nature has endowed him.—Indianapolis Sentinel.

Labor day has heretofore been celebrated with excellent display, imposing numbers and the best of good will by the workingmen towards their fellows. The annual celebration has proved an important factor in the growth and the maintenance of power by the labor organizations. —Detroit Free Press.

It is possible to give Labor day so broad an interpretation that it shall lose its party character, and to so lift it up that it shall embrace the interests which both capital and labor have in common. When this takes place, the interests of labor will not suffer, and the better understandings we will have both parties will do more than anything else to elevate the aims and purposes of the workers of the nation. —Boston Herald.

Labor day in this part of the country has already become one of the most significant of our holidays. Our other holidays are mostly commemorative events which celebrate great deeds or great movements of the past. Labor day represents a great movement of the present—a movement of the laboring world for the rights, the privileges, the emoluments and the honors which belong to it. The day is not the celebration of a memory, it is the celebration of a living idea. It is vital with contemporary interest.—Boston Globe.

For the lip there is no brightness,
For the teeth there is no whiteness,
Where SOZODONT has got no place;
But those who use it, know full well,
How bright and beautiful the spell
It throws o'er man or woman's face.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

CLOVER LEAF DEAL

The Road Will Not Go Into a Receiver's Hands.

Meeting of Stockholders to Be Held Here To-morrow—The Company Will Continue To Operate the Road.

It was announced some time ago that the Clover Leaf railroad was to go into the hands of a receiver on September 10. It will be good news to many to learn that Toledo's hustling and prosperous new road is to continue under the present management.

The outstanding debts amounting to $200,000 have been taken up by Mr. Kneeland, and at a meeting of the stockholders to be held here to-morrow this announcement will be made officially.

At the meeting of the stockholders to-morrow the annual election will be held and a new directory elected. Contractor Kneeland will be here to-night. He is at present making a trip over the road, which, by the way, was never in so good a condition as at present. It is doing an immense grain trade, and its business generally is improving wonderfully.

BULLY'S ARREST

Said to be Purely Spitework—The Case Continued Until Wednesday.

The announcement in the BEE yesterday that J. B. Bully had been arrested on a charge of tampering with the United States mails caused not a little comment in church and business circles.

There seems to be an impression abroad that it is purely a piece of spitework.

The case came up for hearing before United States Commissioner Hull yesterday afternoon, and at the request of the district attorney was continued until Wednesday, Wm. Bully giving his personal bond of $300 to appear.

L. W. Morris, counsel for Wm. Bully, said to a BEE this morning that there was really nothing in the case, and it was prompted by a spirit of rivalry wholly.

The charge is for intercepting and detaining mail. It was very hard, considering how closely the names of the respective firms resemble each other, to make a case under any circumstances.

Mr. Morris intimated that there was something behind the case that would appear later.

OF INTEREST TO TRAVELERS.

What a Person Can Bring Home Free of Duty.

Washington, Sept. 8.—The acting secretary of the treasury to-day transmitted to Henry Newbergen, Defiance, O., an answer to a letter in regard to the importation free of duty of articles for "personal use." The acting secretary says:

"By the tariff act of October 1, 1890, you will observe that the exemption from duty of wearing apparel and personal effects is confined to such articles as are actually used by persons arriving from abroad, and which are necessary and appropriate for the purposes of their journey and personal comfort and convenience."

This is a mod fication of the act of March 3, 1883, and narrows the margin of free entry of articles of the kind mentioned. The definition of "use" in the case referred to will probably hold in the construction of the present law.

THE HENNEPIN CANAL.

Rock Island, Ill., Sept. 8.—The army board to finally settle the terminus of the Hennepin canal met here yesterday. A committee from the improvement association presented resolutions favoring a northern route. Several days will probably be consumed in investigating the matter. The committee consists of Capt. W. L. Marshall, Gen. Poe and Major Alex. Mackenzie.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

Ministers Discuss the Question at Urbana.

Urbana, O., Sept. 8.—(Special.)—At the M. E. conference the committee on divorce took strong grounds in favor of reducing causes for divorce. The committee are Thomas H. Pearne, Asbury Lowery, C. H. Payne, L. F. Van Cleave and George K. Morris. The resolutions declare that

We cannot hope to keep the holy bonds of family as strong as they should be while they are enfeebled by unwise and lax legislation—one of the crying evils and perils of the times.

Laws in states are too dissimilar. The laws in all the states should be substantially alike. If after a fair trial this shall be found impossible by state legislation, then the constitution of the United States should be so amended as to admit of one uniform law of marriage and divorce, enacted by congress, operative alike in all the states and territories.

The causes or reasons for which divorces are now granted are too many and trivial. Persons entering into the marriage state should be taught invincible laws protecting it, that it is more than a simple civil contract, annulled for petty reasons and as often as whim or policy may suggest.

Ministers are requested to preach at least one sermon a year on the obligation of marriage and divorce. The committee was instructed to prepare and have circulated a petition to the Ohio legislature asking that causes be reduced for legal divorces, and the delegates to the general conference are requested to use their influence to add present disciplinary provisions on marriage and divorce. Dr. Pearne was elected delegate to represent the conference in the National Anti-Divorce association. The action of conference is the strongest ever taken by Cincinnati conference.

Legal Notice.

Malinda M Woltz and G W J Woltz, her husband (whose full first name is unknown), Josiah Madden and Mary A Madden, his wife, W B McKinney (whose full first name is unknown), and Eliza J McKinney his wife, M Conway (whose full first name is unknown), and ——, her husband (whose name is unknown), and the respective places of residence of each and all of whom are also unknown, will each and all take notice that Calvin K Bennett did on the 26th day of May, 1885, file his petition in the court of common pleas of Lucas county, O., in case No. 25,936, and did on the 17th day of December, 1890, file his amendment to said petition, against the above named parties and others.

The object and prayer of said petition and amendment are to foreclose a certain purchase money mortgage, given by George W Benedict to said Calvin K Bennett, upon twenty-four acres of land, in the west half of section fourteen, town nine, south of range seven east, Washington township, Lucas county, O., a part of which was subsequently laid out and platted as Longview addition, to the city of Toledo, in said county and state.

Each of the above named parties appear to have or claim some interest in said premises or some part thereof, and they are hereby severally required to answer said petition and amendment, on or before the 17th day of October 1891, or the same will be forever barred from any rights or interests in said premises or any part thereof.

A. P. CRANE,
Attorney for Plaintiff

first pub sat, aug 15,22 29, sept 5, 12, 19

Notice.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo & Wabash Elevator Company, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the company Wednesday, October 7th, 1891. Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock.

CHAS. F. ADAMS, Sec'y.

1st pub sat sept 5,12,19,26 last oct 3

Legal Notice.

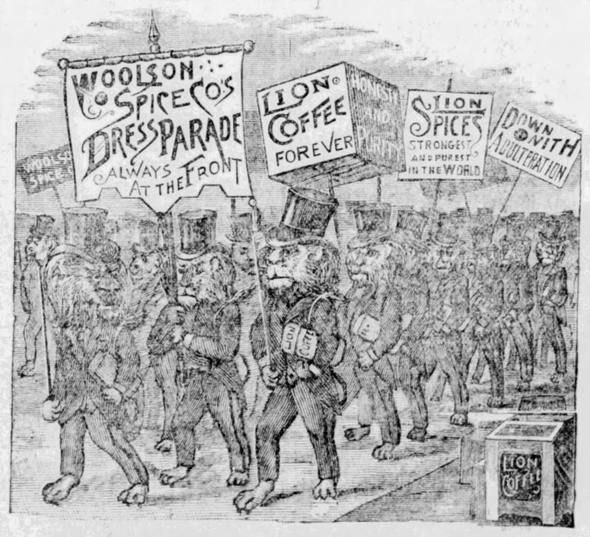
Catharine O. Rogouski
vs.
Peter Rogouski.

Common Pleas Court, Lucas County, Ohio.

Peter Rogouski, the above named defendant, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 19th day of July, 1891, Catharine O. Rogouski filed her petition in the court of common pleas of Lucas county, Ohio, being case numbered 31,083, praying a divorce from said Peter Rogouski, and for care of minor child, on the grounds of extreme cruelty and willful neglect of duty, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after six weeks after the 20th day of August, 1891.

L. G. RICHARDSON,
Atty for Plff.

first pub thurs, aug 20, 27, sept 3, 10,17 last x4



LABOR PARADE!

LION COFFEE Always Leads the Procession.

"WE ARE HAPPY, EH! MY BOY?
"We are happy because of our glorious health; for Health, my boy, is Happiness."

What picture can equal that of a young mother and child in perfect health? And what a rare sight it is.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound possesses those health-giving properties so important to both mother and child. It is the only Legitimate Remedy and Positive Cure for those peculiar weaknesses and ailments incident to women. Every Druggist sells it as a standard article, or sent by mail, in form of Pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00.

Mrs. Pinkham freely answers letters of inquiry. Enclose stamp for reply.

Send stamp for "Guide to Health and Etiquette," a beautiful illustrated book.

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

Notice to Contractors.

Monroe Street Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for improving Monroe street, from the terminus of the present pavement at the old city line to the northerly gutter line of its croft sewer, by paving the central thirty-six (36) feet thereof with Trinidad asphalt laid on a foundation of hydraulic cement concrete, together with the necessary grading, curbing, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of two hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank or banks regularly doing business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into, otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done is ready for payment (or deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposals, and what bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN,
City Clerk

aug18eod1w

POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER IS Universally known and everywhere esteemed as the only Powder that will improve the complexion, eradicate tan, freckles and all skin diseases.

City Auditor's Office.

TOLEDO, O., August 6, 1891.

THE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS of the common council of the city of Toledo, Ohio, and the undersigned, invite sealed proposals at his office, to

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1891,

at 7 o'clock p m, for the purchase of street improvement bonds to the amount of sixteen hundred and fifty 45-100 ($1,650 45-100) dollars, bearing date Aug. 17, 1891, and payable as follows: One hundred and sixty-five 45-100 dollars on Feb 17, 1892, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars at the expiration of every six months thereafter, to and including Aug 17, 1896; at the office of the city treasurer, with interest at the rate of five (5) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually at the same place as evidenced by coupons to be attached to said bonds.

Said improvement bonds are issued pursu

SCROFULA

eczema,
tetter, boils,
ulcers, sores,
rheumatism, and
catarrh, cured
by taking

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

It
purifies,
vitalizes, invigorates,
and enriches
the blood.

Has Cured Others
will cure you.

TOLEDO
WIRE & IRON WORKS
MANUFACTURERS OF
FIRE ESCAPES
BRASS AND IRON RAILINGS,
Roof Crestings!
Flower Stands!
—AND—
GRILL WORK.
506 Summit Street

"THE SITTERLY"
Oyster and Chop House
All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.
EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.
340 SUMMIT STREET,
Between Madison and Adams.
J. J. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

KWEER, BUT TRUE
THAT YOU CAN BUY YOUR
Furniture,
Carpets,
Stoves, Etc.
Cheaper at JOHNSON BROS. than any other place in the city. All new goods and terms to suit the buyer. Call and be convinced.
JOHNSON BROS
ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS.
One block from Monroe St.

AMMUNITION

Guns
Fishing Tackle.
LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.
H. C. RUSHMORE
311 MONROE STREET.
NEAR SUMMIT.

Six Bottles Bergen's Asthma Cure.

DELEWARE, O., May 8, 1890.
Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:
DEAR DOCTOR—Enclosed please find check for six bottles of Bergen's Asthma Cure, and wish to say I have not had an attack since beginning to use your medicine.
The medicine is all you claim for it. I have told so many about the excellent qualities of your Cure, and can recommend it cheerfully.
Yours truel,
J. A BRADBEER.
FOR SALE BY
THOS. VANSTONE
ASK YOUR GROCER
—FOR—
BRENZINGER'S
—"CHOICE"—
AND GENUINE
VIENNA :-: BREAD

COAL AND WOOD
Do you know that A. H. Schoen is at his old business. Selling wood and coal in large and small quantities, at
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES
Not being able to get in his old stand he has located at 839 Erie St., corner Locus, and 1618 Lagrange St., near Ban croft. Phone 598.
The patronage of all his old customers is respectfully solicited and any new ones who may favor him with their orders.

$235.00
Will buy at our store a fine New Walnut or Mahogany
UPRIGHT PIANO
Full Size and Fully Warranted.
We do not employ a large force of canvassers and saving this great expense can offer far greater bargains than any other music house in Toledo.
The Whitney & Currier Co.,
217 and 219 SUMMIT ST.

Toledo Truck & Storage Co
General Storage, Trucking and Hoisting of Machinery and Safes.
Office and Warehouse:
25 to 35 S. St. Clair St.
Phone 374. C. C. Cone Mngr.

IF YOU WANT GOOD WORK DONE AT REASONABLE RATES CONSULT
C. A. SIPE
DENTIST.
601 Summit Street

THE EVENING FALLS.

The evening falls, and shadows soft are stealing
Across the valley and upland lea,
Far off a village cnime is pealing, pealing—
The distant ships grow faint upon the sea.
The evening falls—now cometh rest and sleep!
Christ guard the weary ones who wake and weep!

The evening falls, and all the West is tender
With radiance from the slowly-sinking sun,
And dark against its ever-dying splendor
The cottage lights look outward one by one—
The evening falls—and home seems fair and bright!
Christ guard the homeless ones abroad to-night.

The evening falls, and deeper grow the shadows,
Upon the beach the full gives forth its cry!
A still, white mist creeps upward o'er the meadows,
And blots the darkening landscape and the sky—
The evening falls—now cometh swift-winged night!
Christ lead us through the darkness to the light.

—Lucy Bostwick.

BEESWAX.

A Marshall county, Mo., man has a mule that is 24 hands high.

It has been discovered that almanacs date back to the year 100 A. D.

An effort is being made to introduce the mango, a delicious East Indian fruit, into Georgia.

The words in common use by the ordinary individual are estimated at from 1,000 to 3,000.

It has been estimated recently by a shoe man that the people of the United States spend $450,000,000 annually for shoes.

The smallest church in the world is at St. Lawrence, near Vencor, Isle of Wight. It has a seating capacity of 12 persons.

Daily photographs of the sun taken since 1857 show conclusively that that luminary makes a complete revolution in 11 years.

John Caldwell, of South Bend, Ind., who died recently, is said to have been the originator of distributing mail in the postal cars.

Georgia alone among the southern states provides a pension for widows of soldiers of the confederacy, and permits none but disabled veterans to carry on business without a license.

An Atlanta man who visited Patti at her castle in Wales not long ago says that among the sheets of music that lay on the diva's piano in the drawing-room was a copy of "Anna Rooney."

The empress of Austria shows symptoms of insanity. The Duchess d'Alencon, a sister of the empress, is in an insane asylum at Gratz, and the mad king of Bavaria is a cousin of the empress.

The medical advisor of a friendly society in Bath advertises that he will undertake the medical treatment of all and sundry at the economic rate of two cents weekly for adults and half-price for children.

The new city hall of Philadelphia will be the tallest building on the continent, excepting only the Washington monument. It will be two inches more than 547 feet in height and will cover an area of four and a half acres.

Stone forests are found in various parts of the world. In many cases they are hardened by some peculiarity of the atmosphere, and are found standing just as they were when clothed with green foliage thousands of years ago.

Telegraph operators and electricians are greatly interested in the experiments of two enterprising New Englanders, who are said to have invented a new system of telegraphy. Vibrations of the air are to be used instead of electricity.

A true cause of the withdrawal to a monastery in Russia of his holiness, Archbishop Michael, metropolitan and patriarch of the national church of Servia, is neither age nor infirmity, but unsuccessful speculation on the stock exchange at Belgrade.

When a man marries in France he becomes legally responsible not alone for the support of his wife, but for the support of her parents, should they become destitute. This law is older than the divorce law, and there seems to be some defect in the provisions of the latter.

Bishop French, of England, who died recently in Arabia, was known as "that many-tongued man of Lahore," for he could preach in English, Persian, Hindustani, Pushto, Hindu, Tamil and Punjabi, and was an eminent scholar in Hebrew, Arabic, Syriac, Greek and Latin.

A handful of raw pig iron, weighing about five pounds, is worth five cents. It would make about sixty table knife blades, worth $15; converted into steel watch springs, there would be about 110,200 of these little coils, which at the rate of $1.75 a dozen would be valued at $16,070 83.

There is an "Ohio Beauty" cherry tree in the old Bassford orchard in Brown's Valley, Ohio, which bears from 11,000 to 15,000 pounds of fruit per year. The tree is so large that each year a big scaffolding has to built around it so that the cherries can be picked.

A Congo native, who has been taught to read and write, has just sent a letter, his first, to the Archbishop of Canterbury. It read as follows: "Great and good chief of the tribe of Christ, greeting: The humblest of your servants kisses the hem of your garments and begs you to send to his fellow-servants more gospel and less rum. In the bonds of Christ. Ugalla."

A snapping turtle not much larger than a trade dollar suns his spotted shell and salmon-colored neck on the leaves of the Sierra Leone water lilies in the Union square fountain, New York, and divides public attention with the sparrows that hop down there to bathe. The lily leaves are fully 14 inches in diameter and easily support the turtle's weight.

A Cleveland, O., concern has recently constructed an enormous gear wheel for use in a mine in South Africa. The gear is 30 feet 6 inches in diameter and 30 inches face. The teeth, 192 in number, are 6 inches pitch and were cut by machine. The hub is 9 feet 2 inches in diameter and is bored for a 27 inch shaft. The wheel is built in sections and weighs 66 tons.

Mr. Preece, the head electrician of the postal telegraph system in England, succeeded in establishing communication across the Solent to the Isle of Wight, and telegraphed also across the River Severn without wires, merely using earth plates at a sufficient distance apart. It is now proposed to make practical use of this system by communicating with lightships.

Antoinette Sterling, the well-known contralto, who used to sing in oratorio here and in England, and who has lately joined the Quakers, created an unusual sensation at a meeting at Legtonstone. After the meeting had sat for a long time without any spirit moving any one to speak, Mme. Sterling got up and sang "Rest in the Lord," without interruption. Afterward one of the elders approached her and said: "Thee knowest, sister, that it is against the rules, but if the Lord telleth thee to sing, thee must."

The Princess Sophia, the wife of the Crown Prince of Greece, is the granddaughter of Queen Victoria and sister of the Emperor of Germany. On her marriage to the crown prince she had to adopt his faith. Now, as the Tagliche Rundsckau of Ateens reports, she will have to go through the ceremone of baptism according to Greek rites a second time. The Patriarch of Constantinople refuses to acknowledge her first baptism because she was not immersed on that occasion; only the ceremony of anointment having been performed on her. She must be immersed to be recognized as a perfect Greek Catholic Christian.

According to a St. Louis bookkeeper gold pens occasionally need rest. He says: "In my books I use nothing but gold pens, and I noticed that after a few months' continuous use a pen would lose its temper apparently, and so I would lay it aside. Because of their value I did not throw these worn out pens away, generally exchanging them in part payment for new ones. One day I tried a pen that had lost its spring and been put away. To my surprise it went smoothly and worked as though just from the maker. On experiment I found it not to be a phenomenon, but a physical feature of all the gold pens I have tried. They simply get tired and need a rest, after which they are as good as new."

Until recently the royal palace at Berlin has been lighted only by candles. Both the father and the grandfather of the present kaiser were opposed to gas and would not allow it to be introduced into the palace. Emperor William has had gas put in and is now arranging for electric lights. The white house at Washington has been considered a poor place for residence, but the Berlin palace is, from all accounts, infinitely worse. It lacks all the modern improvements in the plumber's art, and is devoid of bath rooms, hot and cold water and steam or furnace heat. Although it is an uncomfortable place of abode for a monarch, as well as for anybody who likes to have his home fitted up with appliances for ministering to the creature comforts of existence.

IT WAS A GREAT DAY

Toledo's Sons of Toil Celebrate Their Holiday

With a Monster Procession and Picnic.

Beautiful Weather, Excellent Games, Brilliant Street Display, and a Happy Time All Around.

Old Probabilities shook himself together and turned out some special weather yesterday that fitted in nicely with all the other good things that Labor Day and the big celebration presented. The day was a grand success from beginning to end. Everything centered on the big parade, and a big one it was. There were thousands in line and tens of thousands out to witness the spectacle, Forming on Jefferson street the procession moved to Huron, to Monroe, to St. Clair, Jefferson, to Superior, to Cherry, to Summit, to Broadway.

Grand Marshal A. G. Otto and his aides, Fred Benn, M. Revels and Louis Kimmerin, had a long line of followers, quite an army in fact. It took nearly an hour and a half for the parade to pass and there were 1,810 men in line. Following the marshal and aids came 24 of Toledo's finest." Then the Toledo Cadets loomed up from curb to curb, marching as one man; companies A C and H, O. N. G., the Trinity Cadets and Battrey D, followed making up the military part of the procession.

The printers, 200 or more strong, led the sturdy line of labor; carpenters came trooping along without seeming end; plumbers, painters, tinners and lathers followed like a mighty tide. The lathers carried laths in lieu of canes, and bedecked with ribbons they made a very good substitute. Then came the hod carriers, the pavers, the longshoremen and street car men, there were not many of the latter in line as they could not very well leave their work, but they were there in spirit so one of their banners read, and those who represented them made a good showing. President Tom Wall of their union headed this department, and the twenty-five or thirty representatives were strung out a distance of two blocks, just to show how much room they could take if they were all present. Some of their banners read, "Absence makes the heart grow fonder," "We represent 500 men." A feature was a street car on wagon wheels, loaded down with children.

The line men carried canes made of wire twisted and trimmed up with insulators. Then came the plasterers, the painters, decked out in pure white; machine hands, furniture workers, the reed rattan and willow workers carrying canes suggestive of their occupation, the brewers with hops in their hats and hops in their feet as well by the sprightly manner in which most of them tripped along. The bakers, well bread, rose to the occasion and took the cake in good style. The barbers were the lum-te-tum swellers of the whole affair, however, with their neat black suits, white vests and shining silk hats. They were decidedly in it. The Clerk's Mutual Protective union also presented a fine appearance. The members carried Japanese umbrellas and twisted them to the time of the music. Their banners read, "Finish trading by 6:30 p. m., "Wage workers are with us," "Mothers and daughters, are you with us?" It looked as if the latter might have been, for the clerks were, most of them, fine looking young men.

The cigarmakers had one of the best displays. They had four floats, the first representing a state's prison cigar factory with striped garbed convicts at the benches, the filthy tenement house work shop, the horrible Chinese hole and lastly the spick, span, shining and bright union shop with the best looking cigarmakers all dressed up to kill and rolling the weed their prettiest.

Then, too, there tailors, moulders, machinists, brass workers, metal polishers, in fact every trade under the sun was seemingly represented. The industrial display was as long as a drummer's yarn and just as good. It was just as a small child who, weary with watening the long line wind itself along, said, "Wheels, wheels, wheels," and then went to sleep on its mother's shoulder utterly oblivious to the platoons and squadrons of ice and coal wagons that meandered along like the cows coming home. There were enough wheels; everybody was full of wheels, it made their heads swim and they went home and dreamed of wheels all night and were happy.

The Woolson's Display.

One of the many grand features of the parade was the splendid display of the Woolson Spice company, one of Toledo's most gigantic industries.

When the various labor organizations of the city resolved to celebrate labor day, the management of the Woolsons instructed the employes to make preparations for a grand display and a gala time on that date, and to spare no expense to make the event a rousing success. Ever since there has been a hum of excitement and pleasant anticipation among the employes, the managers and other officials manifesting as much interest in the progress of preparation as any of them.

Their efforts were most certainly crowned with success, and the participants may be justly proud of the display.

The most pleasant sight and one that inspired the more hearty approval on every hand was that of employers participating in the gaieties of a holiday with employes, and enjoying the fun as much as anybody

The division was under the command of Marshals B. G. McMechen and C. Cramer. A beautiful Shetland pony, led by one of the boys, had the distinction of leading the procession, and its actions betrayed its appreciation of the fact. Following this was a carriage drawn by ponies in which were Superintendent P. S. Willis. Assistant Superintendent E. M. Dyer. Next came a brass band, employed at no small expense by the Woolson Spice company. The band was brought from Wauseon to furnish music for the occasion. Immediately after the band came a carriage containing A. M. Woolson, general manager, and W. A. Brigham, assistant manager and secretary. Then came another carriage bearing four lady stenographers, who take charge of the immense correspondence of the firm. Then came the most attractive and gayest scene of the whole parade. Thirty-three carriages, in which were seated 200 handsome young ladies, who are employed in the "Lion" coffee departments.

A band wagon, drawn by four horses, came next which contained the office force, numbering 30 men.

This was followed by four Lion coffee delivery wagons, distributing sample packages of "Lion" coffee. Thousands of pounds were given away in this manner.

The splendid display terminated with six large floats bearing 200 men employed in the different departments of the company's mills.

This company is a friend of the laboring classes of people, and always is ready and the first to turn out in the interest of labor, regardless of trouble or expense.

The only possible result of such a course is pain. An employe that wouldn't appreciate, and if possible reciprocate such kindness and good will would be devoid of heart or feeling implanted within the ordinary human being.

The management hold that the success or failure of any industry is greatly due to the employes, that with their good will and hearty co-operation the business moves along like a well regulated clock, and the profits must show a splendid increase in consequence.

At the Park.

There were not less than 8,000 people in attendance at the afternoon and evening festivities at Bellevue Park. The procession disbanded at the Oliver House, and the paraders proceeded in crowds to the park. Had the street car companies provided cars at that point they would have reaped a rich harvest. The military companies did not go as far as the park, but returned to the city after reaching the rendevous.

There were the usual attractions at the park, and all were liberally patronized. The games of course were the center of attractions and were well conducted. Towards evening the crowds became so dense that it was no easy matter to pick one's way through the grounds. The police deserve great credit for the way in which they preserved order. There were one or two little scraps that were quelled as soon as started, otherwise the picnic was very orderly.

Emmick Did Not Speak.

One of the noticeable features of the picnic was the large number of political candidates present. They were there in goodly numbers, and it was remarkable the zeal with which they entered into the amusements. The boys, however, seemed to be "onto them," and generally gave them the cold shoulder. Mayor Emmick was billed for a speech, and while he had it in an inside pocket he was not given an opportunity of speaking.

The processionists were late in reaching the park, and therefore the speechmaking was left out of the program. President Booth, of the Central Labor union, who was also down for an address, was too busy in attending to other more important matters. He is a hustler from the word go, and deserves a good deal of the credit for the success of yesterday.

Games at the Park.

The schedule of games were well arranged and as well executed. There was not a hitch, although there was somewhat of a kick at the start on the question of allowing professionals to enter. Professionals were ruled out and everything went along swimmingly. Owing to the number of entries it was found necessary to divide the running races into heats. Following is the summary of the events:

One hundred yards dash—first heat: first, J. T. Hutchinson; second, D. C. Moore; third, John Zang. Second heat: first, Alfred Cook; second, Byrnes.

Final heat: Hutchinson, first; Cook, second.

Girls' race—100 yards: First, Alice Neal; second, Ida Binz; third, Amelia Ripples; fourth, Minnie Storck.

Wheelbarrow race—100 yards: First heat, first, Frank Cook; second, Charles Fitts; third. W. J. Ash. Second heat—First, George Peck; Second, D. Hickey; third, J. Gorman. Final heat—First, Cook; second, Peck.

Boys' race—100 yards: First heat, first, Willie Welsh; second, Louis Boemer; third, Geo. Hannon. Second heat—First, Clarence Jackson; second, Frank Ayers; third, John Guncy. Final heat—Jackson won.

Sack rate, 50 yards—First, J. T. Hutchinson; second, Chas. Fitt; third, D. Hickey.

Potato race for ladies, 50 yards, 20 potatoes. First heat—First, Ida Binz; second, Tenie Myer; third, Edith Barchent. Second heat—First, Aiken Neal; second, Amelia Ripples; third, Mrs. P. S. Brown. Final heat—Ida Binz won.

Hop, step and jump—First, Charles Breyman; second, M. Byrnes; third, J. G. Hutcaison. Breyman's 37 feet 9 inches.

Standing jump—First, M. Byrnes; second, J. Gorman; third, J. T. Hutchison. Burns' 11 feet, 4 inches.

Fat men's race, 100 yards—First, Fred Rudolph; second, Frank Bumm; third, E. J. Weiss.

Three legged race—First, Chas. Fitts and W. J. Ash; second, Breyman and Gilmore; third, Hutchison and Peck.

Hurdle race, 100 yards, over three hurdles—First, D. B. Gilmore; second, George Peck; third, C. Breyman.

The contests were very close and often exciting.

To the following committees much credit must be given for the perfect manner in which the day's proceedings were carried through:

President Booth, Reynold Voit, Wm. Fellows.

On Dance—Messrs. Sheran and Campbell.

On Steamboat Tickets—Messrs. Richardson, Voit and Farrell.

Judges on Games—Brunner, Reekil, Reilly, Carr and Kimmerlin.

Committee on Games—Rielly, Zimmerman, Carr and Fellows.

The Prize Baby.

The baby show which was held in the main hall of Schuetzen park naturally attracted a great deal of attention. There were 11 entries, and 11 handsomer specimens of humanity could hardly be found in any city in the country. It is said that every father thinks his neighbor's wife the best, but believes his baby is the best in the world. The committee of ladies were unprejudiced and their decision was universally indorsed except, of course, by the parents of the competitors. Mrs. J. Ludwig, of 726 Western avenue, carried off the first prize, the judges deciding that her 15-month-old was the beauty of the show. The 18-month-old babe of Mrs. Thomas Nichols took second place. The baby show was one of the features of the picnic and proved a success.

In the Evening.

The immense crowd of the afternoon was reinforced continuously up to 8 and 9 o'clock and it was an early hour this morning before the last visitor left the grounds. Considering the amount of liquor drank there was little or no rowdyism. There was a scrap on the way to the park between two members of the Pressmens' union but it did not amount to much and a few little quarrels at the park were soon quelled.

The dancing pavilion was well patronized from an early hour in the evening until midnight, and the committee must have raked in quite a pile on the dance alone. The crowds of dancers behaved most orderly and the committee saw to it that the best of good feeling and order prevailed.

The Labor Day picnic and procession of 1891 may be marked down as a great success with a big S.

The Knights at Put-in-Bay.

The Knights of Labor had a quiet but most pleasant Labor day. In a number of towns in the jurisdiction of D. A. 79, which is the central body of the knights in northwestern Ohio, with headquarters in this city, there were local celebrations of the day, with parades, speechmaking and picnics. Not to interfere with any other celebration, the Toledo knights made preparations for a quiet family picnic to Put-in-Bay on the City of Toledo. The day on the water was delightful, and all who availed themselves of the knights' outing had a most enjoyable time. The sum realized, a good one, will be devoted to entertaining the general assembly when it meets here in November.

Notes by the Way.

"A success! Well I should smile."

Did you see the cigarmakers display? 'Twas immense.

What's the matter with the typos? They're all right.

The hodcarriers made one of the finest trouts in the line.

The Woolson display was one of the features of the procession.

The painters were in line. Weren't they, though? No. 7 is all right.

The pavers had a striking display. John Kiley superintended the arrangements.

The bakers are no slouches when they turn out. They are a fine body of men.

The industrial display was not as large as last year, but it was better in quality.

The street car men desire to return thanks to the Messrs. Robison for courtesies extended.

Anton Buschen displayed several wagons when it came his turn. Sawdust, kindling and his stock-in-trade generally were in line.

The Buckeye Paint and Varnish company gave the public and idea of how they do business—an excellent display.

Johnson Bros., the furniture men, had a fine display. Their wagons were gaily bedecked, and carpets, furniture, etc., were there galore.

The Y. M. C. A. drum corps were right in line with their diminutive drum major, who twirled the baton with all the ease and grace of an old timer.

It is said that 12 of the girls in Woolson's refused to turn out, and they have now a rest. The institution that knew them will know them no more.

Cushing's real estate exchange had a novel turnout. The wheels of one wagon represented maps of the earth and signs flying to the breeze read, buy your earth of Cushing.

The immense crowds on the street made it hard for the police to keep a clear right of way for the procession, but Chief O'Dywer was on hand himself and run things admirably.

The divisions were in charge of the following marshals: First division, Grant Taylor; second division, Geo. Gilsdorf; third division, Ed. Rydman; fourth division, J. W. Young; fifth division, J. H. Rosboch; sixth division, J. F. Smith.

Some of the young ladies in the employ of the Woolson Spice Company were very, very shy and hid themselves behind a forest of parasols although the sun wasn't at all bright enough to bother them. The boys along the line tried in vain to penetrate the ambuscade that hid the long line of beauty but their efforts were fruitless.

The Lion coffee boys yelled until they were all yelled out. Their cry was "L—I—O—N Lion" concluding with a great big war whoop.

Cushing, the real estateman, was out in the parade pushing his business in an enterprising manner. He was full of vigor.

There were two ambulances in the parade—McGlynn's and Parks'—showing that the city is prepared to attend to the wants of the injured in as comfortable manner as possible.

Fred Behr's liquor store appeared to be temporarily moved from Adams street into the parade. He had a big wagon loaded far into the air with samples of what he had in stock.

HOW TO MAKE SPECTRE PHOTOGRAPHS.

Arthur S. Green, an American photographer, gives the following method of making the camera a source of amusement by the production of "ghost" or "shadow" pictures—for example, a seated man starting back in terror from his own spectre.

Make a background of the proper size stretching out some black material. Place the subject, draped in white or light clothing, in the right attitude to the right or left of the centre of the background, then focus the camera and expose the plate for half a second.

The impression will be that of a shadowy and ghost-like figure.

Take a chair and table, placing the chair in the centre of the background, and the table on the side away from the ghost. Seat the subject in a chair, with his head turned to the ghost; focus again, and give the plate a full exposure, which, if the light is good, should be about two seconds.

Develop and print in the usual way. Any object to be seen through the ghost should be photographed with 15 seconds' exposure before taking the picture of the ghost.

Other devices of the kind might be mentioned, but it will be more interesting to leave them to the ingenuity of the amateur.—New York Recorder.

SEA TURTLES.

The hawk's-bill turtle is one of the most curious and valuable of animals, though its flesh is not fit for food. It is from this variety that tortoise-shell jewelry is made. The plates of the shell are heart-shaped, pointing backward and overlapping each other, and are reduced by steaming and pressure, being so welded together that they appear to be homogeneous.

The feet of the hawk's-bill turtle are so shaped that they are perfect oars, and it is often found hundreds of miles from land, as much at home in the vasty deep as the shark or the whale. No animal is valuable for its shell unless it weighs at least 150 pounds, as otherwise the shell is too thin.

In ancient Rome the carapace of the hawk's-bill was used as a cradle and bathtub for the children, and as a shield for warriors.

The largest of the turtles is the trunk turtle, which reaches the length of eight feet and a weight of nearly a ton. The shell is used along the Mediterranean for making small boats and drinking troughs for animals.

TO TELL TIME BY YOUR BEARD.

"I never carried a watch in my life," said a New Yorker of 50. "A watch is a habit, not a necessary article. No man who carries a watch can be more regular in his habits than I am. I can get up at certain minute, and do so every morning. I can tell the time of day by feeling of my face.

"The beard grows exactly so much, and you can come within a reasonable time of the hour by passing the hand over your chin. Not that it is often necessary, because regular habits soon become second nature and you never think of wondering about the hour.

"Of course the man who lives on trains and boats a good deal has to wear a time-piece and time table."—New York Herald.

Annie Conant, a San Diego invalid, who has been endeavoring during the past year to collect 1,000,000 cancelled postage stamps, has succeeded in accumulating the enormous number of 970,000. This probably represents an expenditure by the people who used those stamps of between $18,000 and $20,000, and it is not likely that this enthusiastic collector secured more than an infinitesimal fraction of the stamps used by the people of the nation last year.

"OPEN OO MOUTH AND TAKE"
KEMP'S BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH CURE
Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles, 50 cents and $1.00.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

LADIES, $500 REWARD!
DR. ANDERSON'S ENGLISH FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are the safest and most reliable. Give them a trial and be convinced. Sent by mail, postpaid, per box $1, 3 boxes for $2.50.
Moka Medicine Co., Toledo, O.
Also for sale by F. Hohly, M. D., 402 Nebraska ave.; Wm. Kirchmaier & Son, 601 Adams st.; Auburndale Pharmacy, Monroe and Milburn ave.; Depot Pharmacy, Knapp and Broadway; F. B. Stephens, Tenth and Washington st.; G. Meinrz, Ph. C., cor 13th and Adams st.

"BEST OF ALL MEDICINES!"
DR. GREENE'S NERVURA
(Guaranteed Purely Vegetable and Harmless),
THE GREAT TONIC AND RESTORATIVE.

All who need a strengthening medicine—all who are nervous, weak, tired, languid, exhausted in nerve power and physical strength; who are sleepless, wake tired and unrefreshed, without strength and energy for the day's work; who have poor blood, headache, backache, dyspepsia, indigestion, gas, bloating, faint feelings, loss of appetite, constipation, kidney or liver complaint, should read the following:

"I was broken down with nervous and physical prostration before using Dr. Greene's Nervura, and life was a burden. *I wish I could shout loud enough to all the world could hear, and tell them the good* Dr. Greene's Nervura *has done for me.* It has made me from a *weak, trembling, nervous, irritable* man to one who feels he is on the high way to long years of health and happiness through Dr. Greene's Nervura.
ANDREW H. OLNEY,
Gibson, Steuben Co., N. Y."

"Dr. Greene's Nervura is a wonderful remedy for nervous prostration and those terrible tired, weak feelings that make life a burden. I feel that I cannot say enough in its praise for what it has done for me. *I wish every poor, tired woman on the face of the earth* could be induced to try it for three days. They would then understand its value, and life would not seem so wearisome and undesirable.
ETTA E. HAVEN,
41 Negers St., Webster, Mass."

DR. GREENE'S NERVURA is the best strengthening Tonic, Invigorator and Restorative in existence, for it makes the weak strong, invigorates the tired and overworked brain, enriches and vitalizes the blood, nerves the weary limbs and restores health and strength. Use it, sufferer, and you will never regret it. Druggists, $1.00.

Dr. Greene, the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases, 35 West 14th St., New York, can be consulted *free*, personally, or by letter. *Send for symptom blank.*

GUESS
Fill out this Blank and Mail to
The Chapman Hardware Co., Toledo, O.
NAME .....
STREET AND NO. .....
TOLEDO, O.
MY MOUNT IS .....
MY GUESS, on the number of Bicycles ridden in Toledo, IS .....
WE WANT
A guess from every Rider, for from the guesses we must determine the Number of Riders. This offer is open to only Toledo Riders.
First Prize, $25 / Second " 10 } GOLD!
Prizes Awarded October 15.
210 SUMMIT STREET.

OUR STOCK OF
FURNITURE!
MUST BE REDUCED
Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.
Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

Fishing Tackle,
House Furnishihg Goods,
Builders Hardware,
Bird Cages---A large line.
THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO

WEBER BROTHERS,
CLOTHIERS
Fall Goods!
NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.
409 AND 411 MONROE STREET.
Money Refunded on all Goods returned, if not Soiled.

JUST OUT
Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.
AGENTS WANTED.

Ely's Cream Balm For CATARRH
CURE FOR CATARRH COLD IN HEAD HAY FEVER ELY'S CREAM BALM 50c
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.

Occupying Our New Bank Building, No. 338 Summit St. Near Adams.
Merchants' and Clerks' Savings Bank.
Interest paid on deposits. Safe deposit boxes for the keeping of jewelry, valuable papers, etc., for rent. Every renter holds the key to his box.
OLIVER S. BOND, Prest. JOHN E. BAILEY, Vice Prest. E. L. SCHOMBURG, Cashier.

Notice to Contractors.

Sewers.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four inch shell, along the center line of the alley between Vance street and Forest street, from the sewer in Ewing street to the east line of Hawley street.

Also, for constructing a cylindrical brick sewer two feet inside diameter and four inch shell, along the center line of the alley between Vance street and Forest street, from the sewer in Ewing street to the east line of Hawley street.

Said work to be paid for in an assessment upon the lots and lands benefited thereby in proportion to the benefits, payable to the contractor or assigns one half in ten days after the confirmation of the assessment and the remainder in one year thereafter, except the cost of that part of the work in street intersections, which will be paid in cash within ninety days after the acceptance of the work.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

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Notice to Contractors.

Collingwood Avenue Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for improving Collingwood avenue from the junction of Detroit avenue to the bridge over the Ottawa river, by either macadamizing with broken stone, or paving with either boulder stone, old Medina stone or cedar blocks, the central thirty feet thereof, together with the necessary grading the same its full width, and providing for the necessary curbing, crosswalks, gutters, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after completion of the work and acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposit with the city clerk on each bid the sum of one hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

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Notice to Contractors.

Bridge Street Paving.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Monday,

THE 14th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for improving Bridge street from the paving in Front street to the dock line of the Maumee river, by paving the central fifty feet thereof with Medina block stone with joints filled with mastic cement, together with the necessary grading, curbing, crosswalks, drainage, etc.

The contractor or contractors who shall do the work herein provided for shall be paid in cash within ninety days after the completion of the work and the acceptance thereof by the city.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in this notice must deposite with the city clerk on each bid the sum of six hundred dollars. All deposits to be in cash or certified check on a bank doing a regular banking business in the city of Toledo, and accompanied by an agreement signed by the bidder and two disinterested persons, guaranteeing that if the bid is accepted a contract will be entered into—otherwise the amount deposited to be forfeited to the city; and in case a contract is entered into, said deposit to remain until first estimate of work done (or double the amount of deposit) is reported to the Common Council.

Bidders will be required to indorse their names on the outside of the envelope containing their proposal, and what the bid is for, the same to be filed with the city clerk. Bids not filed in accordance with the above requirements will be rejected.

Blank bids and envelopes can be obtained of the undersigned or of the city civil engineer.

Bidders must specify the time within which they will commence and complete the work after the acceptance of their bid.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the city civil engineer.

The council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

By order of the council.

C. H. DURIAN, City Clerk.

sep1eod2w

Notice to Contractors.

Dredging.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock at noon of Thursday,

THE 10th DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1891,

for dredging the channel in the Maumee River leading to Swan Creek, between Madison street and Monroe street, in accordance with the plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Civil Engineer.

All bids must be written with ink and the price of each item shall be written out in full as well as in figures. Each bid must contain the full name of every person interested in the same. All parties filing bids for the matters specified in

GUEST OF THE COMPANY.

W. H. Shelton's Experiences on a Lake Steamer.

Sumptuous Double Stateroom With Velvet Divans and Exquisitely Carved Furniture—From Toledo to Duluth.

W. H. Shelton, of Rochester, dropped into Toledo during the month of June and was hustled, as will be noticed, to Duluth in the Hadley. When he returned home Mr. Shelton penned an account of his trip for the Rochester Union Express and as many Toledoans have enjoyed the ride, it may serve to afford opportunity to compare notes. Here it is:

The thermometer was close to the nineties, the sun beating on the streets of Toledo and shimmering above the city in a way to remind one of the opening chapter of "Little Dorrit," with its description of the heat "throbbing over Marseilles one day." My business was with a wealthy citizen, part owner of one of the large lake steamers, the George G. Hadley, then loading with coal in the Maumee river for Duluth.

"Pack your bag and go aboard the Hadley at 12 o'clock for a two week's cruise and finish your work when you get back," suggested my western friend; "you'll have the best time you ever had in your life. You will be the guest of the company, lodged as comfortably as you would be if we were cruising on the Speranza."

This advice was frm the commodore of the Ohio Yacht club, whose flag schooner, by the way, is laid up in South Brooklyn, the commodore having temporarily shifted his affections to horses.

"Say you will go," he continued, "and I will 'phone my clerk and he will make all the arrangements with the captain." I said I would go.

The Hadley started at 10 o'clock instead of at 12, but I was hustled down in a cab, in time to throw my traps aboard, while the other passenger guest was ignominiously left behind but came out in the reporter's yawl boat as we passed Detroit.

A modern freight steamer on the lakes is worth while describing to the eastern mind. Please imagine a hull 315 feet long with the engines, boilers and coal bunkers just forward of the rudder post.

The dining saloon and a number of cabins are in the same group at the stern, surmounted by two huge black smoke stacks, flanked by a mass of funnels and boats. On the bow is another group of cabins, with the captain's office in the second story just under the bridge. In profile the boat looks like an elongated galley with high poop and forecastle. The spars are without sail and serve only for hoisting.

My baggage was thrown into a sumptuous double stateroom, with velvet divans and exquisitely carved furniture. To complete my comfort the cabin opened at one end into a spacious bath room and at the other a narrow stair led up to the captain's quarters. There was a little closet in the sort as black as ink—a very ideal place for shifting the plates for my camera.

The knives and forks and spoons in the dining cabin bear the sterling imprint of a well-known company of silversmiths, and behind the glass doors of a cupboard, back of the captain's chair, is an array of modern service that would do credit to the sideboards of a yacht.

As we steamed slowly down and through the drawbridges of the Maumee and out into the lake, the heat was intolerable, baking the painted wood work and glaring on the decks. The captain was on the bridge, under an umbrella piloting her out through the narrow channel.

As soon as we were well under way the hose was brought in play and the ship deluged with water. While I, stripped to my flannels was gasping for a breath of fresh air, the water was streaming from the roof and dashing against the windows of my cabin in a way that soon made the decks and bulwarks fresh and clean. As the hose worked aft, playing at the heads of the stokers when they ventured to peep out of the bunkers, I made my way out into the shade of the bridge and seated myself, where I caught what little breeze came over the bow. Among my supplies for the cruise I had laid in two bottles of whiskey and wondered afterward what I would ever do with it all. When the captain joined me, just before dinner, I suggested repairing to my cabin and taking an appetizer. From that moment I owned the boat.

Before entering Detroit river the air had freshened until it was delightful on deck, watching the Canadian shore through the skipper's glass. When we were boarded by the reporter's boat with the other passenger guest, and a copy of the Detroit Free Press, it was cool enough to put on our coats.

Meals were served on board promptly at 6, 12 and 6. As we came out from supper we were steaming across the beautiful St. Clair lake, just large enough in extent to leave the land a faint blue streak around the horizon. Owing to the extreme heat of the day, the sky had been from time to time piled with thunder cans, and as the sun set the variety of gorgeous cloud forms sobered down into a dome of infinite delicacy of tints, uniting in almost imperceptible lines, through the purple and golden haze, with the transparent surface of the lake. We seemed to be floating in the center of a vast globe of color, the sunset below as well as above us. An ugly sweep of black smoke streamed back from the double barreled funnels and a golden bar of light lay across the lake from the Michigan shore. Lying low on the horizon, athwart the delicate purple and lavender clouds, a tattered rone of coal smoke seemed to copmletely surround us, here shredded into almost impercentible strands and again spread out in recurring zig-zag masses, throwing deep shadows on the water. The cumulus clouds piled high in the eastern sky are tinted with orange and rose color. Across our bow a little steamer is gliding into the golden haze in the direction of Mt. Clemens. A Detroit excursion boat, with crowded decks, is ploughing across the bay of Sunset and on the starboard side a Johnny yacht is steaming gaily down the lake.

As we advance two strange-looking green furrows appear ahead, like a huge sign of equation, and between the ridges a strip of water which turns out to be the St. Clair canal, a canal surrounded by water, its artificial banks protecting the dredged channel over the marshes and shifting St. Clair flats. The walls for this ditch for commerce are heavily timbered and the earth thickly planted with not over thrifty willows. At either end a lighthouse guards the entrance to this narrow passage, which, like a huge funnel passes the enormous tonnage of the lakes through its slender neck, claimed to be at this point three times the aggregate tonnage passing through the Suez canal.

Last year the west side of the canal was newly timbered and this season the opposite side is undergoing the same process. Yellow sawn timbers are driven 20 feet into the sand as close as planking and bolted with massive string pieces.

Above the canal we pass through a winding channel between a bewildering succession of clubhouses and private residences constructed on made ground on the American side and a vast swamp growth of reeds and grasses on the Canadian side sweeping off in dark green waves into the surrounding lake. Thus gradually do the shores of the St. Clair river which stretches 39 miles to Port Huron and Grattiot light at the entrance of Lake Huron begin to close in. First above the canal on the left we passed the dark piles of the Detroit Dunolne and Fleming Club. A fringe of cottages pre-empted on government blocks leads on to the Rushmore club and the Star Island House. Then come the towns of St. Clair, Algonac and Marine City strung along the American side up to the imposing Oakland hotel.

We had left Toledo on the 16th of June and on the morning of the 18th, after lying at anchor for a few hours awaiting daylight, we were steaming slowly on the tortuous channel of the Sault Ste. Marie. I had been watching for the sunrise from my cabin window, and chanced to be looking out on the Canadian woods, when I felt the boat strike with a dull thud and noticed the water boil up with mud. The rudder gearing had parted at a point in the channel barely wide enough for two boats to pass, and drifting across we had landed with a nose in the mud completely barring the way. It was no later than 5:30, but an enterprising tug, cruising about in search for a victim, with a sprig of evergreen at the top of her flag-staff, was speedily at our side. The crew at once began rigging tackle to work the rudder by hand. In a half-hour's time, however, a Canadian passenger steamer and an English cutter, flying the Union jack were tied up to our starboard sail and a growing crowd of vessels was lying off above and below us. By 7:30 we were under way again and connection re-established with the steering engine in the bow.

The town of St. Marie lies at the entrance of the canal. On the left of the lock a green lawn planted with young trees and intersected by gravel walks forms a pleasant public park. On the right the tumbling cascades of the rapids foam over the rocks spanned by the airy trestle bridge of the Canadian Pacific, whose draw over the canal is mostly open, as the shipping has the right of way and the lock is usually crowded with a fleet of candidates waiting at either gate. Between the lock and the rapids the excavation for another lock is nearly completed, which in a year or two will double the facilities for passing to and from Lake Superior. The canal, which is less than a mile in length, is a massive granite structure built by the engineer corps of the United States army. The lock at the north end is 500 feet long and receives and discharges its water and swings its gates by hydraulic pressure, and is free to all vessels.

The total valuation of tonnage passing through the canal for 1890 is officially given as $102,214848.70. Before the construction of this government work, the cargoes of ships above and below the rapids of the "Soo" were shifted by means of a rickety railway, and no boat built on Lake Superior could pass out of that body of water, except the Indian canoe which shot the rapids.

Half-breed Chippewas still fish the rapids and the most delicious of white fish, taken in scoop nets, out of the cold water, turned up on the supper table of the Hadley as we steamed away past the little lighthouse on the bosom of Lake Superior.

June 19.—The unexpected is the order of the day. On Lake Huron we were rolled on choppy seas, under threatening skies, with the steam radiator turned on in the cabins. This morning we are steaming across Lake Superior over a sea of glass directly into the west, the blazing sun riding just above the smoke-stacks, the hills of Wisconsin looming through a soft purply mist on the port bow. For all the eye sees we might be sailing a tropical sea, with burning decks, through pulseless air; but, on the contrary, I am sitting in thick flannels, with back against the forward cabins, basking in a grateful warmth. A slight throbbing of the engines and a spray of steam puffing over the rail are all the visible indications of motion. The tinkling of a guitar, the scraping of a coal shovel, and a ticking of the woodwork as she warps along are the only sounds I hear. Not a ship within the rim of the horizon.

The sailors will tell you with solemn faces that this is the lake that never gives up its dead.

The water is as cold as ice and so sweet and pure as it comes from the pumps in the engine room that you take it in as a luxury, and regret that you can drink no more. Every morning at sunrise the decks are flooded with water until the cleanliness on board is cheek and jowl with the Godliness above and about us. At noon the lake just fretted by the wind is a boundless circle of glittering blue, the dome of the sky, almost colorless at the base, is tinted above with a faint azure flecked by a few fleecy clouds. Still in all the circumference of the horizon not an object is moving except our long craft, with its tall masts and black pipes. We are long past Keweenaw Point and heading directly away for the group of the Apostle Islands, which we pass at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, lifting their wooded tops in the hazy port offing.

Just before midnight we descry from the bridge the electric lights of Duluth stretching up on to the granite hills behind and circling around the landlocked harbor of the busy grain port of the northwest. It is a hazy, moonlight night. The great elevators loom into the sky on every hand, interposing their huge bulk between us and the twinkling lights of the town; the long, glittering reflections from the electric lights pierce the still, blue water in bewildering perpendicular shafts. We have had an enchanting first view of Duluth sleeping on her granite hills encircling her beautiful harbor, and we turned and resolved to examine the city more closely.

W. H. SHELTON.

A FIGHT WITH GUERRILLAS.

On the plaza of Jalapa the hostile feeling against the Yankees had its first outbreak. A great crowd gathered about the red-shirted horseman as we rode into the plaza on Sunday, and a rush was made by the mob to dismount us and drive us from our saddles. But a vigorous charge promptly made against the mob with threatening revolvers kept them back and gave safe escape to the hard-pressed horsemen. Through the villages of the country parts were received by the senoras and senoritas with kindness, but by the males with frowns and threats, and with the significant gesture of a finger drawn across the throat. In no place were we safe from attack except in groups which commanded safety and respect. To them in their ignorance we were still Yankees and soldados. One night a little way beyond Jalapa, our entrance into one of their walled towns caused great excitement; a general alarm was rung on the cathedral bells, messengers rode out in haste to alarm the surrounding haciendas, and natives flocked into the town, two or three mounted on the back of each mule, armed with escopettes. But we remained close inside the strong gates of our hacienda, and, the excitement subsiding, we were allowed to leave without an attack early the next day.

Camping for the night, sentries were stationed, and pickets were posted, and the animals were secured with lariats inside the picket line, but sometimes, when guerrillas abounded, in the center of the camp. Once only did these ladrones make an open demonstration. We were in a section of country covered with low bushes, in which jack-rabbits, wild turkeys and other game were abundant. No towns were near, and, feeling secure, a large part of the company was scattered in pursuit of the game, hoping to secure enough to fill our camp-kettles on our next halt, for we had been some days on short rations. The Mexican women were always friendly, and presently some were met on the trail, calling out to us: "Ladrones! ladrones!" and pointing forward on our path. At this our stragglers were called in. The robbers were a large band of well-mounted and well-armed men, and had filed across our road in the bed of an arroya, or dry stream. To fight as a troop of cavalry with camp equipage and cooking utensils dangling from our saddles, or to wait a charge from them, would have been sure defeat. So I dismounted a part of my troops, and in platoons at double quick charged towards the guerrillas. Evidently a fight with the hated Yankees in red shirts was not what they desired, for, as we came within short range, their leader gave the word "Vamos," and away they galloped down the ravine helter-skelter, and we saw them no more. We certainly were not a handsome crowd at this time.

At National Bridge we saw the wreckage and the mildewed bones of that battle field, and looked with wonder upon the fortified height that guarded the entrance of the almost perpendicular heights, up which Gen. Harney's dismounted dragoons worked their way with the help of bushes and grass, and to which they clung in the face of a sweeping fire from the Mexican batteries on its summit, which they captured with a rush, turning their own guns upon the artillerists as they ran down the opposite side of the hill. We feared having to force our way over this bridge, but were not molested.

Upon the heights of Cerro Gordo we camped for our monday meal. Upon its crested battle-field where Santa Anna made his most stubborn fight, we kindled our own fires and dinned water from its springs, now covered with slime green vegetation. We drank our coffee under the shade of the same trees where the descendants of the same tribes who

HIS FIRST SLEEPING CAR.

The Young Briton Had an Embarrassing Experience, and Finally Went to Bed with Boots On.

He was a stockily built young Britisher and this was his first visit to America. His home is in Yorkshire, and his English brogue could be cut up into chunks as slippery and infinitesimal as your summer ice.

"I struck my first sleeping car on the night of my arrival in Canada," he said. "It was the first time I was ever in an American sleeping car, though I had heard of them. To my surprise there were no seats visible. Those mysterious curtains hung on both sides of a narrow aisle, and the lights were turned down low.

"I knew then that people were sleeping behind those curtains, for I distinctly heard a snore. I had no idea where my bed was, don't you know, and as for rummaging along indiscriminately—the cold chills went creeping along my spine at the very idea. Some American would kill me.

"'Where do I sleep?' I finally asked the porter, compelled at last to display my ignorance.

"The black man looked at me a minute, his eyes getting bigger and whiter all the time, and his mouth finally spread so much I was alarmed. He took my check, 'Number fo'teen,' said he, 'right han' side, uppah.'

"Thanking him apologetically, I went carefully among the curtains until I came to one with a card hanging in front of it with my number. I had heard that Americans usually undressed and went to bed just as if they were at home; but I saw no place to sit down to pull off my boots, and I am a little modest anyhow, and so I thought I'd just lie down as I was.

"Pulling my curtains aside, I nearly fainted when I discovered a lady in my berth. She discovered me at the same time and gave a yell that awoke everybody in the car but the man who snored. You could hear him blowing away more distinctly in the painful silence of the moment. At that time I heard the prolonged ring of an alarm bell in the porter's room.

"That individual came shuffling down the aisle among the tangled heads that were sticking out here and there and wanted to know what was the matter.

"'Oh say, porter,' said I, 'I don't understand this—here's a lady in my berth.'

"'Yo' berth is uppah, sah. I said uppah!' The porter explained and he showed me a shelf with a bed on it right above the lady.

"'Dear me,' said I, quite innocently, 'I never saw one before and you'll pardon me I'm sure.'

"I heard more giggling and sniffing along the aisle while I was a trifle embarrassed you know. The lady I had disturbed laughed pleasantly and forgave me courteously.

"'How am I to get up there porter?'

"'Climb, sah, climb,' replied the black.

"'Step right on my bed,' said the lady.

"'Good gracious!' she exclaimed, as I hoisted myself, 'if the Britisher hasn't gone to bed with his boots on!'

"Everybody was now laughing at my expense, you know, and, to tell the truth, I was so much amused at my adventure I could hardly refrain from laughing myself."—Washington Post.

FARM AND GARDEN.

How to Put On the Bridle.

To make a horse take in the bit stand on the near side. With the right hand raise the bridle up in a position with bit touching the lips. With fingers of left hand supporting bits insert the thumb and touch the roof of the mouth, which will instantly open; pull up with the right hand and the bits are in. No scolding, no pounding teeth with bit, no gouging gums with thum nail; be cool and quiet and all is easy. Many people have much trouble in making horses take in the bits, which is unnecessary if this course is pursued. Have an eye always to the comfort and convenience of the colt. Should the harness chafe the tender skin, pad with patent leather, and anoint the galled places with vaseline. It is a good plan, especially in warm weather after a drive, to wash all places where the harness touches with some mild liniment or body wash or a mild solution of salt and cold water, which will answer very well.—D. H., in Clark's Horse Review.

American Pomological Society.

When the American congress of fruit growers met in Cincinnati in 1850 and formed the American Pomological society, the great leading object was to improve the pomology of the country, diffuse intelligence in fruit culture, establish the value of newly introduced varieties, correct errors, and especially to advance the taste of the people at large in the refinement which horticulture generally tends to promote. One of the most important services, says the Country Gentleman, was the production of the great catalogue of fruits.

Many of the most active and influential members are at the present time and always have been nurserymen. From the society they have received much valuable information in connection with their business, and been aided in the selection of the fruits which they have cultivated. But the work of the society has never been to advertise private enterprises, or to help laudatory schemes for making money. Its work has been of a higher character; and in this work it has accomplished a service and exerted an influence throughout the country unequalled by any other organization. Those who witnessed its formation, and those who are now its chief supporters and laborers, strongly desire to maintain undiminished its exalted character.

Nurserymen have an excellent opportunity for becoming public benefactors. In the course of their business they may also set the example for improved landscape adornment. The members of the American Pomological society, while improving the horticulture of the whole country, may also advance the intelligence and refinement of their own neighborhood. A single example of the kind, out of many which might be narrated, will illustrate this point. Many years ago a young nurseryman moved and settled in a neighborhood where little attention of the kind had ever been given, and the only cultivated fruits were two or three of the commonest kinds. He instructed himself and succeeded in promoting a higher work among his neighbors. In less than twelve years a striking change had taken place. The finest varieties of pears, peaches and other fruits were cultivated by them, and more finish was observed in their dooryard arrangements. The example which he had set had produced a vivid impression. The whole circle of reliable fruits had become well known.

On the Hen Question.

W. J. Kimball writes an article to the Sanbury News that can be read with profit by city and suburban residents. Mr. Kimball says: In these days when there is so much to say about the Farmers' alliance and capital and labor, I feel moved to speak for one class of workers who make no attempt to speak for themselves. I am sure they are industrious, unobtrusive, busy on rainy days as well as fine ones, and if their employer provides as he ought they never lay off. Moreover people overlook the fact that they work on the Sabbath, and if anyone has noticed it, they did not object; in fact rather admired it. To be brief, I refer to the domestic bird called the hen.

I have kept a small number each year, but raise no chickens in the spring. Two summers I have kept seven hens in a slat coop five feet in every direction, moving the coop on new ground every two or three days. They laid steadily all summer, and were perfectly contented. Of course if you take a wild chicken and shut it up it will not be happy. You want to raise them from their earliest youth to be driven, or to stay when you wish in a small yard. They like it just as well as if you let them live in the onion bed. Hens do not lack perception. They like pretty good manners the same as a cow does. You don't want to scream at them. The proper way to teach them is to go before them with a dish of wheat and not look back. Go right in the gate, they are at your heels. When they are mature in their education you can drive them like sheep, but gently.

Here is my account since the first of April: 11 hens, 91 eggs; May, 9 hens, 153 eggs; June, 8 hens 129 eggs; July 20 S hens, 103 eggs; total, 476 eggs.

There may be as much policy in keeping fowls in boundaries as there is in keeping cattle or sheep by themselves. Like other things you can get too many for the size of the ground. When they are shut in there is no loss of eggs, and they can be looked over every day. No one can count chickens before they are hatched, but afterward it is a good plan to count them often.

I do not publish this report of eggs thinking our hens are a bit smarter than others. If those who keep chickens would keep a daily account of the eggs brought in the number would be larger than anyone would be apt to think by guessing at the amount.

HARVESTING INDIAN CORN.

The corn crop, which is now rapidly maturing, and more promising than it was a few years ago, will soon be fit for harvesting. Good cultivators consider it a safe rule to begin cutting up corn as soon as the grain is glazed, and this ought certainly to be done if wheat is to be sown upon the ground. Of course the crop should be secured before severe frosts take place, as they greatly damage the fodder. As nipping frosts are liable to occur in most corn-growing sections of the north any time after the middle of September, the crop should be cut up and stacked or housed as early as practicable. In localities subjected to early frosts, cutting up corn will be the most important labor of the month. The best practice is to cut close to the ground, leaving as little stub as possible. For this purpose a short-handled hoe, with the blade ground sharp and kept so by the use of a file while at work, is the most convenient implement. Fodder corn should be cut and secured on the first intimation of frost. But if only cut and laid in rows it will not be injured by the frost as much as if left standing.—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Wheat and the Time for Sowing.

Experiments in various methods of seeding wheat have been conducted for series of years at the Ohio experiment station with the following results:

In the average of four years' experiment, wheat covered one inch or less has produced at the rate of 34 bushels per acre; that covered two inches has produced 35 bushels, and that covered three inches 34 bushels. Judging from a smaller number of experiments it does not seem advisable to sow deeper than three inches.

In the average of six years, wheat sown with the roller-press drill has yielded about eight per cent. more than that sown with the ordinary drill. More or less increase has followed the roller-press in almost every season, but single trial has given results unfavorable to the use of the common roller after seeding.

Broadcasting wheat has this year yielded about the same as that drilled; but in the average of five years the produce from broadcast seed is considerably smaller than from the same quantity of seed drilled.

The results of seven years' experiments point clearly to the latter part of September or first of October as the most favorable season for sowing wheat on this farm.

A single experiment, made this year, fails to show any advantage in favor of cross drilling over sowing the same quantity of seed in the ordinary manner.

No larger crop has been produced this year from mixed seeds of two varieties than from pure seed of the same variety sown separately.

The land upon which these experiments were made lies in the valley of the Olentangy, one of the largest branches of the Scioto. The soil is yellow loam, part first and part second bottom. It is either naturally undertained with gravel or artificially drained with tiles, and its average yield of wheat for 13 years has been over 25 bushels per acre, on an annual acreage of about 30 acres.

Culture and Soil Required for Growth of Chestnut Tree.

In a bulletin recently published by the Pennsylvania Experiment station (located at State College P. O., Centre county), Prof. William A. Buckhout gives some valuable information relative to the culture of the chestnut.

The chestnut cannot be grown successfully on heavy clays, wet soils or limestone land. It prefers loose, sandy soils, or such as has been derived from the decomposition of slates or shales. In Ohio it is found native on the sand ridges, which border on the lake shore, and on the shady hillside of some of the hill counties in the southern portion of the state, but never on the limestones which cover the western and southwestern portions of the state, nor can it be cultivated in this region with any prospect of success.

The chestnut grows readily from the seed, but great care must be exercised not to permit the nuts to become dry. To accomplish this they must be planted as soon as gathered, or else must be kept in moist sand until ready to plant. If possible the nuts should be planted where the tree is to stand, as the chestnut has a long tap-root which renders transplanting difficult.

Our native chestnut is practically of but one variety; but the European chestnut is not only much larger and finer than the American, but has produced, under cultivation, a number of varieties, some of which are highly esteemed for the superior quality of their fruit. The trees do not grow so large as the American and come into bearing more quickly; the latter does not usually fruit until ten or twelve years old.

Within the past few years species from Japan have been introduced into the United States. Unfortunately they do not appear to be entirey hardy, except in the south and some favored localities in the middle states. They are quite dwarf in habit, produce nuts larger even than the European, and begin to fruit when they are but four or five years old.

These two characters, of small size and early fruitfulness, give them special value, and if they can be worked upon stocks of the American species we can secure trees which will bear earlier and produce larger nuts than our native species.

The supply of chestnuts never equals the demand in this country, and many districts in which the trees are abundant derive a very respectable income from the sale of the nuts. It is therefore obvious that this is an industry which can be made far more productive and profitable than it now is, since very little effort has been mad e towards cultivation.

Keeping Milk Sweet.

Comparatively little progress has been made toward the invention of means for keeping milk sweet in hot weather, except in the direction of mechanical appliances for the economical use of ice. These appearances are not wholly a success in such seasons as this, when the ice crop failed to materalize in so many sections. The Iowa Experiment Station has found chemical means for preserving small quantities of cream or milk for use in the "churn test" at creameries; but these chemical agents are in many cases deadly poisons, and of course are not to be thought of as preservatives for ordinary use. A small quantity of milk can be preserved for domestic use by the following method: The fresh milk is put into wide mouthed bottles. The bottles, which ought not to be quite full, are then corked tightly with a wad of raw cotton two or three inches long. The bottles are next placed, five or six at a time, in a pan of water, which is heated to boiling for at least half an hour. The bottles are then put in the shade, still corked with cotton, and let stand till wanted for use. This plan is especially valuable where milk has to be kept for feeding a baby, for the heating destroys all disease germs, making the milk more digestible and healthful. Of course this plan is impracticable in ordinary dairy use.

A large part of the early souring of milk is caused by the milk coming in contact with acid matter which acts as a "starter" on the new milk, the souring being a growth much as yeast is a growth in bread-making. Ordinary washing and scalding are scarcely enough in hot weather to destroy germs which hasten decay. A little common baking soda added to the water used in washing milk utensils of all kinds has a fine effect in sweetening everything. These germs which produce sourness flourish best in a damp atmosphere. Dampness is common in milk rooms in summer on account of the rapid evaporation of the water used in cleansing, and even from the milk itself. A good remedy for dampness is to place a pail of fresh, unslacked lime in the room. It will do much to purify the air, destroy the mold and absorb the odors arising from the milk. Any old tin pail will answer to hold the lime and not over ten cents worth every two weeks need be used.

It will be possible in the near future, I think, to adopt the methods now employed in making artificial ice to use in preserving milk in farm dairies, but till that time we must make the best use we can of such simple means as are at our command, as we have suggested. —Western Stockman.

ARGONAUTS OF '49.

It was Sunday morning when we dropped anchor near St. Juan de Ulloa, with its quaint ancient tower, and the city of Vera Cruz just before us.

The uniformed customs officials speedily boarded us from a small boat, and while the clanging of some scores of musical Spanish bells from the cathedral towers filled the air, the officers were entertained by an encounter between two of our pugnacious gold-hunters, who struck vigorously from the shoulder. We received a speedy permission to land, as the officials did not appear to enjoy our companionship. Sunday was passed in looking at the sights in the old Spanish city, battered and bombarded as it had been two years before by the artillery of Gen. Scott. Walls and buildings constructed of coral rocks were shattered as he had left them, fragments of bombs and solid shot lay about the streets where his cannon had fired them, and along the beach were numerous dilapidated wrecks of surf-boats where he had abandoned them. Numerous army wagons, caissons, and artillery carriages were scattered about and thousands of Yankee-made pack-saddles were offered us for our journey. These and much other paraphernalia, the production of army contractors, had only served the purpose intended—that of enriching the contractors. The only pack-saddle found useful was the Mexican one, consisting of two great pillows of leather connected and hung astride the mule, and weighing without the "cargo" some eighty pounds, on the top of which or suspended from it would be a load of some two hundred pounds.

As our war with Mexico had just closed, and the ignorant masses yet held us in the same enmity with which they had regarded their conquerers, matters did not look favorable for a peaceful passage over the whole extent of Mexico, especially as we expected to follow the route taken by Scott's army, to the pass over battle-fields where, as we learned, bleached skeletons lay still unburied. The government, in fact the whole country, was yet in a state of demoralization, and guerillas and robbers infested almost every mile of the way. Besides this, merchants of intelligence in Vera Cruz warned us that we were almost sure to be robbed and murdered, that if we should escape this fate we could not find provisions on our journey for men or beast, and that we would almost surely break down our animals, and be glad to resort to horse or mule meat to sustain life. Impressed by these tales (which found fulfillment to some extent even as to mule meat, with rattlesnakes added), about fifty of the most pronounced and boastful among our company took a return pasage on the vessel for New York.—Century.

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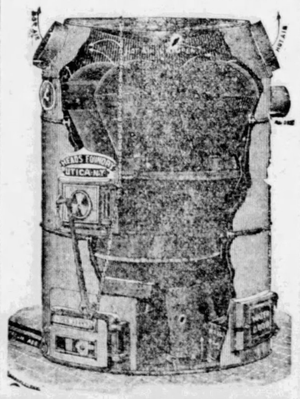

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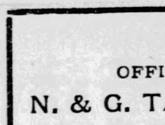

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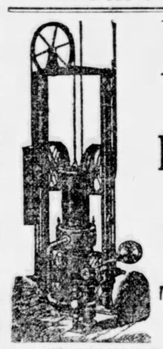

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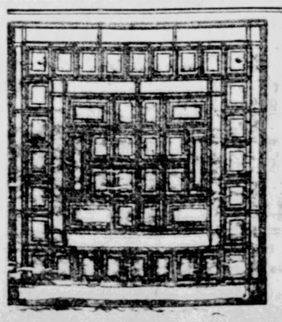

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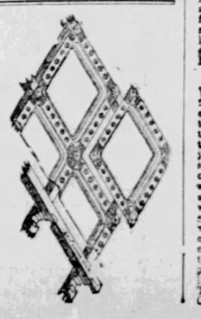

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TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful error, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

PATENTS PROCURED
WM. WEBSTER
Patent Attorney
311 Superior Street
TOLEDO, O.
Phone 858.

Dissolution.
The partnership heretofore existing between Wm Monaghan and Wm McDonough, under the firm name of Monaghan & McDonough, doing business at 587 Prouty ave, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Wm Monaghan retiring. The assets and liabilities of the late firm are assumed by Wm McDonough.
WM. MONAGHAN.
WM. McDONOUGH.

DON'T FAIL
To try Dr. Bigelow's new method for the painless extraction of teeth.
Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays extracting is half price.
115 Summit St.
Phone 1234.
Miss Chaney, Secy.

Don't Get It Into Your Head
when you go by
MERRELL BROS.
At the corner of Monroe and Huron,
that they handle nothing but old traps.
If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.
These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

FOR MEN ONLY A New Book on Chastity and Abuses. Fully explaining the cause of nervous debility, lack of energy and strength, all weak, shrunken, undeveloped organs and parts of the body. Also the only correct, surest cure for nervous, sexual, and genito-urinary debility and decay, the effects of early errors and indiscretions, resulting in loss of body and mind, unnatural losses, nervousness, partial or total impotence, etc., cured to stay cured. Every condition, remedy and mode explained fully restored, unless beyond human aid. Mention this paper. Sent free in plain sealed envelope to any address. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO.
One of Main and Swan streets, BUFFALO, N. Y.

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.
Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

Cook's Cotton Root
COMPOUND.

A recent discovery by an old physician. Successfully used monthly by thousands of ladies. Is the only perfectly safe and reliable medicine discovered. Beware of unprincipled druggists who offer inferior medicines in place of this. Ask for COOK'S COTTON ROOT COMPOUND, take no substitute, or inclose $1 in letter, and we will send, sealed, by return mail. Full sealed particulars in plain envelope, to ladies only, 2 stamps. Address POND LILY COMPANY, No. 3 Fisher Block, Detroit, Mich.

The Mormon Elders' Book on sexual strength, mailed free to married men, address F. B. Cronch, 289 Grand St., New York

MEN ONLY
REMEDY FREE.
Manhood restored. Parts enlarged. I have a certain cure, and will gladly send the recipe (sealed) FREE to any sufferer. It is a simple and harmless cure. Address, CHAS. H. GATE, Box 66, Marshall, Mich.

WEAK MEN CURED.
NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE
NO STOMACH DRUGGING.
Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weaknesses of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and nervousness. WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 69, ALBION, MICH.

Corns in 3 to 4 DAYS
The Hanford Remedy for Corns, Bunions and Sore Feet. The only safe remedy for Lumbermen or Whites. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONER, M. D.,
Sold by Druggists. DECATUR, ILL.
PRICE $1.00.

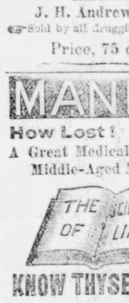
Chichester English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

STOP.
HAVE YOU THE CATARRH?
If you have, use the
WHITE INDIAN CATARRH CURE.

IT WILL CURE YOU.
It has cured and will cure when all other medicines failed.
It is warranted.
Manufactured by
J. H. Andrews, M. D., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by all druggists.
Price, 75 cts. per bottle.

MANHOOD
How Lost! How Regained!
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



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Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth, gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements FREE! SEND NOW. of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. ELECTRICITY, SURGERY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., or Post Office Box 1895.
HEAL THYSELF
The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equals. Beware of imitations.

DR CLARKE
Merrill Bl'k, Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, Detroit, Mich.
THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Is still treating with the greatest
SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL
PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.
URINARY AND KIDNEY
complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.
DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.
No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write DR. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address
Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.

THE EVANS PRIVATE DISPENSARY.
180 Ontario Street, Cleveland O.
Opposite E. B. Hull's Clothing Store.
Established for the cure of all Skin, Blood Nervous and Private Diseases. In the treatment of which it is unequaled.
SYPHILIS cured permanently by the most rapid, safe and effective remedy known. An absolute cure guaranteed.
GONORRHEA cured in the shortest possible time. Sure, safe and painless.
LOST MANHOOD and all weaknesses of the sexual organs positively and permanently cured.
STRICTURE or difficulty in relieving the bladder cured without pain or instruments.
CATARRH and all diseases of the Skin, Blood, Heart, Liver and Kidneys treated with eminent success.
SPERMATORRHEA, quickly and PROSTATORRHEA radically cured.
NIGHT EMISSIONS and SEXUAL WEAKNESS thoroughly and completely cured and a perfect restoration to health and manly vigor guaranteed.
RHEUMATISM, LAME BACK, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, NEURALGIA, ASTHMA and all diseases of the THROAT, LIVER, KIDNEYS, HEART and LUNGS quickly relieved and permanently cured.
THIS IS THE BEST equipped, the largest and most reliable Medical dispensary in the United States for the cure of the above named diseases as well as OLD SORES and ULCERS, FEVER SORES, ECZEMA, BARBER'S ITCH, etc., which are by the mode of treatment practiced at this institution rapidly and radically cured.
THE TREATMENT given at this Dispensary is peculiarly our own and entirely different from that given by any medical practitioner, the remedies used being the discoveries of our Dr. Samuel Charles Evans, who has given the best years of his life to their production and perfection. They are infallible. Their efficacy is amply attested by the thousands of cures that have been performed by our treatment. No one need suffer from the many ills above enumerated because we can guarantee a cure if the sufferer will but call at our Dispensary or write us.
OUR GUARANTEE IS NO CURE NO PAY. In proof of which we are willing and anxious to take the cases of RESPONSIBLE AFFLICTED PERSONS THAT PASS. Those suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, the symptoms of which are a dull, distressed mind, which unfits them for performing the business and social duties of life, making happiness and marriage an utter impossibility, anxious depression of spirits, evil forebodings of the future, feeling as tired in the morning as when retiring, loss of blood, trembling, confusion of thoughts, watery and weak eyes, constipation, paleness, pain and weakness in the limbs, etc., should consult us at once and immediately be restored to strong, vigorous MANHOOD.

YOUNG MEN
Who are victims of SOLITARY VICE—that fearful and health destroying habit which annually sweeps thousands upon thousands of young men of brilliant mind, great talents, strong manhood and bright prospects for the future to an early grave. All who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary vice should call at our Dispensary at once or write us for advice and have sent to them free our "List of Questions" and Medical Book, which will, on receipt of four cents in postage stamps, be mailed under cover of plain envelop, sealed and free from observation. All cases and correspondence are treated with the confidence that our high reputation guarantees they will receive. Those unable conveniently to call

The Bee.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, 1 to 6 weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 30 cents, two times 20 cents, three times 30 cents, and four times 40 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: Once, 20c; Three times, 50c; Six times 90c.

MEN—Wanted, men on Lenk st to work on gas line, $1.50 per day. Call cor Lenk and Vance sts. 8sep2

WANTED—Polishers and buffers. The Central Chandelier Co. 8sep2

WANTED—For the United States army able-bodied, unmarried men, between the ages of 21 and 35 years; good pay, rations clothing and medical attendance; applicants must be prepared to furnish satisfactory evidence as to age, character and habits. Apply at 4th floor, Bass block, Calhoun st, Ft Wayne, Ind. 3jly3m

WANTED—Twenty-five coal shovelers, at Ironville, at once; none but good men need apply. Inquire of N S Bingham at dock 8sep6p

BARBER—Wanted, barber, 1359 Broadway; steady work year round. 8sep6p

COATMAKER—First-class coatmaker wanted; steady work; good position for right man. C Schlegel, Defiance, O. 8sep3

WANTED—Ten good men at quarries of Toledo Glass and Sand Co, near Sylvania; wages $1.25 per day; board $3 per week. 29aug-tf

1000 MEN Wanted—To be measured for a custom made pant at $3 or suit at $13.25 at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co. 603 Adams st. 10ox21mp

WIRE WORKERS—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

FEMALE HELP WANTED

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, an experienced girl cook for housework; no washing. Apply at 242 Monroe st. 8sep3p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a competent girl for general housework at 321 Warren st, between Madison and Adams sts. 8sep3p

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. Inquire at 725 Walnut st. 8sep3p

LADIES who will do writing for me at their own home will find profitable work. Address with self-addressed envelope Miss Edna L Smythe, South Bend, Ind. proprietor of the famous Gloria water for the complexion. 8sep2

HOUSEKEEPER—Wanted, a good housekeeper; one who will be able to sew. Call at 423 Floyd st. 7sep3p

WANTED—Girl, good cook; first-class wages paid. 2657 Parkwood ave. 5sep3

WANTED—A competent girl for general housework, must be a good cook; references required. Corner Parkwood and Bancroft 5sep3

WANTED—Girl to do housework in a small family. 2128 Franklin ave. 5sep6p

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs W M Bellman 244 21st st 5sep-tf

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl for general housework at 322 Michigan st, opposite High school building. 2sep6p

WANTED—Good German girl to do kitchen and laundry work; must be a good cook; good wages. Mrs Chas T Lewis, 153 Prescott st. 1sep-tf

WIVES—Wanted—To tell their husbands to get their clothes made at the Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. Suits $13.25, pants $3. 10aug1mp

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 932 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

EXPERIENCED SECOND GIRL wanted; must come well recommended. Call between 7 and 9 in the evening at 806 Huron st, cor Walnut. 7sep3

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Third floor over Hudson's shoe store, 145 Summit st; suitable for light manufacturing purposes. Inquire Brown, Eager & Hull. 8sep6

ROOMS—For rent, nicely furnished rooms by the week or for strangers visiting the fair. Apply at 58 Ontario st between Monroe and Washington. 8sep6p

ROOM—Nicely furnished front room with b and, suitable for one or two gentlemen, at 322 Huron st, between Adams and Madison; references required. 8sep6p

FOR RENT—Two rooms beautifully located on First st, East Toledo No 724, only short distance from the Cherry st. bridge; newly furnish d heated by gas well lighted; excellent artesian water; only 60c and 75c each for two in each room; prepared for students, clerks or business men. 7sep3p

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room, for club, parties or secret societies. Inquire Louis John, 421 St Clair st. 1aug3m

FOR RENT—Suit of office rooms fronting on Adams, in the Cook block, cor Adams and Superior sts. Address P J Hines, 234 St Clair st, Toledo O. 5sep6p

ROOMS—For rent, front rooms, 3d floor over R Hudson's shoe store, splendidly located for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply to Brown, Eager & Hull. 3sep6

ROOM—For rent nicely furnished front room suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife, on bath room floor, at 712 Madison st. 1sep6p

OFFICES—For rent, rooms 1 and 2 Worthington block, corner Adams and Superior sts. Inquire of Dr E M Cook. 10aug-tf

ROOMERS—Wanted, from all parts of the city to call and get a pair of our elegant custom made pants for $3 or suit for $13.25 upwards. Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 603 Adams st. 10aug1mp

MISCELLANEOUS

C GOODWIN, the optician, has removed to 47 Adams st, where he is prepared to suit everybody with spectacles. C P Goodwin. 18aug1m

FIRE, accident, marine, plate glass and life insurance; real estate, houses for rent and for sale. Lois in Dewson's addition on easy terms. Phone 1288. C. C. & H. H. (“Bert”) Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite post office. 6aug-tf

STAMPS, corporate seals and stencils, all kinds and sizes; a large style of letters to select from; prices low; work finished promptly. Wyman Boardman, 409 St Clair st, near Adams. 18aug1m

WANTED—Citizens of Toledo to know that Roella the artist has moved from Fourth ward to Hassenzahl's block, 324 Cherry st. Call if you want fine photography. 26aug1m

ANY ONE having money to loan on improved city or farm property at good rates will find it to their interest to call on T. S. Merrell, 312 Madison st. No charge for investment. 17aug1yr

FOR THE BEST—Tomato catsup ever made, and for the finest delicacies in cheese, fish, etc., go to A. Hensch & Co., 67 Monroe street. Wholesale and retail. 17aug1m

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquire Louis John 426 St Clair st. 1aug1m

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spain, corner Monroe and Market Square. Advice given free 7aprlyr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jan1y

GEORGE W MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 11 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. 1jan1yr

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order. Cisterns delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 511. The Marrel Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 2may1y

FOR RENT OR SALE.

DRUG STORE—For sale, a good drug store in Toledo, O, established 16 years, will invoice $2,500; will sell for $2,000 or will sell at invoice; good reasons for selling. Address D 6, care Bee. 8sep6p

FOR RENT—The best boarding house in Toledo, centrally located with all modern conveniences; long established; furniture for sale. I H Hetzler & Co. 8sep3p

FOR RENT—Meat market, furnished complete. Cor Collingwood and Hicks st. 5sep3p

FOR RENT—A large new boarding house and bar room, in the city of Findlay, near 4 stories. Free gas. Address M C Mackey, Findlay, O. 4sep6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient for business. Apply to W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

WANTED AGENTS.

WANTED—Our agents make $300 to $500 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $300 and expenses after a 30 days trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to said territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 1 v3m

WANTED—SITUATIONS

WANTED—By lady, a position as collector or any kind of office work. Address L Y Z 50 Illinois st. 8sep3

WANTED—Work, washing, hotel, restaurant or house cleaning. Address 101 Prouty ave. 7sep3

WANTED—By an American woman, situation as housekeeper. Full particulars by addressing Mrs A F Raymond, Portage, Wood Co, O. 5sep3

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—New house, 10 rooms, furnace, bath room, cellar, all the modern conveniences; lot 25x168½ feet, on Bush st near Superior; price $3,200. Inquire at 509 Bush st. 8sep3p

ORGAN—For sale, for only $35 cash, a full 5-octave parlor organ, of rich and powerful tone, fully warranted for 3 years. Apply at Fischer's music store, No 229 Summit st. 8sep3p

HORSES FOR SALE—Ten good work horses for sale at West Bancroft st in rear of fair grounds. J R Gibbs. 7sep6p

FOR SALE—Piano—A first-class upright piano, as good as new; must be sold at once, cheap. 612 Madison st. 5sep3

FOR SALE—Full-blooded Greyhound puppies, 5 weeks old. Inquire at 392 Illinois st. 4sep6p

FOR SALE—Cheap, a fine bay pony, kind and gentle and not afraid of anything; just the thing for a lady to drive. Also buggy and harness; a bargain; owner leaving city. Inquire 442 Tacumseh st. 4sep6p

FOR SALE—A great investment if sold this month—We will sell 100 feet on Monroe st for $85 per foot, giving the choice of either the corner of Ash or 11th st; this is a great bargain. Geo E Pomeroy & Son. 3sep6

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Thirty acres of beautiful garden land, on the stone road from North Toledo to Kramer's, less than one mile from city line; we would trade this for a piece of good city property. Geo E Pomeroy & Son. 3sep6

ENGINE—For sale, engine, 40-horse power engine with 8 foot fly wheel, in good running order, cheap. Call or address Goulet & Co, 50 St Clair st, Toledo, O. 3sep1m

HORSE—For sale, a good draft horse, cheap. Inquire at Goulet & Co's, 50 St Clair st. 3sep6

SPLENDID FARM—For sale, close to Sherburn, containing 80 acres; price $60 per acre, or one nearly adjoining containing 86 acres, price $30 per acre. For particulars address G S Downes, Sheiburn, Sullivan Co, Ind. No agents. 2sep1sp

DESKS—For sale, two sitting desks, 80 yards Brussels carpet, nearly new. 414 Adams st. 1sep-tf

FOR SALE—A good drug store in Toledo, O, will invoice $2,200; will sell for $2,000 cash. Address D 3, Bee office. 2sep6p

MEAT MARKET—For sale, first-class meat market, with all conveniences; good business location. For full particulars call on Mrs Wm Schulze, 1417 Cherry st. 1sep1p

WANTED—$7,500 for a beautiful corner lot on Broadway, 130x117; desirable property for investment. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,900 for a Cherry st lot, suitable for business or residence, well located, 40x130. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$600 for beautiful residence lot on Bartlett st near Wells, 3 x 147 location first class. Let us show you the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$12,500 for Madison st corner, 100x100, suitable for flats or private residence. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$60 for lot on Monroe st near Bancroft st, well located, lot 40 feet front. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,000 for beautiful lot on Central ave, nicely situated, street cars convenient. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$600 for Webster st lot, 30 feet frontage, good depth, stone sidewalks, nice shade, neighborhood and location first-class. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$2,500 for lot on Monroe st, 25 ft frontage, good business location, half mile from post-office. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,250 for first-class residence lot on Batavia st near Fulton st, if you want good location let us show you this lot. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,800 for lot 21x120, on Erie st near Washington st, good lot in good business location. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,000 for a Maplewood lot, well located, convenient to street cars, 50 feet frontage and good depth. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,800 for one of the finest vacant lots on Glenwood ave, 50x 30, everything in good condition. For particulars see Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,000 for lot on Virginia st, 47 ft frontage and good depth, neighborhood excellent, lot well located. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$45 for a good lot on Orchard st, 30x142, additional frontage to suit, if desired, at reasonable prices. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,100 for lot on Bartlett st near Collingwood ave, 38x138, very desirable location, neighborhood good. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$450 for good lot on Hicks st, well located, street cars convenient, lot 30 feet front, more frontage on like terms if desired. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$900 for good 30 foot lot on Bancroft st near Locust st, nicely graded, street paved, street cars past the property. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$600 for lot on residence portion of Broadway near water works, 30 feet frontage, everything in good condition, beautiful surroundings. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$1,300 for property on Bancroft st near Fulton st, lot 47x125; two lines of street cars convenient, stores and good schools near. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$800 for lot on Illinois st near 15th st, 30 feet frontage, good depth. See us for particulars. Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$250 for good lot at Air Line Junction, a very short distance from railroad station and close to street cars. If you want good property here, see Irving B Hiett & Co.

WANTED—$500 for 3-foot lot on South st near Sumner st; additional frontage at reasonable price if desired; lots are all high and dry, and in good location. Irving B Hiett & Co.

FARM—For sale, of 244 acres, nicely located in ohio, with good house, two barns, three wells, two orchards, one living spring. This property has also upon it timber found enough for family to live in, with two barns; has a sugar bush of 1,000 maple trees, and considerable beech, maple and elm timber. To a purchaser I can give a better deal than can be found anywhere in the county. Would not object to taking a moderate priced house and lot well located in this city as part payment. For particulars and price address George B St John, 2925 Warren st, Toledo Ohio. 31aug1mp

FARM—For sale a farm of 100 acres, half mile south of Gibsonburg, O. This land is in the center of the natural gas and oil basin of this region. Unsurpassed location for stone quarries and sites for lime kilns, also on the railroad track; 80 acres of the tract the best quality of farming land. Also oil and timber lands in Jackson township, Seneca county, Ohio. Address Dr. S B Taylor, or Della Taylor, Fremont, O. 8aug1m

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $850 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jyif

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Walbridge ave, $1,500; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 7½ ft on Collingwood, near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $30; house and lot on Lee st, 3d ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange 28aug1f

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Dog, young English Mastiff; answers to the name of Sun. Finder please return to L K, 555 Nebraska ave. 8sep2p

PURSE—Lost, saturday afternoon on Broadway, Newton or Erie, a purse containing money. Finder please return to 28 Summit st and receive reward. 8sep2p

LOST—Gold breast-pin, on Collingwood ave between Wisconsin and Lafayette sts. Finder will please return to Bee and receive reward. 8sep2p

BICYCLE—Stolen Friday evening, from saloon, 930 Ontario st corner Lagrange, a No 1 Victor bicycle, Gendron diamond frame No 7. Any one who can give any information please call at police station or Mr. Harriett, 1020 Erie st. A handsome reward will be given. 8sep6p

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY—To loan on real estate in large or small amounts at low rate of interest. T. S. Merrell, 312 Madison st. 17Aug1yr

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc, without removal; partial payments received; reduction; cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16maytf

FOR SALE OR RENT.

FOR SALE OR RENT—At a bargain, a beautiful modern home; 150 feet front, corner to barn, gas, water, etc, etc. Central ave, near Collingwood. Sam Y Fisk, 311 Madison st. 17aug1m

FOR EXCHANGE.

GRIST MILL IN ILLINOIS—Roller process; capacity 25 barrels per day; price, $7,000. Box 34, Tefft, Ind. 9sep6p

DIED.

LUTZ—At 237 Lindsay st on the 7th, at 5 a. m, Miss Emma Lutz, aged 20 years and 5 days.

Funeral from St Peter's church Wednesday at 9 a m. Friends invited. p

CITY NEWS.

Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Huron County's fair is in progress this week.

Ohio State fair follows the Toledo exposition.

The Red Men are in session at Cleveland this week.

Huron street, below Cherry, is receiving a cleaning to-day.

Toledo Canoe club meets on Friday evening of this week.

Reunion of the Fourteenth Ohio at McClure on the 17th inst.

The Germans had a pleasant picnic at Metropolitan park yesterday.

Work has commenced for the new Walbridge building on Huron street.

Toledo's many interests were pretty well represented in yesterday's parade.

Toledo Laundry Co., 332 Summit street.

Meters for the measurement of natural gas are being put in at a lively rate this weather.

Toledo's exposition is in full blast; all the departments are full and ready for inspection.

Ohio Brigade K. P. uniform officials meet in State conclave at Columbus next week.

Republicans of this judicial district meet to-morrow at Fremont to name a candidate for judge.

Meet your friends at the train or boat with a Carriage from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

A reception is to be tendered Rev. D. M. Fisk at the First Congregational church to-morrow evening.

Maurice Hull, on a charge of vagrancy, was fined $10 and costs and sentenced to the stone yard for 30 days.

Bellows, the Sylvania treasurer, is still missing. It is believed at his home that he is still in the land of the living.

A team of patient oxen, hitched to a farmer's light wagon attracted considerable attention on the streets to-day.

The Ohio Yacht club will meet Friday evening in regular session. The entertainment committee is to make report.

Democratic county committee meets Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, at Secretary Vanfleet's office, in the produce exchange.

The new hall of the Air Line Junction K. P.'s will be dedicated to-morrow afternoon, and in the evening a ball and banquet will be given.

The members of the finance committee of the grand lodge, K. of P., concluded their labors last night about midnight and returned to their homes.

The cases against Fred Yahm, for abusing his family, and James Henry for petit larceny, were continued in police court this morning until to-morrow.

The Junior Y's are holding their regular meeting at the First Congregational church this afternoon. This is the first meeting after the summer vacation.

Justice Austin continued several cases in his court this morning, and gave judgment to the Wire Buckle company of Philadelphia against Van Noorden Bros. on an account.

The Robisons have made application to City Engineer Wickenden for permission to lay additional switches on the Huron street line. Permission will be granted for some of them.

In Justice Parker's court: Paul Raymond against A. E Sneble, judgment for plaintiff, $68 80; J. F. Stockman against August Trane, restitution of property, judgment for plaintiff.

Collars 2 cents, cuffs 4 cents, shirts 10 cents at Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 438.

Ex-President Hayes writes ex-Mayor Hamilton that he will be present at the meeting of the Maumee Valley Monumental association which is to meet at Put-in-Bay September 10.

In Justice Merrill's court: Buhtz against Chalat, judgment for plaintiff, $14 05; Buhtz against Larey, judgment for plaintiff, $52 64; Forbes against Kollins, settled; Millard against Blair, settled.

Miss Mary B. Hollister will resume her piano classes September 14. Room 20 Huron block.

The explosion of a canon fire cracker this morning at the foot of Superior street caused considerable excitement. A large crowd ran down the street expecting to find some one murdered. The police were on hand, but could not find who fired the cracker.

Detectives Nichter and Carew, arrested Fred Benedict, of Hoag street, for stealing Harry Harriett's bicycle, and he is being held at the police station on a charge of grand larceny and will have his hearing to-morrow.

Building permits: L. Frohlich, Price street, $400; Fred C. Fay, four houses, corner Erie and Ash streets, one at $1,500 and three at $1,000; Charles Burand, addition, Tecumseh street, $350; John Burand, Blum street, $500.

Ask for Seyfang's New Process Bread.

Detective Carew has been sent to Cincinnati to bring to this city John P. Haskall, who is wanted here for obtaining under false pretenses $125 from H. D. Wood. Haskall was arrested in Cincinnati while attempting to procure shoes in the same way.

The following deaths were reported at the health office since yesterday noon: Kugler, infant; Joseph Deer, aged 45 years; Joseph Murphy, aged 20 years; Theodore Williams, aged five months; Charles Cherry aged, nine months.

Mrs. E. A Edwards, superintendent, writes the following notice: The Lucas County Narcotic committee held their quarterly meeting with Mrs. Kumpe at Maumee Wednesday. Take Wabash railroad at Union depot at 10:20, a. m. All interested in juvenile work are invited.

F. M. Osterman was arraigned in the police court this morning charged with having violated the sidewalk ordinance. Osterman is a card writer who has had a stand on Summit street for a few days, and was moved to Adams street on account of the crowd that gathered about his stand. He was discharged.

The Crescent Livery Co Phone 899.

James Murphy and James McCarthy were arraigned in police court this morning on a charge of grand larceny, having assaulted and robbed Patrick Lee of $18 on last Saturday. Both waived examination and were bound over to the court of common pleas in the sum of $500 each. Patrick Lee was held as witness in the sum of $100.

Bright eyes, healthy complexion and a vigorous system result from using Angostura Bitters. Sole manufacturers, Dr. J. G. B. Siebert & Sons, M'f'rs. At druggists.

Considerable time was taken up in police court this morning disposing of the Sunday liquor law cases and assigning dates for their trials. Joseph Staub, jury demanded and case continued to the 11th; Peter Dunn, jury demanded and case continued to the 15th; Albert Just, jury demanded and case continued to the 16th. The rest of the cases were continued, but a date was not fixed.

Frank Malden and Robert Bernor were charged in police court this morning with having created a disturbance at Bellevue Park last evening. Madden had cut Bernor several times with a beer glass, in a row over two girls. The charge was changed to that of assault and battery and Madden was fined $25 and costs, and sentenced to the workhouse for 10 days. Bernor was discharged.

SUGAR IS DOWN.

The best of sugar at the lowest prices, now enables every family to preserve summer fruits for winter use, at small expense. Ayer's Preserve Book, just issued, contains the latest and best receipts for canning, preserving, making jellies, catsups, pickles, etc. Ask your druggist for a copy, or send a 2 cent stamp to J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

We are headquarters for black goods. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

NEW ARRIVALS | Dress Fabrics, Silks, Passamentries, Cloak Wraps, LASALLE & KOCH.

Underwear for everybody at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

CINCINNATI EXCURSIONS

Via C., H. & D., at one cent per mile on September 11, 12 and 13. The rates will apply from all points on the C., H. & D. R. R. on September 11 and 12, and tickets will be good returning September 13, the occasion for this cheap rate being the dedication of the Odd Fellows' hall, which, when completed, will be one of the finest buildings in the state. Pain's great spectacle, "The Last Last Days of Pompeii," given under the auspices of the Order of Cincinnatus, the Latonia Jockey club races and the Zoo concerts are among the other attractions Cincinnati offers at this time. Ask your agent for further information and rates or address E. O. McCormick, Gen. P. & T. agent, Cincinnati.

A grand assortment of new fall millinery. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

CARPETS, CURTAINS, DRAPERIES | The department full to overflowing with all the newest designs. LASALLE & KOCH.

TO PETOSKEY, TRAVERSE CITY, BENZONIA, CRYSTAL LAKE AND RETURN FOR $5.00.

Thursday, Sept. 10, the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railway will run its annual excursion to the above points. Train will leave Toledo at 6 a. m. Tickets will be sold for $5 and will be good to return on any regular train until Sept. 19 inclusive.

W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A.

FRESH OYSTERS.

Ask your grocer for Maltby's oysters. Take no other. They are the best. C. S. M. and H. & M.

E. M. KEAN & CO.

All the newest and latest designs in lace curtains and draperies. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

SPORTING.

The National League.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	71	43	114	.623
Boston	63	47	110	.573
New York	58	46	104	.558
Philadelphia	58	52	110	.527
Cleveland	53	61	114	.465
Brooklyn	49	61	110	.445
Pittsburg	49	65	114	.430
Cincinnati	44	68	112	.393

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Boston	79	33	112	.705
St. Louis	71	42	113	.628
Athletics	61	50	111	.553
Baltimore	62	50	112	.553
Columbus	54	57	111	.449
Milwaukee	48	66	114	.421
Washington	39	70	109	.358
Louisville	39	76	115	.339

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
Brooklyn	Carruthers—	21	21	1
Chicago	Vickery—	3	9	10
Brooklyn	Lovett—	8	9	3
Chicago	Hutchinson—	9	8	5
New York	Rusie—	7	7	3
Cincinnati	Mullane—	8	9	3
New York	Ewing—	6	9	2
Cincinnati	Crane—	0	4	5
Philadelphia	Thornton—	3	9	5
Pittsburg	Killen—	6	7	0
Philadelphia	Keefe—	1	1	4
Pittsburg	Baldwin—	8	15	2

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E
Washington	Duke—	7	16	13
Columbus	Gastright—	16	11	5
Washington	Foreman—	3	5	3
Columbus	Lupee—	3	4	1
Baltimore	Healy—	7	11	5
Louisville	Stratton—	5	11	3
Baltimore	Madden—	9	14	3
Louisville	Meekin—	5	8	5
Athletics	Chamberlain—	5	8	1
Milwaukee	Davies—	3	7	4
Athletics	Weyhing—	1	4	2
Milwaukee	Killen—	4	7	2

Amateur.

Welsh and Hett of the Auburndales make a fine battery.

The Auburndale's challenged the Enmets for a game last Sunday, but failed to put in an appearance.

The Foxes challenge the Commercial to a game of ball Sunday, September 13, on our grounds. Answer in Wednesday's BEE.

There will be a meeting of the Auburndale base ball club Friday evening at 8:30, at Milburn hotel parlors. All members are requested to attend.

The Atlantics hereby challenge the Auburndales for Sunday, Sept. 13, on our grounds for $5 or more. If accepted answer through Wednesday night's BEE, sure. Manager Atlantics.

The Auburndales and the Starrs are going to play a series of three games for the championship of the city, the best two out of three for a purse of $50. As both teams are well matched, good games may be looked for.

The Foxes defeated the Heroes in an interesting game of ball by the following score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Foxes	0	1	0	7	4	1	1	0	1	—15
Heroes	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	—4

Hits—Foxes 20; Heroes 11. Errors—Foxes 3; Heroes 7.

Cadets Not In It.

Over 800 people witnessed an exciting game between the Auburndales and Detzer Cadets on the former's grounds Sunday. Welsh pitched a fine game for the Auburdales; Stull also pitched a good game for the Cadets. The feature of the game was the home run of Hett. Score:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H	E
Auburndales	0	4	8	0	0	1	2	2	*	17	20	4
Detzer Cadets	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	2	8	6

Earned runs—Auburndales 10. First on errors—Cadets 3. Auburndales 3. Two-base hit—Clark. Three-base hits—Heirth, Welsh and Moore. Home runs—Hett, Wenning. Sacrifice hits—Whitman, Dasbert, Moore. Base on balls—Off Welsh, Stull; off Stull, Heirth, Wenning, Hett. Hit by pitched ball—Off Welsh, Zeaman; Stull, Wenning; by Birdsall, Smith; by Stull, Clark. Double play—Geffgey, Meredith, Hett. Left on bases—Auburndales 7; Cadets 8. Stolen bases—Auburndales 10; Cadets 5. Struck out—By Welsh 7; by Stull 8; by Birdsall 1. Batteries—Welsh and Hett; Birdsall, Stull and Detzer. Time of game—2:40. Umpires—Corkens and Lienweber.

The drinking water and ice used at the Murray Hill Hotel and Plaza hotel, New York, are vaporized and frozen on the premises and certified to as to purity by Prof. Chas. F. Chandler.

SOMETHING NEW | We are showing a fine line of ladies' wool suits, just the thing for street and traveling wear. The fit is perfection. LASALLE & KOCH.

TWO BOOKS FOR TOURISTS.

"Summer Boarders for Company and a Consideration."

You are going somewhere this summer! Why not try the United States! No other line offers such facilities for reaching the health and pleasure resorts of this country as the great four-track New York Central & Hudson River R. R. It is an adage in the East that it is cheaper to travel on the New York Central than to stay at home. If you don't believe it send ten cents in postage and get "Health and Pleasure on America's Greatest Railroad," or four cents in postage and we will send "Summer Homes on the Harlem." You send the postage, we do the rest. 113 illustrations, 7 maps, 675 pleasant country places where summer boarders can find fresh air, good food, a rest in quiet time, and at the close of their vacation have money enough left to pay their fare home. 311 hotels. 137 lakes.

Don't go to Europe until you have seen Niagara Falls, The Thousand Islands, Saratoga, Lake George, Lake Champlain, The Adirondack Mountains—the marvel of the New World, a wilderness almost in sight of the metropolis of the largest city on the globe.

For either of our books which contain rates, routes, and all the information you need, address George H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

W. H. LANGE, GROCER.

There was no finer display of groceries than was seen on the float of W. H. Lange, the young and enterprising grocer of 614 Adams street. The wagon was handsomely decorated with gay colors and some of the choicest articles from his large assorted stock. He also had four mounted horsemen attending his float, which gave it a dignified appearance. The display was a credit to Mr. Lange and only in a measure reflects his business enterprise.

Descriptive Lecture on the Battle of Gettysburg hourly. Cyclorama building.

READY-MADE DRESSES | Just see what we are showing ladies for street and traveling wear. LASALLE & KOCH.

EXCURSION TO PUT-IN BAY.

Hon. Cassius M. Clay, of Kentucky, will address the Maumee Valley Monumental association at Put-in Bay, Thursday, September 10. Anniversary of the battle of Lake Erie and Perry's victory. Fare by City of Toledo, 50c for round trip, leaving at 9 a. m.

We are showing all the new effects in fall dress goods. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

AN EMINENT PHYSICIAN.

Dr. Philip H. Strausz whose business card appears elsewhere in this impression of the Bee, has just come among us from the state of Florida where he held a prominent position on the state board of medical examiners. Dr. Strausz brings with him the experience of years of successful practice, and the indorsement of a number of the leading citizens of his native state, including letters from the governor and president of the senate. Dr. Strausz is located at 48 Ontario street, Norris Flats.

Fall jackets in all various cloths and styles. See our prices. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

If you want to get a pure article of Liquor or Wine for family or medical use and save money besides, call at J. STEINEM & BRO'S., 424 Summit street.

GRAND saloon opening at No. 2127 Canton avenue, near Cherry street, on Thursday, September 10. Free Lunch all day. Good music and dancing in the evening. Come one, come all, and have a good time. PETER MILLER, Prop.

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WEDDING INVITATIONS. WEDDING Announcements. WHITING RECEPTION CARDS.

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To persons desiring excellence in engraving, paper, shape and style we solicit comparison.

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Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Spinal Diseases, Locomotor Ataxia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Blood and Skin Diseases,

And all Morbid Conditions peculiar to Either Sex,

Arising from debility of the nervous system, produced from whatever cause. No matter what ails you, call and procure a diagnosis of your case FREE OF CHARGE, or communicate a description of your case by letter. Advice in all cases will be strictly honest and based on knowledge and experience. Diagnosis and medicine must be procured at the hands of the medical director.

No charge for consultation and examination.

Persons living at a distance can be treated at home. Electric appliances and medicines furnished. Write or call for Question Blanks and Health Journal.

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Office hour—8 a m to 8 p m. Sundays from 9 to 1 p m.

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Proposals for Fire Hose.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Board of Fire Commissioners of the City of Toledo, Ohio, until SEPTEMBER 16, 1891.

For furnishing the said city four thousand (4,000) feet or woven cotton rubber-lined hose, 2½ inches internal diameter, the same to be double-lined seamless tube, smooth bore, fitted with expansion ring couplings complete, said bids to be accompanied with a written guarantee that the hose will withstand a water pressure of four hundred (400) pounds to the square inch.

Bids must be addressed to the secretary board of fire commissioners, Toledo.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids or to accept only those which it shall be deemed for the best interest of the city.

By order board fire commissioners.

C. F. WALL, Secy.

Sept 8, 1891. sept8to16

BUSINESS IS BUSINESS!

Our business is to furnish dwellings, hotels and offices.

We are prepared to transact this business to the ent